

Comprehensive School Safety Plan

2025-2026 School Year

School: Santa Rosa French-American Charter School (SRFACS)
CDS Code: 49 709120125831
District: Santa Rosa French-American Charter School
Address: 1350 Sonoma Avenue
Santa Rosa, CA 95405

Date of Adoption:

Date of Update:

Date of Review:

- with Staff
- with Law Enforcement
- with Fire Authority

Approved by:

Name	Title	Signature	Date
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Comprehensive School Safety Plan Purpose

Effective January 1, 2019, Assembly Bill 1747 (Rodriguez), School Safety Plans, became law. This bill requires that during the writing and development of the comprehensive school safety plan (CSSP), the school site council or safety committee consult with a fire department and other first responder entities in addition to currently required entities. It requires the CSSP and any updates made to the plan to be shared with the law enforcement agency, the fire department, and the other first responder entities.

The California Education Code (sections 32280-32288) outlines the requirements of all schools operating any kindergarten and any grades 1 to 12, inclusive, to write and develop a school safety plan relevant to the needs and resources of that particular school.

In 2004, the Legislature and Governor recast and renumbered the Comprehensive School Safety Plan provisions in SB 719 and AB 115. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the provisions to support California public schools as they develop their mandated comprehensive safety plans that are the result of a systematic planning process, that include strategies aimed at the prevention of, and education about, potential incidents involving crime and violence on school campuses.

The historical requirement of the Comprehensive School Safety Plan was presented in Senate Bill 187, which was approved by the Governor and chaptered in 1997. This legislation contained a sunset clause that stated that this legislation would remain in effect only until January 1, 2000. Senate Bill 334 was approved and chaptered in 1999 and perpetuated this legislation under the requirement of the initial legislation.

Comprehensive School Safety Plans are required under SB 719 & AB 115 and contains the following elements:

Assessment of school crime committed on school campuses and at school-related functions

- Child abuse reporting procedures
- Disaster procedures
- Suspension and expulsion policies
- Procedures to notify teachers of dangerous pupils
- Discrimination and harassment policies
- School wide dress code policies
- Procedures for safe ingress and egress
- Policies enacted to maintain a safe and orderly environment
- Rules and procedures on school discipline
- Hate crime reporting procedures

The Comprehensive School Safety Plan will be reviewed and updated by March 1st every year. In July of every year, the school will report on the status of its school safety plan including a description of its key elements in the annual school accountability report card.

A copy of the Comprehensive School Safety Plan is available for review at SRCS District office: 110 Stony Point Road, Ste. 210, Santa Rosa CA 95401.

Safety Plan Vision

At the Santa Rosa French-American Charter School (SRFACS), our mission is to provide a strong academic curriculum primarily in French and secondarily in English, in a safe, supportive environment that is conducive to learning as well as mental and physical health. SRFACS staff, parents and community members work together to foster open-minded global citizens through organization, discipline and responsibility in a cross-cultural, multilingual educational setting.

Components of the Comprehensive School Safety Plan (EC 32281)

Santa Rosa French-American Charter School (SRFACS) Safety Committee

The SRFACS Safety Team and School Advisory Board (SAB) annually reviews the Comprehensive School Safety Plan as updated by the school principal. The plan is presented to the Safety Team, Staff and SAB for review. The presentation and review by SAB is at an open, public meeting. The SAB announces the meeting by proper notice to all community stakeholders including parents and staff. The School Safety Plan is approved by the Safety Committee and SAB each year prior to submission of the plan to the Board of Education.

Updated safety information and guidelines can be found in our district's website: <https://www.srcschools.org/Page/4485>.

Creating a Comprehensive District Risk Assessment Team (DRAT) Plan:

Ensuring the safety of our schools involves multiple components, including physical security, emergency management, psychosocial intervention, and violence prevention efforts in the form of a risk assessment process. This process begins with establishing a comprehensive, targeted violence prevention plan. The plan includes forming a multidisciplinary risk assessment team, establishing central reporting mechanisms, identifying risk factors, antecedents and behaviors of concern, defining the threshold for law enforcement intervention, identifying risk management strategies, promoting safe school climates, and providing training to stakeholders. It can also help schools mitigate threats from a variety of individuals, including students, employees, parents or themselves.

A fully integrated protocol, integrating Suicide Prevention with Risk Assessment can be found at this link:

SRCS District Risk Assessment Protocol or https://docs.google.com/document/d/1xsJWcdZ6_SI_kE4PKSFHzn_i4u1ntuxijZ5R3-9rLZI/edit?usp=sharing

Assessment of School Safety

See Safe School Environment Components 1, 2, 3

Strategies and Programs to Provide and Maintain a High Level of Safety (EC 32281(a)1, items A-J)

Under California Education Code (EC) 32281, a comprehensive school safety plan (CSSP) must be developed and maintained by each school. The plan should address safety concerns for students and staff and include the following key components:

1. Assessment of School Safety
2. Child Abuse Reporting Procedures
3. Disaster and Emergency Response Plans
4. Policies to Address Student Safety
5. Rules and Procedures on School Discipline
6. Schoolwide Dress Code (if applicable)
7. Safe Ingress and Egress Procedures
8. Role of Law Enforcement and Mental Health Professionals
9. School Suspension and Expulsion Policies
10. Hate Crime Reporting Procedures
11. Plan Approval and Updates

Promoting School Safety

In focusing on improving school safety, the awareness for additional support and collaborative partnerships has become apparent. A few areas where the district and community have provided invaluable resources are in the following ways.

Support Staff at the Schools:

Counselors -

Psychologists -

Support Staff at the District Level :

Behavior Therapists - assigned to sites to meet the needs of the students
Suicide Prevention Therapist - available when the need is present
Director of Mental Health - to train & facilitate/manage the district's resources

District and Community Safety Teams who meet on a regular basis:

District Behavior Threat Assessment Team (meets as needed to review students needing extra supports) - More detailed below
Safety Advisory Round Table (SART) meets monthly
Safe Routes to Schools (SRTS) meets monthly
The Santa Rosa Partnership Policy & Operations meet monthly
Santa Rosa Public Safety Working Meeting meets quarterly

District Behavior Threat Assessment Team

Ensuring the safety of our schools involves multiple components, including physical security, emergency management, psychosocial intervention, and violence prevention efforts in the form of a risk assessment process. This process begins with establishing a comprehensive targeted violence prevention plan. The plan includes forming a multidisciplinary risk assessment team, establishing central reporting mechanisms, identifying risk factors, antecedents and behaviors of concern, defining the threshold for law enforcement intervention, identifying risk management strategies, promoting safe school climates, and providing training to stakeholders. It can also help schools mitigate threats from a variety of individuals, including students, employees, parents or themselves. The team is available to meet on an as needed basis.

In partnership with the Sonoma County Office of Education, a protocol has been developed with a series of forms for conducting a Level 1 Assessment Team meeting. A Threat Assessment Flow Chart is included to visually guide the process. Furthermore, the guidelines and all the forms can be found in the Administrators/Co-Administrators Drive Safety folder. The process consists of completing and collecting interview forms, a Level 1 protocol form is filled, the team makes recommendations, the case is tracked and then is managed by the school administrator. In addition, the completed documents are sealed in the student's cumulative folder. In order to provide proper support, additional training will be provided by both SCOE's Safety Culture Department Team and SRCS Wellness & Engagement department.

SRCS Threat Assessment Flow Chart (CSSP) included as an attachment

Suicide Prevention with Risk Assessment Team and Staff

A fully integrated protocol, integrating this can be found at this link:

SRCS District Risk Assessment Protocol or https://docs.google.com/document/d/1xsJWcdZ6_Sl_kE4PKSFHzn_i4u1ntuxijZ5R3-9rLZl/edit?usp=sharing

SB10 - Melanie's Law

Ongoing training in preventing and treating student opioid overdose (Narcan training)

Annual Safety Notifications

Firearm storage SB 906

As of 7/1/23, an annual notification that informs parents or guardians of California's child access prevention laws and laws relating to the safe storage of firearms is sent.

Safe Firearm Storage Annual Notification

Parents and legal guardians in the Santa Rosa City School District have responsibilities for keeping firearms out of the hands of children as required by California law. There have been many news reports of children bringing firearms to school. In many instances, the child obtained the firearm(s) from his or her home. These incidents can be easily prevented by storing firearms in a safe and secure manner, including keeping them locked up when not in use and storing them separately from ammunition. To help everyone understand their legal responsibilities, this memorandum spells out California law regarding the storage of firearms. Please take some time to review this memorandum and evaluate your own personal practices to assure that you and your family are in compliance with California law.

With very limited exceptions, California makes a person criminally liable for keeping any firearm, loaded or unloaded, within any premises that are under their custody and control where that person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian, and the child obtains access to the firearm and thereby (1) causes death or injury to the child or any other person; (2) carries the firearm off the premises or to a public place, including to any preschool or school grades transition kindergarten through twelfth grade, or to any school-sponsored event,

activity, or performance; or (3) unlawfully brandishes the firearm to others.¹

Note: The criminal penalty may be significantly greater if someone dies or suffers great bodily injury as a result of the child gaining access to the firearm.

With very limited exceptions, California also makes it a crime for a person to negligently store or leave any firearm, loaded or unloaded, on their premises in a location where the person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to it without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian unless reasonable action is taken to secure the firearm against access by the child, even where a minor never actually accesses the firearm.²

In addition to potential fines and terms of imprisonment, as of January 1, 2020, a gun owner found criminally liable under these California laws faces prohibitions from possessing, controlling, owning, receiving, or purchasing a firearm for 10 years.³

Finally, a parent or guardian may also be civilly liable for damages resulting from the discharge of a firearm by that person's child or ward.⁴

Thank you for helping to keep our children and schools safe. Remember that the easiest and safest way to comply with the law is to keep firearms in a locked container or secured with a locking device that renders the firearm inoperable.

¹ See California Penal Code sections 25100 through 25125 and 25200 through 25220.2

² See California Penal Code section 25100(c).3

³ See California Civil Code Section 29805.

⁴ See California Civil Code Section 1714.3.

(A) Child Abuse Reporting Procedures (EC 35294.2 [a] [2]; PC 11166)

All school staff actively monitor the safety and welfare of all students. Staff understands its responsibility as child care custodians and immediately report all cases of known and suspected child abuse.

To assure that school staff have adequate training and information, all staff must sign a statement certifying that they have read and know child abuse reporting procedures. School administrators, teachers, classroom assistants, and other classified school employees participate in periodic training and yearly overview of procedures in child abuse identification. As mandated reporters, school employees are obligated to report all known or suspected incidents of child abuse or neglect.

Staff members are required to report all suspected child abuse situations. Failure to make a telephone report with 24 hours is a misdemeanor. A written report must follow within three (3) days unless advised otherwise. All calls to either Child Protective Services (CPS) or the police must be documented.

Although staff members are responsible for making the report, they may consult with the principal but are not required to do so.

(B) Disaster Procedures (EC 35295-35297; GC 8607 and 3100)

Disaster Plan (See Appendix C-F)

Santa Rosa City Schools has adopted the Essential 5 Emergency Response System.

OBJECTIVES

This plan has the following objectives in an emergency:

1. To provide for effective action to minimize injuries and the loss of life among students and school personnel in case of an emergency during school hours.
2. To provide for the maximum utilization of school personnel and facilities to care for victims in an emergency.
3. To provide for the safety and well being of students and staff remaining at the school site following an emergency until released.
4. To provide for the safe and orderly release of students and staff as conditions permit.

PUPIL PROTECTION POLICY

The policy of the Board of Education for pupil protection is as follows:

1. The safety and security of students and school staff are of paramount importance. All actions taken shall bear in mind the safety and well being of both students and district employees.
2. Under no circumstances shall any child be released from the custody of school personnel unless and until such can be done with safety.

3. Any adult calling for a pupil at a school site will be required to identify himself/herself to an assigned staff member, be identified on the student's emergency card as an adult approved by the parent/guardian before being permitted to take a pupil from the school premises.
4. All visitors to the campus, including regular volunteers, must check into the office, and wear a visitor or volunteer badge. All volunteers must also sign-in on our volunteer log. Visitors from SCOE and related agencies must sign in and they also wear SCOE or other agency badges.
5. Student discipline and a positive school climate are important contributors to a safe and secure environment. All students are held accountable for their behavior and are aware of safety and security procedures (please see student discipline). All staff upholds the student discipline policy.
6. AB 2855 states "Each teacher will ascertain which students have disabilities which could cause these students to experience difficulties complying with emergency procedures. A plan for each student will be developed to ensure their safety."

Public Agency Use of School Buildings for Emergency Shelters

BUILDING UTILIZATION

Communications and Control: Administrative Office

Media Center: Staff Room

First Aid: Rooms 17 and 18 (they have adjoining doors and a restroom)

Food Distribution: Multipurpose Room/Cafeteria

Holding Area for Casualties: Library

Morgue: Bungalow A

Student Release: The gates on either side of classrooms 17 & 18 for grades 1-6, and the TK gate for TK and Kindergarten classes.

Parent/Community Liaison: Principal/SRFACS Foundation President

Utility Shut Off Locations:

- Water: Main Valve located at front of school at the corner of walkway and sidewalk – green lid.
- Natural Gas: Main Valve access located outside on the west side of main building across from bungalow A, between the conference room and staff bathroom, outside of the boiler room. The wrench for shutting off the main valve is in the boiler room. The valve is coded red where it is to be shut off.
- Electricity Panels: Main shut off is in the main hallway just before the girl's bathroom.

Adaptations for Students with Disabilities

Per Senate Bill 323, Students with Disabilities should have adaptations to the safety plan to meet their needs.

Emergency Evacuation Procedures:

- Schools must outline how students with mobility impairments, sensory disabilities, or cognitive challenges will safely evacuate.
- Assign staff responsibilities for assisting students with disabilities.
- Ensure that accessible evacuation routes are clearly identified.

Individualized Emergency Plans:

- Schools should integrate emergency plans into students' Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) or Section 504 Plans.
- These plans should address communication needs, medical needs, and behavioral supports during an emergency.

Training for Staff and First Responders

- Staff must be trained on how to assist students with disabilities during drills and emergencies.
- Schools should coordinate with local emergency responders to ensure they understand students' unique needs.

Behavioral and Sensory Considerations:

- Plans must account for students with autism or sensory processing disorders, who may respond differently to alarms or emergency instructions.
- Quiet areas or alternative evacuation procedures should be included when needed.

Shelter-in-Place & Lockdown Plans:

- Schools must ensure that safe areas are accessible for students with disabilities.
- Plans should address how to communicate with non-verbal students during a lockdown.

Compliance with Federal & State Laws:

- Must align with ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act.
- Schools should collaborate with families to ensure individualized safety needs are met.

Emergency Facility Use & Procedures

In an emergency event where a shelter is needed, the following link can assist with the use of SRCS Online Facility Use Permits:

<https://srcs.civicpermits.com/Account/Login>

This procedure can be used to allow a public agency, including the American Red Cross, to use school buildings, grounds, and equipment for mass care and welfare shelters during an emergency. The district office is notified and an agreement is signed between both parties to formalize the usage.

(C) School Suspension, Expulsion and Mandatory Expulsion Guidelines

SRFACS adheres to a multi-tiered system of support that strives to implement appropriate strategies and programs to provide or maintain a high level of school safety and addresses procedures for complying with existing school safety laws. Crime and related activities are reported to law enforcement. The school has a very good school climate with a below-average suspension rate in the district.

(BP 5144.1 – See policies on the SRCS website)

A student may be suspended for any of the acts listed in Education Code if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring within a school under the jurisdiction of the Superintendent or the principal or occurring within any other school district(s).

A student may be suspended or expelled for acts that are related to school activity or attendance that occur at any time including, but not limited to, the following circumstances:

- (1) While on school grounds.
- (2) While going to or coming from school.
- (3) During the lunch period whether on or off the school campus.
- (4) During or going to or coming from a school-sponsored school-related activity.

A student may be suspended if the Superintendent or the principal of the school in which the student is enrolled determines that the student has:

- (1) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person; or willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense. (Education Code 48900 (a))
- (2) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished any firearm, knife, explosive, or other dangerous objects unless, in the case of possession of any object of this type, the student had obtained written permission from a certificated school employee, which is concurred in by the principal or the principal's designee. (Education Code 48900(b))
- (3) Unlawfully possessed, used, said, or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, any controlled substance listed in

Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code, an alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind. (Education Code 48900(c))

(4) Unlawfully offered or arranged or negotiated to sell any controlled substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code, an alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind; and then either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to any person another liquid substance, or material and represented the liquid, substance, or material as a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant. (Education Code 48900(d))

(5) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion. (Education Code 48900(e))

(6) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property. (Education Code 48900 (f))

(7) Stolen or attempted to steal school property or private property. (Education Code 48900 (g))

(8) Possessed or used tobacco, or any products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets, and betel. However, this does not prohibit use or possession by a student of his/her own prescription products. (Education Code 48900 (h))

(9) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity. (Education Code 48900 (i))

(10) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell any drug paraphernalia, as defined in Section 11014.5 of the Health and Safety Code. (Education Code 48900 (j))

(11) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. (Education Code 48900 (k))

(12) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property. (Education Code 48900 (l))

(13) Possessed an imitation firearm. As used in this section, "imitation firearm" means a replica of a firearm that is as substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm. (Education Code 48900 (m))

(14) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault as defined in Section 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289 of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Section 243.4 of the Penal Code. (Education Code 48900 (n))

(15) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a student who is a complaining witness or witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of either preventing that student from being a witness or retaliating against that student for being a witness, or both. Education Code 48900 (o)

(16) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma. (Education Code 48900 (p))

(17) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in hazing as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 245.6 of the Penal Code (Education Code 48900 (q))

(18) Engaged in an act of bullying, including, but not limited to, bullying committed by means of an electronic act, directed specifically toward a pupil or school personnel. (Education Code 48900 (r))

(19) Used any electronic signaling device, including, but not limited to, paging and signaling equipment while on campus, while attending any school-sponsored activity, or while under the supervision and control of any district employee, except for a high school student, who may use the above mentioned devices during break or lunch and except when a student at any grade level has the prior consent of the principal or the principal's designee. The use of cell phones or other electronic devices whether for the purpose of voice or text communication or other purposes, i.e. photo-taking, shall be considered disruptive if done during class time or during other school events and in other designated school settings. (Education Code 48901.5)

(20) Committed sexual harassment as defined in Education Code 212.5. This conduct must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This subsection shall not apply to students enrolled in kindergarten and grades 1 to 3, inclusive. (Education Code 48900.2)

(21) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of hate violence as defined in subdivision (e) of Education Code 233. This subsection applies to students enrolled in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive. (Education Code 48900.3)

(22) Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against a student or group of students, that is sufficiently severe or pervasive to have the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder, and invading the rights of that student or group of students by creating an intimidating or hostile education environment. This sub-section applies to students enrolled in any of the grades 4 to 12, inclusive. (Education Code 48900.4)

(23) Making terrorist threats, as defined, against school officials or school property, or both. (Education Code 48900.7)

1. "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a student or group of students, directed toward one or more students that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:

a. Placing a student or students in fear of harm to that student's or those students' person or property.

b. Causing a student to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.

c. Causing a student to experience substantial interference with his or her academic performance.

d. Causing a student to experience substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services,

activities, or privileges provided by a school.

2. "Electronic Act" means the transmission using an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone, or other wireless communication devices, computer, or pager, of communication including but not limited to any of the following:

a. a message, text, sound, or image.

b. a post on a social network Internet Web site including, but not limited to:

I. Posting to or creating a burn page. "Burn page" means an Internet Web site created to have one or more of the effects listed in paragraph 1 above.

II. Creating a credible impersonation of another actual student to have one or more of the effects listed in paragraph 1 above.

"Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonates a student for bullying that student and such that another student would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the student was or is the student who was impersonated.

III. Creating a false profile to have one or more of the effects listed in paragraph 1 above. "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious student or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual student other than the student who created a false profile.

A pupil who severely or pervasively engages in such electronic acts may be given a consequence of such an act causes a student to fear harm to his or her person or property causes substantial harm to a student's physical or mental health, causes substantial interference with a student's ability to participate in or benefit from school services, activities, or privileges. An electronic act does not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet. A pupil who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, pursuant to this section, except that a pupil who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (a).

Restorative Justice Program: This program provides an opportunity for students doing wrong to make it right. We have implemented a Restorative process for our students to help them understand how their actions impact the lives of others. We are moving away from a punitive to a restorative process for discipline. This is support by our Restorative Justice staff.

Additional Grounds for Suspension or Expulsion

* Ed Code 48900.2

Committed sexual harassment as defined in Section 212.5. The sexual harassment must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This section shall not apply to students enrolled in kindergarten and grades 1-3, inclusive.

* Ed Code 48900.3

Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233. This section shall not apply to students enrolled in kindergarten and grades 1-3, inclusive.

* Ed Code 48900.4

Intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or students, that is sufficiently severe or pervasive to have the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting class work, creating substantial disorder, and invading the rights of school district personnel or students by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment. This section shall not apply to students enrolled in kindergarten and grades 1-3, inclusive.

*Ed Code 48900.7

Made terrorist threats against school officials or school property, or both. "Terrorist threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of \$1,000, with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face, and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate and specific, as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose, and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for his or her own safety or for his or her immediate family's safety,

Suspension by Teacher (Education Code 48910)

(A.) A teacher may suspend any student from his/her class, for any of the acts enumerated in Education Code 48900 for the day of the suspension and the day following.

(B.) The teacher shall immediately report the suspension to the principal of the school and send the student to the principal or

designee for appropriate action.

(C.) As soon as possible, the teacher shall telephone or write to the parent/guardian of the student asking him/her to attend a parent/teacher conference regarding the suspension. Whenever practicable, a school counselor or a school psychologist shall attend the conference. A school administrator shall attend the conference if the teacher or the parent/guardian so requests.

(D.) The student shall not be returned to the class from which he/she was suspended, during the period of the suspension, without the concurrence of the teacher and the principal.

(E.) A student suspended from a class shall not be placed in another regular class during the period of suspension. However, if the student is assigned to more than one class per day, this paragraph shall apply only to other regular classes scheduled at the same time as the class from which the student was suspended.

(F.) A teacher may also refer a student, for any of the acts enumerated in Education Codes 48900, 48900.2, 48900.3, 48900.4, 48900.7 and 48901.5, to the principal for consideration of a suspension from the school.

(G.) A teacher may require the parent/guardian of a student suspended by the teacher for violating subsection (i) or (k) of Education Code 48900 to attend a portion of a school day in his/her child's or ward's classroom. (Education Code 48900.1)

Pre-Suspension Conference

Suspension by the principal or designee shall be preceded by an informal conference conducted by the principal or designee between the student, and whenever practicable, the teacher or employee who referred the student to the principal or designee. At the conference, the student shall be informed of the reason(s) for the disciplinary action and the evidence against him/her and shall be allowed to present his/her version of the incident and evidence in his or her defense.

Notice of Regulations

At the beginning of each school year, the principal of each school shall ensure that all students and parents/guardians are notified in writing of all school rules related to discipline, suspension, and expulsion. Transfer students and their parents/guardians shall be notified at the time of enrollment. (Education Code 35291.5)

Notification of Parent/Guardian

At the time of suspension, a school employee shall make a reasonable effort to contact the student's parent/guardian in person or by telephone. If a student is suspended from school, the parent or guardian shall be notified in writing of the suspension.

Report

The principal or designee shall report the suspension of a student, including the cause thereof, in the District student information system and providing a copy of the suspension to the parents and placing one in the cum. The principal is only allowed to enter the suspension code in the student information system (SIS).

Parent's Conference

After student returns from a suspension, a reinstatement meeting should be held with the parent/guardian. No penalties shall be imposed on a student for the failure of the student's parent/guardian to attend a conference with school officials. Reinstatement of the suspended student shall not be contingent upon attendance by the student's parent/guardian at a conference. made to have a reinstatement meeting with the parents.

Exclusion from District Property/Activities

During the period of a suspension, the student shall not enter, or come onto, any district property or grounds, and shall not attend any district or school-sponsored activities or events.

Expulsion

1. Recommendation for Expulsion (Ed Code 48900, 48915)

A principal or the superintendent shall immediately suspend, and shall recommend the expulsion of a student that he or she determines has committed any of the following acts:

1. Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm. This subdivision does not apply to an act of possessing a firearm if the student had obtained prior written permission to possess the firearm from a certificated school employee, and permission was concurred in by the principal or the principal's designee. This subdivision applies to an act of possessing a firearm only if the possession is verified by an employee of a school district. The act of possessing an imitation firearm, as defined above, is not an offense for which expulsion is mandatory, but is an offense for which expulsion may be pursued, per Section 1(c) below.

2. Brandishing a *knife at another person. (See definition of "knife" below).

3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code.
4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery, as defined in Education Code Section 48900(n).
5. Possession of an *explosive. (See definition of "explosive" below).

2. Mandatory Recommendation Unless Inappropriate (Ed Code 48915 (a))

A principal or the superintendent shall recommend a student's expulsion for any of the following acts unless the principal or superintendent finds that expulsion should not be recommended under the circumstances or that an alternative means of the correction could address the conduct:

1. Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense
2. Possession of any *knife, explosive, or other dangerous objects of no reasonable use to the student (See definition of "knife" below).
3. Unlawful possession of any controlled substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code, except for either of the following: (i) the first offense of the possession of not more than one avoirdupois ounce of marijuana, other than concentrated cannabis; (ii) the possession of over-the-counter medication for use by the student for medical purposes or medication prescribed for the student by a physician
4. Robbery or extortion.
5. Assault or battery upon any school employee, as defined in Penal Code Sections 240 and 242.

*Brandishing a knife at another person. "Knife" means any dirk, dagger, or other weapons with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing, a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing, a weapon with a blade longer than 31/2 inches, a folding knife with a blade that locks into place, or a razor with an unguarded blade. (Ed Code 48915(g).)

*As used in this section, the term "explosive" means "destructive device" as described in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

(D) Procedures to Notify Teachers of Dangerous Pupils (EC 49079)

In accordance with California Education Code 49079, A school district shall inform the teacher of each pupil who has engaged in, or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in, any of the acts described in any of the subdivisions, except subdivision (h), of Section 48900 or in Section 48900.2, 48900.3, 48900.4, or 48900.7 that the pupil engaged in, or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in, those acts. The district shall provide the information to the teacher based upon any records that the district maintains in its ordinary course of business, or receives from a law enforcement agency, regarding a pupil described in this section.

In order to maintain confidentiality when providing information about student school related offenses to counselors and teachers of classes/programs to which a student is assigned, the principal or designee shall send the staff member a written or emailed notification that one of his/her students has committed an offense that requires his/her review of a student's records in the student information system.

(E) Sexual Harassment Policies (EC 212.6 [b])

SEXUAL HARASSMENT POLICY (EC §231.5; 5 CCR §4917) Each district is required to have adopted a written policy on sexual harassment and shall provide a copy of such policy, as it pertains to students, with the annual notification. Districts are also required to display such policies in a prominent location and include it in orientation for employees and students, and provide a copy of such policies to new and continuing students. For information on Santa Rosa City Schools Sexual Harassment Policy and Nondiscrimination/Harassment Policy please see Your Rights page on the SRCS website. Also, please refer to Board Policy 5145.7 Sexual Harassment (students) and Board Policy 5145.3 Nondiscrimination/Harassment.

The Title IX coordinator/compliance officer(s) may be contacted at:

Title IX / Gender Equity / Sexual Harassment / Discrimination (All Students):

Stacy Desideri

110 Stony Point ste. 105

Santa Rosa, CA 95401

(707) 890-3800 x 80413

sdesideri@srcs.k12.ca.us

Title IX / Sexual Harassment / Discrimination (All Employees):
Vicki Zands, Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources
110 Stony Point ste. 150
Santa Rosa, CA 95401
(707) 890-3800 ext. 80605
vzands@srcs.k12.ca.us

Complaints should be filed as soon as reasonably possible after the conduct in question has arisen. All complaints shall be promptly and thoroughly investigated.

Santa Rosa City Schools Sexual Harassment policy is intended to supplement, and not replace, any applicable state and federal laws and regulations. Formal complaints under those laws and regulations shall be processed through the procedures established by applicable state and federal agencies. If questions arise concerning Santa Rosa City Schools' prohibition of sexual harassment, or any other form of unlawful discrimination, or the methods and procedures to be followed in the investigation of complaints, please contact the above referenced compliance officer(s)/Title IX coordinator(s).

(F) School-wide Dress Code Relating to Gang-Related Apparel (EC 35183)

The SRFACS guidelines for school dress are based on considerations of health, safety, good school organization and deportment. Beginning February 1st, 2014 a Common Student Dress policy was implemented after being approved by parents the previous Spring and is re-established in the charter renewal process. Safety and cleanliness are important. Items destructive to property or disruptive of a learning atmosphere are not allowed. The Parent handbook details the Common Student Dress (CSD) and other dress guidelines.

(G) Procedure for Safe Ingress and Egress of Pupils, Parents, and Staff to and from School (EC 35294.2)

Santa Rosa French-American Charter School is located on Sonoma Avenue within the city limits. Sonoma Avenue is a busy street with one-lane of traffic traveling in both directions. Because of limited parking, in front of the school there is congestion in the morning and afternoon with students being dropped off and picked up. On the east side of the campus Doyle Park Drive dead ends into Doyle Park and does not serve as a street with through traffic.

Santa Rosa French-American Charter School has students who walk from neighborhood homes to school and there are two crossing guards that assist students. In addition to the students that walk, some students take the City bus that stops near the school. Some students and staff ride their bikes to school on a regular basis and their bicycles are locked at bike stands on campus.

Crossing Guards are present every morning and every afternoon to assist students and families with safe crossing of Doyle Park Avenue and Sonoma Avenue at the designated crosswalks.

SRFACS is a long-time partner of Safe Routes to School. Through this partnership, SRFACS organizes Walk & Roll to School Days, typically the first Wednesday of each month, bike safety workshops, and classroom lessons on bike safety.

Staff members are assigned per a pre-determined schedule to assist at the front of the school each morning who help students from cars and safe arrival into school. Staff members make sure all students exit the school safely each afternoon.

Our central location allows our students the convenience of walking field trips to the Sonoma County Library main branch, the Sonoma County Fairgrounds for special exhibits and presentations, the Luther Burbank Gardens, as well as to the fire station and police department. Our location adjacent to a public park is both an advantage and a challenge to our site security. The natural habitat of the creek for studying insects, animals and fish has provided an outstanding outdoor "laboratory." However, because there are transient community members who frequent the park, we have had to be vigilant in our supervision of students. The Santa Rosa Police Department has been especially supportive, and provides frequent surveillance of the park and Doyle Park Drive. Our parent community has helped to enforce our rule that prohibits students in the park before or after school without parent/teacher/adult supervision, thereby assuring the safety of our students.

(H) A Safe and Orderly School Environment Conducive to Learning (EC 35294.2)

Component:

Creating a nurturing physical environment

Element:

Vision: Santa Rosa French-American Charter School will maintain the school grounds in a safe and secure manner for all students, their families and staff members.

Goal: All students have a sense of high standards and respect for the physical environment of Santa Rosa French-American Charter School.

Opportunity for Improvement:

Determine systematic support for chronically disruptive students, systematic check-in/out system with teachers and/or counselor.
Re-establish award system for positive behavior.

Objectives	Action Steps	Resources	Lead Person	Evaluation
A variety of activities will be planned and implemented to increase students feeling of belonging and inclusion.	Activity1: We have a conscientious staff who is interested and actively reports concerns related to the safety of the school grounds to the principal. High standards of safe and orderly environment are maintained through communication.			
	Activity 2: The school is fenced on all sides and gates are locked during school hours, all hallways are well lit and clean, the classrooms are comfortable and the inside hallways are kept clean.			
	Activity 3: A relationship with SRPD and Child Protection Services is maintained and mandated reporting requirements are upheld. Staff members make an effort to reach out and collaborate with those agencies and others. We have monthly drills, and the emergency backpacks are in place.			
	Activity 4: Any graffiti will be removed as soon as possible by the custodial crew. If it is gang related or severe graffiti, it will be photographed prior to removal. Photographs of the graffiti will be forwarded to the SRPD if deemed appropriate by the principal.			

Objectives	Action Steps	Resources	Lead Person	Evaluation
The school regularly sets high standards of behavior and believes all students are responsible for the well being of the school.	Activity 1: Students have respect for the responsible adults on staff including yard supervisors, cafeteria supervisors, custodial staff, librarian, aides, and volunteers. Activity 2: Through the use of yard and lunch room supervisors and parent volunteers, the school is a place where students can readily see and identify important adults on the school grounds and on field trips. Activity 3: The principal and staff will reinforce the importance of students taking responsibility to confide in adults about potentially dangerous or unsafe behavior.			
Guidelines for safe and responsible behavior are taught through clear communication and demonstration.	Activity 1: School rules for safe and responsible behavior are presented in skits and visual supports at the beginning of the year by the older students to the younger students. Activity 2: Classroom teachers instruct and reinforce low level methods for maintaining positive school culture including use of the ToolBox method, "I" messaging and classroom community.			

Component:

The school regularly sets high standards of behavior and believes all students are responsible for the well being of the school.

Element:

Vision: Santa Rosa French-American Charter School will maintain the school grounds in a safe and secure manner for all students, their families and staff members.

Goal: All students have a sense of high standards and respect for the physical environment of Santa Rosa French-American Charter School.

Opportunity for Improvement:

Determine systematic support for chronically disrespectful students, System of positive behavior on the playground. Schedule regular assemblies regarding behavior.

Objectives	Action Steps	Resources	Lead Person	Evaluation
SRFACS provides a safe and caring community environment.	Activity 1: Students have respect for the reliable adults on staff including noon duty supervisors, cafeteria supervisors, custodial staff, librarian, instructional aides, and volunteers through positive interactions. Activity 2: Through the use of yard and lunch room supervisors, and parent volunteers, the school is a place where students can readily see and identify important adults on the school grounds and on field trips. Activity 3: The principal and staff will reinforce the importance of students taking responsibility to confide in adults and potentially dangerous or unsafe behavior.	SRFACS Parent Association donations and site funds will be allocated to support assemblies, field trips, instructional materials, and student recognition.	Principal	

Component:

The school monitors and manages adults on campus.

Element:

Vision: Santa Rosa French-American Charter School will maintain the school grounds in a safe and secure manner for all students, their families and staff members.

Opportunity for Improvement:

Limit the number of parents on campus during school hours. Ensure all volunteers have met all requirements and check-in at the school office.

Objectives	Action Steps	Resources	Lead Person	Evaluation
Maintain a student-centered, safe learning environment	Activity 1: Ensure all volunteers meet the SRCS requirements for school volunteers. Activity 2. Inform all adults that they must sign-in at the office before entering school. Activity 3: Require all volunteers to sign-in before entering the school facility and where a "volunteer" identification sticker.	Sign-in system at front office	Elementary Tech	

(I) School Discipline Rules and Consequences (EC 35291 and EC 35291.5)**Santa Rosa French-American Charter School (SRFACS) Student Conduct Code**

Santa Rosa French-American Charter School has a school-wide discipline plan designed to ensure the safety and security of all students and staff. Our discipline plan identifies behavioral expectations that promote safety, respect and responsibility. The goal of our school climate initiatives is to foster positive reinforcement for managing student behavior. Consequences for rule violations include warnings, conferences with the principal, parent notifications, and/or suspension, depending on the nature of the conduct in question.

Please review the discipline plan carefully, familiarizing yourself with our expectations. At the time of registration parents are asked to sign a copy of the discipline plan to assure that students and parents have been informed of the school-wide discipline rules. Please remember that the purpose of our discipline plan is to provide a safe, secure learning environment.

SRFACS SCHOOL RULES

***BE SAFE, BE RESPECTFUL, BE RESPONSIBLE, BE KIND**

1. Obey all classroom rules.
2. Do your best in class and on your homework.
3. Respect other people's property, bodies, and feelings.
4. Be courteous to others.
5. Use appropriate language.
6. Be responsible for yourself.
7. Follow directions.
8. Play safely.

Conduct Code Procedures

When a student may behave in a manner that is counterproductive to a well-ordered, positive learning environment focused on teaching and learning. In each of these incidents, there is a unique opportunity for a child to learn decision-making and problem-solving skills in lessons that are a foundation for lifelong productive behavior.

In the classroom, consequences for unproductive behavior will include a variety of actions depending on the situation including but not limited to the following: warning, teacher-student conference, a teacher-parent-student problem-solving phone call or conference, and/or other classroom-interventions that are the natural consequence for the specific behavior. For example, if an assignment is not completed, the child may be asked to finish the work during recess; or if a student is disruptive, his/her seat may be moved to a place where the disruption is no longer possible.

If the problem continues, the teacher may hold a conference with the parent, the child and the principal to construct an agreement that outlines the behavior to be improved and rewards and consequences for changing or continuing.

The teachers with students who have special needs are fully aware of each child's Individual Education Plan or 504 Plan contents and will seek support from the case manager as part of the plan to address issues arising in students with disabilities.

Teachers will present basic rules and regulations for the classrooms and playground at the beginning of the school year. Our rules involve creating a safe and orderly learning environment for all and will include the following: BE RESPECTFUL, BE RESPONSIBLE, BE SAFE, BE KIND.

At the end of recess, students are expected to line up with their class on the blacktop area when they hear a whistle and wait for their teacher to walk them to class. Teachers will arrive promptly at the end of recess to escort their students to class.

When students fail to follow the school rules they will receive consequences/discipline, which will vary depending on circumstances and age/grade of the student. A student may receive warnings, parent contacts, referrals to the office, suspensions or expulsions. A student may be suspended for any of the acts listed in Education Code if the act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring within a school under the jurisdiction of the Superintendent or the principal or occurring within any other school district(s).

SRFACS supports a safe and positive learning environment.

Students and staff continue to learn and participate in Restorative Justice practices.

(J) Tactical Responses (See EOP, ANNEX B) (EC 32282(a)[2](J))

Non-Discrimination Statement

The Santa Rosa City Schools District prohibits, at any district school or school activity, discrimination, intimidation, harassment (including sexual harassment) or bullying based on a person's actual or perceived ancestry, color, disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, ethnic group identification, age, religion, marital status, pregnancy, parental status, physical or mental disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or genetic information, medical information or association with a person or a group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics. This shall apply to interns, volunteers, and job applicants when applicable.

The District Equity Compliance Officer(s) may be contacted at: The District Equity/Discrimination officer(s) may be contacted at:

District Equity/Discrimination (All Students):

Stacy Desideri

110 Stony Point ste. 105

Santa Rosa, CA 95401

(707) 890-3800 x 80413

sdesideri@srcs.k12.ca.us

District Equity/Discrimination (All Employees):

Vicki Zands, Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources

110 Stony Point ste. 150

Santa Rosa, CA 95401

(707) 890-3800 ext. 80605

vzands@srcs.k12.ca.us

Complaints should be filed as soon as reasonably possible after the conduct in question has arisen. All complaints shall be promptly and thoroughly investigated.

Santa Rosa City Schools Sexual Harassment policy is intended to supplement, and not replace, any applicable state and federal laws and regulations. Formal complaints under those laws and regulations shall be processed through the procedures established by applicable state and federal agencies. If questions arise concerning Santa Rosa City Schools' prohibition of sexual harassment, or any other form of unlawful discrimination, or the methods and procedures to be followed in the investigation of complaints, please contact the above referenced District Equity/Discrimination coordinator(s).

The law affirms the right of every student to be protected from hate-motivated behavior. It is the intent of SRFACS to promote harmonious relationships that enable students to gain a true understanding of the civil rights and social responsibilities of people in our society.

A hate crime is defined in part, "any criminal act(s) or attempted criminal act(s) to cause physical injury, emotional suffering, or property damage where there is a reasonable cause to believe that the crime was motivated, in whole or in part, by the victim's race, ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, or physical or mental disability."

A student may be suspended for a hate crime:

(Education Code 489003) (20) Caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of hate violence as defined in subdivision (e) of Education Code 233. This subsection applies to students enrolled in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive.

Hate violence, harassment, teasing, threats, intimidation, hazing or bullying including but not limited to; physical or mental disability, gender, nationality, race, religion, or sexual orientation; and/or bullying including but not limited to in-person, writing, phone, other electronics, and websites is prohibited. If a student believes that they have been victimized by hate speech/violence: Contact the school's administration immediately. Document the time, date, witnesses and description of the incident.

If the complaining person requires additional information or would like to initiate the district's formal complaint process, he/she should contact the coordinator/compliance officer(s) at:

Title IX / Gender Equity / Sexual Harassment / Discrimination (All Students):

Stacy Desideri, Executive Director of Wellness & Engagement

Santa Rosa City Schools

110 Stony Point Road, Suite 105

Santa Rosa, CA 95401

(707) 890-3800 x 80413

sdesideri@srcs.k12.ca.us

Title IX / Sexual Harassment / Discrimination (All Employees):

Vicki Zands, Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources

Santa Rosa City Schools

110 Stony Point Road, Suite 100

Santa Rosa, CA 95401

(707) 890-3800 ext. 80602

vzands@srcs.k12.ca.us

(K) Procedures for Preventing Acts of Bullying and Cyber-bullying

The Board of Education recognizes the harmful effects of bullying on student learning and school attendance and desires to provide a safe school environment that protects students from physical and emotional harm. District employees shall establish student safety as a high priority and shall not tolerate bullying of any student. No individual or group shall, through physical, written, verbal, or other means, harass, sexually harass, threaten, intimidate, retaliate, cyberbully, cause bodily injury to, or commit hate violence against any student or school personnel. Students may submit a verbal or written complaint of conduct they consider to be bullying to a teacher or administrator and may also request that their name be kept in confidence. The Superintendent or designee may establish other processes for students to submit anonymous reports of bullying, including the use of the StopIT app. Complaints of bullying or harassment shall be investigated and resolved in accordance with site level grievance procedures specified in law and practice. When a student is suspected of or is reported to be using electronic or digital communications to engage in cyberbullying against other students or staff or to threaten district property, the investigation shall include documentation of the activity, identification of the source, and a determination of its impact.

Students are encouraged to save and print any messages sent to them that they feel constitute cyberbullying and to notify a teacher, the principal, or other employee so that the matter may be investigated. Any student who engages in cyberbullying using district-owned equipment, on school premises, or off-campus in a manner that impacts a school activity or school attendance will be subject to discipline in accordance with district policies and regulations. If the student is using a social-networking site or service that has terms of use that prohibit posting of harmful material, the Superintendent or designee may file a complaint with the Internet site or service to have the material removed. For a copy of the district's anti-discrimination, anti-harassment, anti-intimidation, and anti-bullying policies or to report incidences of bullying please contact the district office. These policies shall be posted in schools and offices.

SRFACS is committed to protecting its students and employees from cyber-bullying, bullying, harassment or discrimination for any reason and of any type. All students and employees are entitled to a safe equitable and harassment-free school experience. Bullying, harassment, or discrimination will not be tolerated and shall be a cause for disciplinary action.

Our philosophy is one of a school community of health, wellness, safety, respect and excellence. We strive to train staff and students on intervention and instructional strategies on prevention, including violence prevention. We follow up when incidents are reported or occur.

"Bullying" is described as unwanted purposeful written, verbal, non-verbal, or physical behavior, including but not limited to any threatening, insulting or dehumanizing gesture, by an adult, student, or environment that causes long term damage, causes discomfort or humiliation, or unreasonably interferes with the individual's school performance or participation.

Bullying may involve, but is not limited to:

Unwanted teasing

Threatening

Intimidating

Stalking

Cyberstalking

Cyberbullying

Physical Violence

Theft

Sexual, religious, nor racial harassment

Public humiliation

Santa Rosa City Schools Board Policy Bullying Reporting and Filing of Complaints

Any student, parent/guardian, or another individual who believes that a student has been subjected to bullying or who has witnessed bullying may report the incident to a teacher, the principal, a compliance officer, or any other available school employee. Within one business day of receiving such a report, a staff member shall notify the principal of the report, whether or not a uniform complaint is filed. In addition, any school employee who observes an incident of bullying involving a student shall, within one business day, report his/her observation to the principal or a district compliance officer, whether or not the alleged victim files a complaint.

Within two business days of receiving a report of bullying, the principal shall notify the district compliance officer identified in AR1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures.

BP 5131.2

Students

The Board of Education recognizes the harmful effects of bullying on student learning and school attendance and desires to provide safe school environments that protect students from physical and emotional harm. District employees shall establish student safety as a high priority and shall not tolerate the bullying of any student.

No individual or group shall, through physical, written, verbal, or other means, harass, sexually harass, threaten, intimidate, retaliate, cyberbully, cause bodily injury to, or commit hate violence against any student or school personnel.

(cf. 5131 - Conduct)

(cf. 5136 - Gangs)

(cf. 5145.3 - Nondiscrimination/Harassment)

(cf. 5145.7 - Sexual Harassment)

(cf. 5145.9 - Hate-Motivated Behavior)

Cyberbullying includes the creation or transmission of harassing communications, direct threats, or other harmful texts, sounds, or images on the Internet, social media, or other technologies using a telephone, computer, or any wireless communication device.

Cyberbullying also includes breaking into another person's electronic account and assuming that person's identity in order to damage that person's reputation.

(cf. 5145.2 - Freedom of Speech/Expression)

Strategies for addressing bullying in district schools shall be developed with the involvement of key stakeholders, including students, parents/guardians, and staff, and may be incorporated into the comprehensive safety plan, the local control and accountability plan, and other applicable district and school plans.

(cf. 0420 - School Plans/Site Councils)

(cf. 0450 - Comprehensive Safety Plan)

(cf. 0460 - Local Control and Accountability Plan)

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees)

(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools)

(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

As appropriate, the Superintendent or designee may collaborate with law enforcement, courts, social services, mental health services, other agencies, and community organizations in the development and implementation of joint strategies to promote safety in schools and the community and to provide services for alleged victims and perpetrators of bullying.

(cf. 1020 - Youth Services)

Bullying Prevention

To the extent possible, district schools shall focus on the prevention of bullying by establishing clear rules for student conduct and implementing strategies to promote a positive, collaborative school climate. Students shall be informed, through student handbooks and other appropriate means, of the district and school rules related to bullying, mechanisms available for reporting incidents or threats, and the consequences for engaging in bullying.

(cf. 5137 - Positive School Climate)

As appropriate, the district shall provide students with instruction, in the classroom or other educational settings, that promotes effective communication and conflict resolution skills, social skills, character/values education, respect for cultural and individual differences, self-esteem development, assertiveness skills, and appropriate online behavior.

(cf. 6142.8 - Comprehensive Health Education)

(cf. 6142.94 - History-Social Science Instruction)

(cf. 6163.4 - Student Use of Technology)

Staff shall receive related professional development, including information about early warning signs of harassing/intimidating behaviors and effective response.

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)

(cf. 4231 - Staff Development)

(cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

Based on an assessment of bullying incidents at school, the Superintendent or designee may increase supervision and security in areas where bullying most often occurs, such as classrooms, playgrounds, hallways, restrooms, and cafeterias.

Intervention

Students are encouraged to notify school staff when they are being bullied or suspect that another student is being victimized. In addition, the Superintendent or designee shall develop means for students to report threats or incidents confidentially and anonymously.

School staff who witness an act of bullying shall immediately intervene to stop the incident when it is safe to do so. (Education Code 234.1)

When appropriate based on the severity or pervasiveness of the bullying, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the parents/guardians of victims and perpetrators and may contact law enforcement.

The Superintendent, principal, or principal's designee may refer a victim, witness, perpetrator, or other student affected by an act of bullying to a school counselor, school psychologist, social worker, child welfare attendance personnel, school nurse, or other school support service personnel for case management, counseling, and/or participation in a restorative justice program as appropriate.

(Education Code 48900.9)

(cf. 6164.2 - Guidance/Counseling Services)

Reporting and Filing of Complaints

Any student, parent/guardian, or another individual who believes that a student has been subjected to bullying or who has witnessed bullying may report the incident to a teacher, the principal, a compliance officer, or any other available school employee. Within one business day of receiving such a report, a staff member shall notify the principal of the report, whether or not a uniform complaint is filed. In addition, any school employee who observes an incident of bullying involving a student shall, within one business day, report his/her observation to the principal or a district compliance officer, whether or not the alleged victim files a complaint.

Within two business days of receiving a report of bullying, the principal shall notify the district compliance officer identified in AR 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures.

(cf. 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures)

When the circumstances involve cyberbullying, individuals with information about the activity shall be encouraged to save and print any electronic or digital messages that they feel constitute cyberbullying and to notify a teacher, the principal, or another employee so that the matter may be investigated. When a student uses a social networking site or service to bully or harass another student, the Superintendent or designee may file a request with the networking site or service to suspend the privileges of the student and to have the material removed. When a report of bullying is submitted, the principal or a district compliance officer shall inform the student or parent/guardian of the right to file a formal written complaint in accordance with AR 1312.3. The student who is the alleged victim of the bullying shall be given an opportunity to describe the incident, identify witnesses who may have relevant information, and provide other evidence of bullying.

Investigation and Resolution of Complaints

Any complaint of bullying shall be investigated and, if determined to be discriminatory, resolved in accordance with law and the district's uniform complaint procedures specified in AR 1312.3.

If, during the investigation, it is determined that a complaint is about nondiscriminatory bullying, the principal or designee shall inform the complainant and shall take all necessary actions to resolve the complaint.

Discipline

Corrective actions for a student who commits an act of bullying of any type may include counseling, behavioral intervention and education, and, if the behavior is severe or pervasive as defined in Education Code 48900, may include suspension or expulsion in accordance with district policies and regulations.

(cf. 5138 - Conflict Resolution/Peer Mediation)

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

(cf. 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process)

(cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities))

(cf. 6159.4 - Behavioral Interventions for Special Education Students)

Any employee who permits or engages in bullying or retaliation related to bullying shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

(cf. 4118 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

(cf. 4119.21/4219.21/4319.21 - Professional Standards)

(cf. 4218 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination

32282 Comprehensive safety plan

32283.5 Bullying; online training

35181 Governing board policy on the responsibilities of students

35291-35291.5 Rules

48900-48925 Suspension or expulsion

48985 Translation of notices

52060-52077 Local control and accountability plan

PENAL CODE

422.55 Definition of hate crime

647 Use of camera or another instrument to invade a person's privacy; misdemeanor

647.7 Use of camera or another instrument to invade a person's privacy; punishment

653.2 Electronic communication devices, threats to safety

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

4600-4687 Uniform complaint procedures

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 47

254 Universal service discounts (e-rate)

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 28

35.107 Nondiscrimination on the basis of disability; complaints

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34

104.7 Designation of the responsible employee for Section 504

106.8 Designation of the responsible employee for Title IX

110.25 Notification of nondiscrimination on the basis of age

COURT DECISIONS

Wynar v. Douglas County School District, (2013) 728 F.3d 1062

J.C. v. Beverly Hills Unified School District, (2010) 711 F.Supp.2d 1094

Lavine v. Blaine School District, (2002) 279 F.3d 719

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

Final Guidance: AB 1266, Transgender and Gender Nonconforming Students, Privacy, Programs, Activities & Facilities, Legal Guidance, March 2014

Providing a Safe, Nondiscriminatory School Environment for Transgender and Gender-Nonconforming Students, Policy Brief, February 2014 Addressing the Conditions of Children: Focus on Bullying, Governance Brief, December 2012 Safe Schools: Strategies for Governing Boards to Ensure Student Success, 2011

Building Healthy Communities: A School Leaders Guide to Collaboration and Community Engagement, 2009

Cyberbullying: Policy Considerations for Boards, Policy Brief, July 2007

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

Health Education Content Standards for California Public Schools: Kindergarten Through Grade Twelve, 2008

Bullying at School, 2003

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS PUBLICATIONS

Dear Colleague Letter: Bullying of Students with Disabilities, August 2013

Dear Colleague Letter: Harassment and Bullying, October 2010

WEBSITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

California Department of Education, Safe Schools Office: <http://www.cde.ca.gov/lr/ss>

Common Sense Media: <http://www.common sense media.org>

National School Safety Center: <http://www.schoolsafety.us>

ON[the]LINE, digital citizenship resources: <http://www.onthelineca.org>

Opioid Prevention and Life-Saving Response Procedures

Purpose & Scope

This plan provides a structured approach for opioid prevention, response, and intervention in accordance with California Education Code § 49414.3 and § 49423.1, California Department of Education recommendations, and Board Policy 5141.21 and Administrative Regulation 5141.21, this plan is designed to protect students, staff, and visitors by addressing opioid-related risks and ensuring prompt life-saving responses in school environments and includes:

Prevention Strategies

Education & Awareness

Implement evidence-based opioid prevention curricula in health education classes.

Conduct annual training for students, staff, and parents on opioid risks, including fentanyl dangers.

Display information and resources about opioid dangers and available support services.

Partnerships & Community Engagement

Collaborate with local health departments, law enforcement, and community organizations to enhance prevention efforts.

Provide parent workshops on substance abuse prevention and intervention strategies.

Engage peer support groups for at-risk students.

Life-Saving Response Procedures

Emergency Protocols for Suspected Overdose

Recognize Symptoms – Signs of opioid overdose include slow or no breathing, blue lips/nails, unresponsiveness, and pinpoint pupils.

Call 9-1-1 Immediately – Report a suspected overdose and follow dispatcher instructions.

Administer Naloxone (Narcan) – If available, trained staff should administer intranasal naloxone following CDE guidelines.

Perform Rescue Breathing/CPR – If the individual is not breathing, initiate rescue breathing or CPR as needed.

Monitor & Support – Stay with the individual, monitoring for responsiveness and signs of improvement.

Inform Parents/Guardians – Contact the student's emergency contacts as per school policy.

Incident Reporting – Document the response in accordance with district and CDE policies.

Naloxone (Narcan) Availability & Training

Schools will stock naloxone kits in designated areas (e.g., nurse's office, front office, security stations).

Staff training (including school nurses, administrators, and volunteers) on naloxone administration will be conducted annually.

Good Samaritan protections apply to staff administering naloxone in good faith.

Post-Incident Follow-Up & Student Support

Provide counseling and substance use intervention for affected students.

Refer students to community treatment programs as needed.

Conduct a debriefing with staff and responders to assess response effectiveness and identify areas for improvement.

Offer re-entry planning and support for students returning to school after substance use treatment.

Staff Roles & Responsibilities

School Nurses & Health Personnel: Primary responders, oversee naloxone administration and training.

Administrators: Ensure compliance with state laws and facilitate staff training.

Teachers & Staff: Recognize signs of opioid use/overdose and follow emergency protocols.

Communication & Reporting

Maintain confidentiality while ensuring appropriate notifications.

Submit incident reports per school district and state requirements.

Notify local health agencies for additional support and monitoring trends in opioid use.

Review & Continuous Improvement

Conduct annual policy reviews to ensure alignment with updated laws and best practices.

Perform annual training for opioid overdose response.

Gather feedback from staff, students, and community partners to refine strategies.

Response Procedures for Dangerous, Violent, or Unlawful Activities

SB 906

Education Code 49390 link

Risk of Homicidal Threat

Writing or Action: Any writing or action that creates a reasonable suspicion that the pupil is preparing to commit a homicidal act related to school or school activity

Possession, Use, or Depiction: possession use, or depiction of firearms, ammunition, shootings, or targets in association with infliction of physical harm, destruction, or death (can include verbal, written, or electronic)

Notify Law Enforcement right away, not after your own investigation has been concluded

SB 906 (California Senate Bill 906, 2022) requires school officials to immediately report any homicidal threats or perceived credible threats of mass violence on school grounds to law enforcement.

Key Obligations for School Sites:

Mandatory Reporting – School staff must report threats of mass violence (such as shootings or attacks) to law enforcement or school safety teams.

Threat Assessment Protocols – Schools must conduct assessments to evaluate the credibility and severity of threats.

Parental Notification – If a student is involved, parents or guardians must be notified as appropriate, following school and legal guidelines.

Coordination with Law Enforcement – Schools must collaborate with law enforcement agencies to determine appropriate safety measures and responses.

Firearm Access Review – If a credible threat is identified, law enforcement may investigate whether the individual has access to firearms.

The law aims to enhance early intervention and prevention of school violence while ensuring that threats are handled responsibly to protect students and staff.

Continuity of Operations

Purpose & Scope

This plan establishes procedures to ensure the continuity of instruction, student support services, and essential school operations in the event of an emergency, natural disaster, public health crisis, or other significant disruptions. It is developed in accordance with California Education Code (CEC) §§ 32280-32289, which mandate school safety and crisis response planning, and CDE emergency preparedness guidelines.

Emergency Operations & Decision-Making

a. Incident Command Structure (ICS)

The school shall implement the Incident Command for coordinated emergency response. Roles include:

Incident Commander – Principal or designated administrator.

Operations Chief – Oversees immediate response actions.

Logistics Chief – Manages supplies, facilities, and technology.

Planning Chief – Evaluates response effectiveness and continuity strategies.

Finance/Admin Chief – Tracks costs, payroll, and emergency funding.

b. Decision-Making Authority

The Superintendent or designee has final authority on school closures and emergency declarations.

Decisions align with CDE, local health departments, and emergency management agencies.

Instructional Continuity

a. Short-Term Disruptions (1-5 Days)

Teachers will use asynchronous learning via district-approved learning management systems (e.g., Google Classroom, Canvas).

Assignments will be provided through take-home packets if technology access is limited.

b. Long-Term Disruptions (More than 5 Days)

Schools will transition to distance learning per CEC § 43500-43511 (Independent Study regulations).

Special education services will be provided per Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) via telehealth or alternative methods.

The district will ensure equitable technology access, including device distribution and internet access support.

Student & Staff Support Services

Mental Health & Counseling: Schools will maintain access to mental health services through counselors, social workers, and telehealth services.

Food & Nutrition Services: Meal distribution plans will align with CEC § 49550, ensuring students receive meals during closures.

Childcare & Supervision: Schools will coordinate with local agencies to provide emergency childcare for essential workers.

Communication Plan

Schools will maintain multiple communication channels (phone, email, website, SMS alerts, social media).

Emergency notifications will comply with CEC § 32282, ensuring timely parent and community updates.

Language access will be provided in accordance with CEC § 48985, ensuring communication in families' primary languages.

Recovery & Reopening

Schools will assess facility safety, staff readiness, and student needs before reopening.

A phased return plan will be implemented in coordination with public health and emergency management officials.

The district will apply for emergency funding assistance (FEMA, CDE grants) as needed.

Plan Review & Training

The Continuity Plan will be reviewed annually in compliance with CEC § 32286.

Staff will receive annual training on emergency roles, distance learning, and student support procedures.

Schools will conduct emergency drills per CEC § 35297 for preparedness.

Continuity of Operations Plan (COOP), ensures the continuation of the district and school's essential functions and provides uninterrupted services during emergencies of all-hazard types or any situation that may disrupt normal operations. This includes continuous training, leadership in safety positions and regular safety meetings to update and inform the district administration. This is especially important due to administrator and staff turnover every year at our schools.

Safety trainings are ongoing throughout the school year through the following:

- Monthly Safety Team meetings
- Regular attendance to trainings through sessions offered by SCOE and RESIG
- Monthly administrator training focusing on specific areas of communication, emergency protocols, safety protocols, medical training, etc.
- PD Days where specific sessions are dedicated to safety training such as Stop the Bleed, first aid, Narcan use, etc.
- Staff meetings to discuss and evaluate emergency drill performance
- Monthly District and Community Safety Team meetings such as Safety Advisory Round Table (SART) and Safe Routes to Schools (SRTS) to discuss and communicate safety needs and improvements around our school community

- Quarterly meetings with Santa Rosa Public Safety to collaborate and obtain knowledge of updated emergency and safety protocols with the local police and fire departments

Safety Plan Review, Evaluation and Amendment Procedures

The attached Comprehensive School Safety Plan is compliant with the provisions required for Senate Bill 187, Chapter 73 and the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001. This plan has met the following requirements:

The attached Comprehensive School Safety Plan contains the required components of the Education Code 32280-32289.

The School Advisory Board includes the following representatives: Principal, SRTA Certificated employees, CSEA classified employee, and parents.

The School Advisory Board consulted with law enforcement and fire agencies and the acting District Emergency Preparedness Coordinator when writing this plan.

Notification of meeting on Comprehensive School Safety Plan sent to appropriate individuals (EC 32288(b) (2) (A-F)*)

The School Advisory Board conducted a public hearing to gain public input into the plan. Appropriate revisions were made.

The School Advisory Board adopted the recommended School Safety Plan.

A copy of the School's plan has been provided to the Acting District Safety Coordinator.

The Board of Education adopts the plan by September for the present school year.

Information in the plan will be disseminated to all teachers, parents, and students.

Safety Plan Appendices

Emergency Contact Numbers

Utilities, Responders and Communication Resources

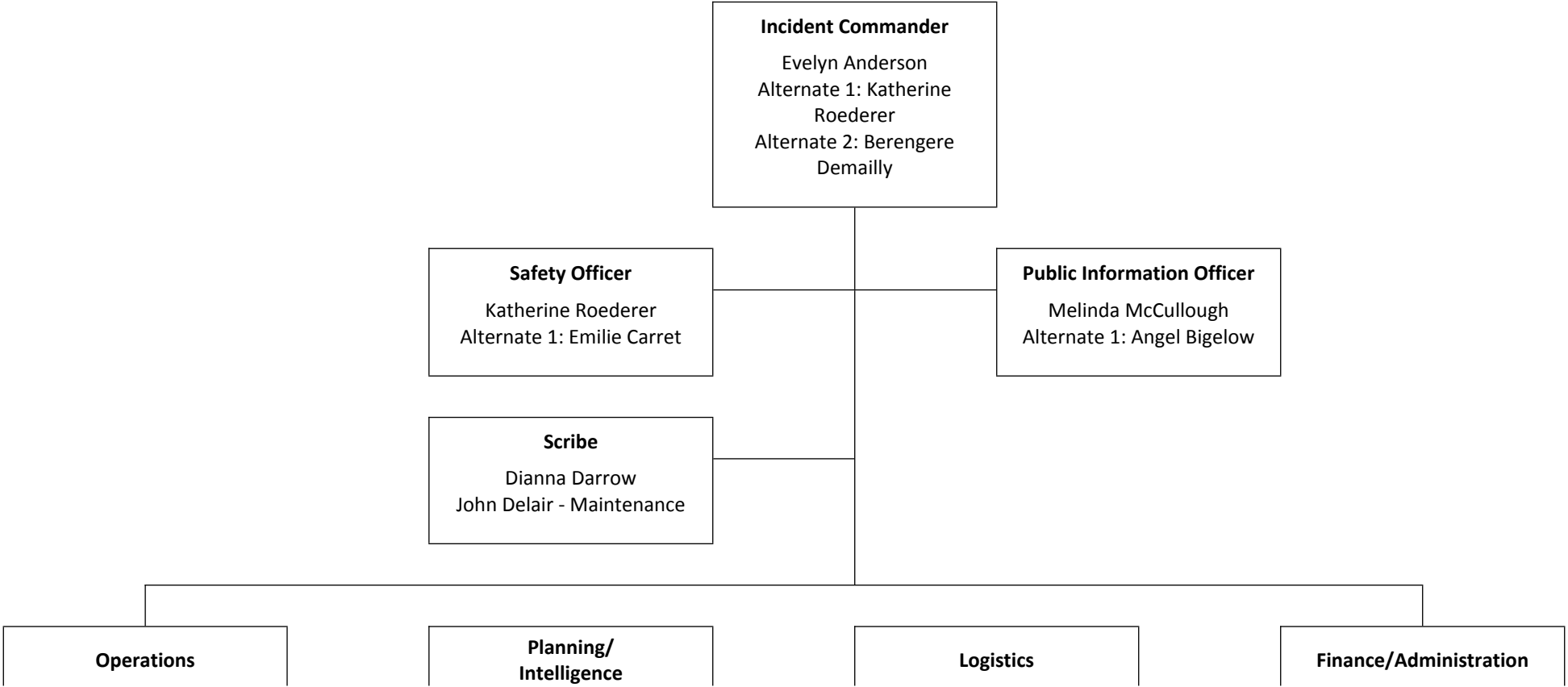
Type	Vendor	Number	Comments
Emergency Services	Fire & EMS Dispatch	911 or 707-568-5933	Emergency REDCOM Dispatch
Law Enforcement/Fire/Paramedic	SR Fire Department	707-543-3500	Business Office
Law Enforcement/Fire/Paramedic	SR Police Department	911 or 707-543-3600	Emergency or Business Office
Law Enforcement/Fire/Paramedic	SR Police Department (Non-Dispatch)	707-528-5222	Non-Emergency Dispatch
Local Hospitals	Memorial / Kaiser / Sutter Hospitals	525-5300/393-4000/576-4000	Local Hospitals
School District	Office of the Superintendent	707-890-3800 x 80101	Dr. Daisy Morales
School District	SRCS District Communications Team Branch Director	707-890-3800 x 80301	Dr. Roderick Castro
Public Utilities	Pacific Gas & Electric Company	800-743-5002	Outages
Public Utilities	SR Utilities Dept. (Water)	707-543-4200	Water
Other	Animal Regulation, (Sonoma County)	707-565-7100	Animal Control

Safety Plan Review, Evaluation and Amendment Procedures

Activity Description (i.e. review steps, meetings conducted, approvals, etc)	Date and Time	Attached Document (description and location)
Annual Updates (B) Disaster Procedures - Section: Disaster Plan Incident Command Staff Assignments & Responsibilities General Staff: Section Chief Assignments General Staff: Section Team Leader/Alternates/Team Members General Staff: Buddy Assignments Pre-designated Emergency Station Locations (E) Sexual Harassment Policies - Title IX Officer (as needed) (H) A Safe and Orderly School Environment Conducive to Learning (EC355294.2) - Component 1-3 Incident Command Team Responsibilities (SEMS) Staff Training Exercise Design Worksheet for Staff Training (Attachment N) Safety Plan Appendices Update responsible persons & their titles in Incident Command System Chart	Updated annually starting in March	SEMS/ICS chart/Emergency Action Plan
Maps/Schedules/list/form updates: Maps (as needed) Staff Release Order List Emergency Drill Schedule/Line-Up Areas Staff Emergency Contact - Medical Information	Updated annually starting in March	Emergency Action Plan

Activity Description (i.e. review steps, meetings conducted, approvals, etc)	Date and Time	Attached Document (description and location)
Emergency Supplies (H) A Safe and Orderly School Environment Conducive to Learning (EC355294.2) - Component 3 Update Emergency Supplies inventory/Go Kits Replenish any missing supplies, dead batteries or expired items. Research new supplies Evacuation & Post-emergency Procedures Post emergency procedures by doors (LockDown, Emergency Numbers, Evacuation Map) Emergency Contacts Update individuals and contact information found on emergency contact charts. (B) Disaster Procedures - Section: Disaster Plan Student Information Update list of students with medical needs (binder) Update list of students' emergency information Update list of students with disabilities - ensure students have special evacuation procedures established if special assistance is required during an evacuation such as noise-canceling headphones in the emergency bag and classroom assistant available to support students. Documentation & Recordkeeping (Attachment G) Ensure the necessary records are properly maintained Update Student Release forms as needed (Attachment G)	Update annually & Securely maintained	Emergency Action Plan
Safety Plan reviewed and approved by SAB	Annually in April-May	SAB Minutes
Safety plan approved by law enforcement and fire department	Annually in July	Signature page attached
Safety Plan amended to include an updated ICS staff chart with current school staff	Annually in August	Attached in the Incident Command System section
Safety Plan reviewed by Staff	Annually in August	Staff Meeting Minutes
Youth Truth climate survey report reviewed by SAB	Annually in the Spring when report is received	SAB Minutes
CA Dashboard report reviewed by SAB with attendance & discipline	Annually when the report is made available	SAB Minutes

Santa Rosa French-American Charter School (SRFACS) Incident Command System



Section Chief: Angel Bigelow Alternate 1: John Delair Alternate 2: : Kiflom Atombes Assembly/Shelter Team: 1*: Aude Paret 2**: Florian Mahe 3***: Ludovic Pallanca 4****: Olivier Begue 5*****: Caroline Ettig 6*****Victorine Badoil Crisis Intervention/Care Comfort Team: 1*: Porsche Rodriguez 2**.:Adele Diehl 3***: Guillaum Burel 4****: Sharon Orozco 5***** Gabe Monje-Paulson Maintenance/Fire/Site/Security Team: 1*: John Delair 2**: Kiflom Atombes 3***: JP Ehrhold	Section Chief: Christie Malpiede Alternate 1: Melinda McCullough Alternate 2: Corinne Naro Documentation Team: 1*: Dianna Darrow 2**.: Kristin Sullivan 3***: Situation Status Team: 1*: Christie Malpiede 2**.: Clemence Spita 3***:Lucie Renard 4****: Emilie Carret	Section Chief: Ketsia Cabaz Raufaste Alternate 1: Adela Castelain Alternate 2: Supplies: 1*: Myriam Dalmau 2**.: Juliette Lagrange 3***: Adela Castelain 4****: Pamela Chaffin Transportation Team: 1*: Day Care 2**.: Corinne Naro 3***: Zeynep Brockett	Section Chief: ESOM Alternate 1: Katherine Roederer Alternate 2: Recordkeeping Team: 1*: District Office 2**.: Dianna Darrow 3***: Ronit Glickman
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First Aid & Search Teacher A 1*: Justine Neybon 2**.:Mathias Devaux 3***: Christine Mellon 4****: Ana Gutierrez Franco 5*****: Ronit Glickman
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**Student Release &
Accountability
TeacherB**

1*: Sara Delgado
2**: Benat Habtom
3***: Nadine Metellus
4****: Betty Malfatti
5*****: Marie-Pierre Prieur
Substitutes and Volunteers

Incident Command Team Responsibilities

Standardized Emergency Response Management System Overview

The California Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS) is designed to centralize and coordinate emergency response through the use of standardized terminology and processes. This greatly facilitates the flow of information and resources among the agencies participating in response to an emergency. SEMS consists of five functions:

Our Comprehensive Site Safety Plans are written in the format of the Incident Command System. We must operationalize ICS with any person being able to do any job at any time. The Santa Rosa City Schools ICS is available within our "Safety--Comprehensive Framework" on the shared drive.

1. The Command Function is responsible for directing, ordering, and controlling of resources by explicit legal, agency, or delegated authority. The function is composed of the Incident Commander (IC), Safety Officer, Public Information Officer (PIO), Agency Liaison Officer, and a Deputy Incident Commander. The IC position must always be filled. The IC remains responsible for all five functions of the ICS structure, which have not been formally activated. In addition to the primary ICS functions, the IC is also responsible for the Safety Officer, Public Information Officer, and Agency Liaison Officer positions, unless otherwise delegated. Depending on the severity of the incident, the IC may also activate a Deputy IC for support.
2. The Operations Function is responsible for the coordinated tactical response of all field operations directly applicable to or in support of the mission(s) in accordance with the Emergency Action Plan. This is the most complex and primary established function.
3. The Planning/Intelligence Function is responsible for the collection, evaluation, documentation, and use of information about the development of the incident, and the status of resources.
4. The Logistics Function is responsible for providing facilities, services, personnel, equipment, and materials in support of the incident.
5. The Finance/Administration Function is responsible for all financial and cost analysis aspects of the incident, and for any administrative aspects not handled by the other functions.

Management

During an emergency, the Incident Commander directs response actions from a designated Command Post. To effectively do this, the Incident Commander must constantly assess the situation, and develop and implement appropriate strategies. The Incident Commander must be familiar with the available resources, accurately document all response actions, and effectively communicate response strategies to others participating in the response. This function is typically filled by the school principal. The principal is assisted in carrying out this function by a Public Information & Liaison Officer and Safety Officer.

Planning & Intelligence

Planning and Intelligence involves the use of various methods to efficiently gather information, weigh and document the information for significance, and actively assess the status of the emergency. This understanding and knowledge about the situation at hand is vital to the effective management of a response. These activities are performed by a single person who reports directly to the Incident Commander.

Operations

All response actions are implemented under by Operations. This includes staff performing first aid, crisis intervention, search and rescue, site security, damage assessment, evacuations, and the release of students.

Logistics

Logistics supports the response by coordinating personnel; assembling and deploying volunteers; providing supplies, equipment, and services; and facilitating communications among emergency responders.

Finance & Administration

Finance & Administration involves the purchasing of all necessary materials, tracking financial records, timekeeping for emergency responders, and recovering school records following an emergency. These activities are performed by a single person who reports directly to the Incident Commander.

Emergency Response Guidelines

Step One: Identify the Type of Emergency

Levels of Emergencies

THREE LEVELS OF EMERGENCIES: Emergencies are described by one of the following three levels:

Step One: Identify the Type of Emergency

Refer to the Essential 5 Emergency Response Guidelines

Step Two: Identify the level of Emergency

Initiate the Incident Command System relevant to the Emergency Response

Step Three: Determine the Immediate Response Action

Engage the Incident Command team appropriate to the situation

Step Four: Community the Appropriate Response Action

Inform all relevant stakeholders based on the Emergency Tree

Collaborate with district PIO to create messaging for staff, students and parents

Step Two: Identify the Level of Emergency

Level One Emergency: A localized emergency which school district personnel can handle by following the procedures in their own emergency plan. Examples: power out-age, minor earthquake, etc.

Level Two Emergency: A moderate to a severe emergency, somewhat beyond the school district response capability, which may require mutual aid assistance from the fire department, Sheriff's Department, etc. Examples: fire, severe earthquake with injuries and/or structural damage.

Level Three Emergency: A major disaster, clearly beyond the response capability of school district personnel, where large amounts of mutual aid assistance will be required, recovery time will be extensive, and the response time from major supportive agencies may be seriously delayed and/or impaired.

Step Three: Determine the Immediate Response Action

Plan Implementation

The Plan will be:

Initiated by the principal or designee when conditions exist which warrant its execution;

Implemented by all staff that will remain at school and performs those duties as assigned until released by the principal.

Step Four: Communicate the Appropriate Response Action

School Personnel Responsibilities:

Principal- Command, and control of school- media spokesperson or designee

Office Manager- assigned to stay with the principal for administrative support functions and logging of events, decisions, etc.

Office Tech - In charge of student emergency cards.

The principal follows the communication guideline below:

1. If a weapon/active threat on campus, call the police
2. Contact your immediate supervisor by:
 - a. Written text with "911" or "I am calling an emergency"
 - b. Immediately call after
3. If no response, call district emergency extension xx799
 - Three individuals will be called Patty, Renee, & Adina
4. If no response, call Superintendent's cell

Types of Emergencies & Specific Procedures

Aircraft Crash

Immediately engage the “Shelter in Place” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

1. If an aircraft crashes on or near school buildings, or if an explosion erupts inside the school, teachers give the DROP command to protect children against blast and falling objects.
2. Teachers take immediate action to remove children to assembly areas and follow evacuation procedure.
3. Staff performs necessary rescue measures to help injured or trapped students.
4. Call police and fire departments.
5. Principal ensures that students and staff are kept at a safe distance from aircraft in danger of possible explosion.

Animal Disturbance

Evaluate and consider engaging the “Shelter in Place” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

The first consideration is the safety of the pupils and personnel.

1. Isolate the pupils from the animal.
- If an animal is outside, keep pupils inside.
 - If an animal is inside; keep pupils outside or in some other sheltered area.
 - Call the office to report.

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director.

Armed Assault on Campus

Immediately engage the “Lockdown” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Armed Assault on Campus

Profile of an Active Shooter

An active shooter is an individual actively engaged in killing or attempting to kill people in a confined and populated area, typically through the use of firearms.

Characteristics of an Active Shooter situation:

- Victims are predominately selected at random
- The event is unpredictable and evolves quickly
- Unless confronted, law enforcement is required to resolve the violent situation

Coping with an Active Shooter situation:

- Be aware of your environment and any possible dangers
- Take notes of the two nearest exits in any facility/location you enter

- If you are in an office and can't escape, stay there and secure/barricade the door
- Attempt to take the Active Shooter down as a last resort

In a dynamic drill where students are outside of their classroom during recess, break, passing period or lunch, each student will report to designated site area according to their drill plan.

Active Shooter Procedures

Inside:

RUN...

- Know where the threat is and run away from it
- Know your escape routes
- Leave your belongings behind
- Take your cell phone
- Keep hands visible for responding Law Enforcement

HIDE...

- Call 911 for assistance if possible
- Lock and barricade door(s)
- Cover windows, close blinds, and curtains
- Tell students to be quiet and silence cell phones
- Stay low to the ground and hide away from windows
- Spread out (if possible)
- Be prepared to FIGHT
- Call 911 and notify the District Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Coordinator when it is safe to do so.
- Information to provide to Law Enforcement or 911 Operator
- The specific location of the active shooter
- Number of Shooters
- Physical description of shooters
- Number and type of weapons held by shooters
- Number of potential victims at the location

FIGHT...

- As a last resort and only when your life is in imminent danger
- If an intruder comes in the classroom, be prepared to fight
- Use a weapon (fire extinguisher, chair, books, etc.)
- Use your surroundings to create distractions: yelling, trip hazards, throwing items, turning off lights, putting furniture in front of the door

Outside:

- If shots fired - immediately "Drop and cover"
- If it is safe, move away from the shooting
- How to respond when Law Enforcement Arrives
- Remain calm and follow instructions
- Remove any items in your hands (i.e., cell phones, bags, jackets)
- Raise hands and spread fingers
- Keep hands visible at all times
- Avoid quick movements toward officers such as holding on to them for safety
- Avoid pointing, screaming or yelling
- Do not stop to ask officers for help or direction when evacuating
- The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director and/or Law Enforcement.
- The principal advises parents of the release of students to an alternate location when it is safe to do so.

WAR OR THREAT OF WAR: ATTACK OR TAKE COVER SIGNAL

1. A warning of an attack will be a 3-5 minute warbling sound or series of short blasts on public warning devices.
2. Principal orders teachers to prepare students for DROP command leaving classroom windows and doors open and closing blinds to reduce fire hazards from heat rays.
3. Turn on radio to an Emergency Broadcast System station, KSRO 1350 AM to monitor emergency information and instructions.

SURPRISE ATTACK

Detonation of a weapon may be accompanied by an extremely intense light flash and heat waves. The flash is then followed by heavy shock waves.

1. Teacher gives DROP command.
2. Following the blast, the principal orders staff and students to evacuate to outside assembly areas if deemed appropriate. The Emergency Broadcast System, KSRO 1350 AM should be monitored for emergency information. Teachers follow evacuation procedures once students are assembled.

Biological or Chemical Release

Immediately engage the "Shelter in Place" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

1. Principal arranges for the evacuation of students and staff to a safe location.
2. Principal advises news media of the removal of students to alternate location.
3. Students released to parents from alternate/safe location.
(all teacher emergency kits have emergency release information assuring that children are released to parent/guardian approved individuals.)

Bomb Threat/ Threat Of violence

Immediately engage the "Secure the Campus" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

If a threat by telephone comes directly to a school

1. The person receiving a call should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else by a prearranged signal so they can get on an extension and notify the telephone company to trace the call.
* Dial "911" -- tell operator, 'This is (name of the caller) from (name of school). We are receiving a bomb threat on another line. The number of that line is (). Please trace the call.'
* Give any additional information needed by the operator. This must be done quickly. (The call cannot be traced once the caller has hung up.)
2. The principal/designee notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director and/or Law Enforcement.
3. Try to determine if the caller is a student or an adult. If it is a student, it may be easier to discover identity.
4. The principal shall determine whether to evacuate the building(s) threatened.
* Upon a decision to evacuate (principal and law enforcement), if one specific building has been threatened, it should be evacuated along with adjoining buildings and a search should be instituted by office staff.
* Avoid the use of the general alarm, if possible.
* Use the personal notification by designated persons or the PA system to evacuate the threatened rooms.
* If it is necessary to evacuate the entire school, use the fire alarm.
5. Students and staff will return to the buildings only when they have been cleared by Law Enforcement and the Principal or designee has authorized the reoccupation and return to classrooms upon hearing the ALL CLEAR through the PA system.
6. The principal may also decide to call the fire department or police, if, in his/her opinion is warranted.
 - The principal notifies parents of the situation.
 - If students have been removed to an alternate/safe location for pick up.
 - Resume school after the building(s) have been inspected and determined safe by proper authorities.
 - Do not publicize the threat any more than necessary.

*A written threat should be turned over to the police department.

**Individual receiving the call should complete the Bomb Threat Report

Unsafe School Conditions

* If the school becomes unsafe, move students to a closest suitable alternate shelter.

Location:

Primary and secondary reunification/evacuation sites are shared with Santa Rosa Fire & Police

Procedure for movement to shelter:

Walking or bus transportation depending on the emergency

Bus Disaster

Immediately engage the appropriate emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

BUS DRIVERS/SCHOOL STAFF

Supervise the care of children if an emergency occurs while children are on the bus.

Issue DUCK, COVER AND HOLD command if an earthquake or surprise attack occurs while children are on a bus.

Transfer students to new locations, when directed by the principal.

The principal notifies parents.

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director.

Disorderly Conduct

Immediately engage the “Secure the Campus” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

A civil disturbance is an unauthorized assemblage on the school grounds with the potential to disrupt school activities; cause injury to staff and students; and/or damage property.

Precautionary measures must be taken to keep school personnel and students from undue exposure to danger. Efforts should be made to remain calm, to avoid provoking aggression, and to keep students in their classrooms.

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director and/or Law Enforcement.

Inside School

STAFF ACTIONS:

Report disruptive circumstances to principal/sit administrator.

Avoid arguing with the participant(s).

Have all students and staff leave the immediate area of disturbance.

Lock doors. Account for all students and remain in the classroom unless instructed otherwise by the principal or Law Enforcement.

Stay away from windows and exterior doors.

PRINCIPAL/DESIGNEE ACTIONS:

If students are engaging in civil disobedience, keep the students confined to one room in the school building.

Set up a communication exchange with the students, staff, and principal. Try to restore order.

If unable to calm students and violent or uncontrolled behavior is probable, notify police of the situation and request assistance.

Send home with students for their parents/guardians a brief written description of the emergency, how it was handled and, if appropriate, what steps are being taken in its aftermath.

Outside of School

PRINCIPAL/DESIGNEE ACTIONS:

Call 911.

Move any students who are outside the school building inside. If unable to do so, have students lie down and cover their heads.

Once students are in the school building, lock and secure all exterior doors, including restrooms. Have custodians remove trash containers and other burnable items from public access.

Cancel all outside activities.

Maintain an accurate record of events, conversations, and actions.

Assign staff members to assist as necessary.

STAFF ACTIONS:

Close and lock classroom doors. Close all curtains and blinds. Keep students away from windows and take precautions to protect them from flying glass in the event windows are broken.

Instruct students to DUCK, COVER AND HOLD, lie on the floor and keep students calm.

Care for the injured, if any.

Remain with students within locked classrooms until ALL CLEAR is announced over the PA system, regardless of bells and the school schedule.

Earthquake

Immediately engage the "Drop, Cover and Hold On" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Earthquake

Duck, Cover, and Hold On

The Disaster Drill signal EARTHQUAKE - xx919 - signal is audible and consists of a pre-tone, voice message ENG/SPN (DROP, COVER, HOLD ON), post-tone sequence repeated 2 times, scrolling text until stopped in ENG/SPN (!!! DROP, COVER, HOLD ON!!!), flashing lights go on or an oral command to "DUCK, COVER AND HOLD" given by the teacher or other staff members who realize that an earthquake is occurring.

During an Earthquake

When Inside

1. Personally execute Action "DUCK, COVER AND HOLD ON" upon the first indication of an earthquake. Responsibility of Classroom Teachers or Principal
2. Try to avoid glass and falling objects. Move away from windows where there are large panes of glass and out from under heavy suspended light fixtures.
3. Warn students to avoid touching electrical wires that may have fallen to the ground.
4. Notify the custodian of breaks or suspected breaks in utility lines or pipes.

When outside

Upon the command "DUCK, COVER AND HOLD ON", students and staff should immediately move away from buildings and other objects that might topple over, DROP to the ground and COVER their head and the back of their neck.

This ACTION is appropriate for:

- * Earthquake
- * Explosion
- * Surprise Attack

After

Evacuate Building

1. Fire alarm bell

Description:

- Teachers close doors. Exit outside to blacktop with red emergency bags and emergency containers.
- Students and staff move in an orderly and quiet manner along prescribed routes from inside school buildings to an outside area of safety. (see evacuation map and assigned line up areas)
- Teachers take attendance. If all students are accounted for, hold up green laminated paper that is found inside of the red bag. If any students are not accounted for, ask the student at the front of the line to hold up the red laminated paper that is found inside of the red bag, write names of missing students on Pink Attendance Form and send a runner to the principal.
- This ACTION should be followed by another action or a return to school buildings and normal class routine. ALL CLEAR signal, long continuous bell: command given by the principal.

This ACTION is considered appropriate for, but is not limited to, the following:

- * Active Shooter
- * Bomb threat
- * Chemical accident
- * Explosion or threat of explosion
- * Fire
- * Other similar occurrences that might make the school buildings unsafe.

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director.

The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District

Summary:

1. Teachers order students to drop to the floor, using desks and chairs to protect themselves from falling objects. Because building walls tend to fall outward, protection of inner walls, hallways, and doorways should be sought.
2. After the earthquake tremors subside, teacher may order evacuation of the classroom.
3. If building is evacuated, teachers take roll, report missing students, and determine those in need of first aid.
4. Classes are resumed when building is declared safe by the principal or designee.

Explosion or Risk Of Explosion

Immediately engage the “Drop, Cover and Hold On” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Explosion/Threat of Explosion

1. Personally execute Action DUCK, COVER AND HOLD upon the first indication of the explosion.
2. If the explosion occurred within the school buildings, immediately upon passage of the blast wave, initiate Action LEAVE BUILDING.

Threat of Explosion

1. Initiate Action LEAVE BUILDING.

Responsibility of Principal, Lead Teacher or School Office Manager

Unsafe School Conditions

- * If SRFACS becomes unsafe, move students to the closest suitable alternate shelter.

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director.

The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director and/or Law Enforcement.

Fire in Surrounding Area

Immediately evaluate the situation and potentially engage the “Secure the Campus” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. If needed, engage the “Evacuate” emergency response from the Essential 5. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Each classroom and facility on the campus has a functioning fire extinguisher and a manual pull switch to activate the fire alarm. In addition, evacuation routes are posted by the exits in each classroom. For the protection of all occupants on campus in case of a fire, the following evacuation procedures have been established should there be a need to EVACUATE off-site.

1. The set alarm is distinctive and recognizable as a signal to evacuate. The evacuation alarm signal is continuous. The PA system can also be used to EVACUATE. EVACUATION - xx909 - signal is audible and consists of a pre-tone, voice message ENG/SPN (EVACUATE), post-tone sequence repeated two (2) times, scrolling text until stopped in ENG/SPN (!!! Evacuate !!!), flashing lights go on.
2. Order a verbal evacuation if the fire alarm does not sound.
3. Notify emergency responders, Call 911.
4. Notify the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director of the evacuation and location.
5. Stay calm and remain SILENT. If teachers and students are talking, directions and other information cannot be heard.
6. Everyone should clear the building immediately. WALK - Do not run.
7. Teachers will supervise egress from the classrooms into the designated Evacuation Areas according to the Emergency Evacuation Routes marked on the maps posted in every classroom and office. The teacher leaves the classroom last closing doors (not locked) and if safe windows.
8. If heavy smoke is present, crawl or stay near the floor for breathable air.
9. In the case of FIRE ONLY, close the doors upon evacuating.

If there is no need to evacuate the following procedures have been established.

Air Quality

1. Air Quality Index located on the SRCS District website will be used to determine if activities should be moved indoors.
2. The principal will communicate to staff and students via the PA System when activities will remain indoors.
3. The principal will communicate to parents that students are safe and due to the air quality activities will resume and remain indoors.
4. The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director and/or Law Enforcement.

Fire on School Grounds

Immediately engage the "Evacuate" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Each classroom and facility on the campus has a functioning fire extinguisher and a manual pull switch to activate the fire alarm. In addition, evacuation routes are posted by the exits in each classroom. For the protection of all occupants on campus in case of a fire, the following evacuation procedures have been established should there be a need to EVACUATE off-site.

1. The set alarm is distinctive and recognizable as a signal to evacuate. The evacuation alarm signal is continuous. The PA system can also be used to EVACUATE. EVACUATION - xx909 - signal is audible and consists of a pre-tone, voice message ENG/SPN (EVACUATE), post-tone sequence repeated 2 times, scrolling text until stopped in ENG/SPN (!!! Evacuate !!!), flashing lights go on.
2. Order a verbal evacuation if the fire alarm does not sound.
3. Notify emergency responders, Call 911.
4. Notify the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director of the evacuation and location.
5. Stay calm and remain SILENT. If teachers and students are talking, directions and other information cannot be heard.

6. Everyone should clear the building immediately. WALK - Do not run.
7. Teachers will supervise egress from the classrooms into the designated Evacuation Areas according to the Emergency Evacuation Routes marked on the maps posted in every classroom and office. The teacher leaves the classroom last closing doors (not locked) and if safe windows.
8. If heavy smoke is present, crawl or stay near the floor for breathable air.
9. In the case of FIRE ONLY, close the doors upon evacuating.

If there is no need to evacuate the following procedures have been established.

Air Quality

1. Air Quality Index located on the SRCS District website will be used to determine if activities should be moved indoors.
2. The Principal will communicate to staff and students via the PA System when activities will remain indoors.
3. The Principal will communicate to parents that students are safe and due to the air quality activities will resume and remain indoors.
4. The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director and/or Law Enforcement.

Flooding

Immediately evaluate the situation and potentially engage the "Shelter in Place" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. If needed, engage the "Evacuate" emergency response from the Essential 5. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Flooding could threaten the safety of students and staff whenever storm water or other sources of water threaten to inundate school grounds or buildings. Flooding may occur if a water pipe breaks or prolonged rainfall causes urban streams to rise. Flooding may also occur as a result of damage to water distribution systems such as drains. If weather-related, an alert message will be broadcast over the weather radio station. In the event of a flood, the following guidelines should be followed as much as possible:

Incident Commander:

1. Determine if evacuation is required.
2. Notify the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director of intent to evacuate, the location of the safe evacuation site and the route to be taken to that site.
3. The decision to evacuate students off-site will be made by the Principal/Superintendent/and/or District Emergency Preparedness Director.
4. Instruct on the means of which students will be evacuated to a safer location. Other guidelines should be kept in mind if students are going to be transported by buses or cars.
5. Post a notice on the office door stating where the school has relocated and inform the relocation site to the Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director.
6. Monitor local radio and television stations for flood information.
7. Delegate a search team if students or staff have been determined to be missing.
9. Do not allow staff and students to return to the building until proper authorities have determined that it is safe to do so.

General Staff:

1. If warranted, evacuate students using an evacuation plan.
2. Stay calm and remain SILENT. If teachers and students are talking, directions and other information cannot be heard.
3. Teachers will supervise egress from the classrooms into the designated Evacuation Area according to the established Emergency Evacuation Routes marked on the maps posted in every classroom and office.
4. Teachers will take their roll books to the evacuation site, take roll, and complete an attendance report.
5. Teachers will submit a report and identify any missing student(s), Staff Buddies, or other Staff to the Evacuation Area Lead.
6. If students or staff have been determined to be missing, a search & rescue team will conduct their duties.
7. Follow the Student Request and Release Procedures, if school dismissal is warranted by the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director.

Students and staff will be notified if and when it is safe to return to the school site and/or building under the direction of emergency responders and in consultation with the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director. Do not return to the school building until it has been inspected and determined safe by property authorities.

WINDSTORM

1. Assemble students and staff inside shelters and/or buildings; take roll call
2. Close windows and blinds; remain near inside walls.
3. Avoid multipurpose room or other structures with large roof spans; evacuate rooms bearing full force of wind.
4. Monitor local radio station for latest advisory information.
5. Notify utility companies of any break or suspected breaks.
6. Notify appropriate school district officials.

Heat (Excessive) and Air Quality

Immediately evaluate the situation and potentially engage the "Shelter in Place" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. Refer to the Sonoma County Office of Education Air Quality Guidelines for additional precautions. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

There are days where the city of Santa Rosa will experience record high temperatures during a week and the National Weather Service will place the city in an Excessive Heat Warning. As a result, leaders at our school sites will follow the Excessive Heat Warning/Heat Advisory and Air Quality guidelines regarding recess, physical education, and outdoor sports. The health and safety of our students and staff are our top priority. The heat and air quality will be closely monitored and decisions on the level of activities will be guided by our local and state guidelines.

Using the location's "HeatRisk" level. Cancel all outdoor and unconditioned indoor activities when the HeatRisk level is Red or Magenta during the heat of the day. Find your HeatRisk level here: NWS HeatRisk forecast (for details, see grid on next page). If in doubt, cancel. Charts are attached.

Other heat advisory related resources that may be helpful:

Santa Rosa City Schools Heat & Air Quality Advisory:

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1zHoNMWJHkyOAqIYUJeHAswsG7fKUSl13/view?usp=sharing>

NWS HeatRisk forecast web page: <https://www.wrh.noaa.gov/wrh/heatrisk/>

California Department of Education (CDE) Excessive Heat web page: <https://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/ep/extremeheat.asp>

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Tips for Preventing Heat Related Illness web page:

<https://www.cdc.gov/disasters/extremeheat/heattips.html>

California Interscholastic Federation Heat Illness web page: https://cifstate.org/sports-medicine/heat_illness/index

Loss or Failure Of Utilities

Notify the District Superintendent

Unexpected equipment failure causing loss of power, failure of utilities or deliberate power outages, due to excessive rain, heat or cold weather conditions, has the potential to affect our schools.

During the School Day

If a power outage occurs during school hours, students will remain at school until the end of the school day. All after school activities and programs for that day will be canceled.

Schools will assess food preparation facilities, estimate the number of persons requiring shelter and for what period of time, assess the adequacy of available water, food, blankets, and other supplies, and control conservation of water. In addition, they will establish a list of all persons on campus and determine any special needs, report additional equipment and supply needs to the District Emergency Operations Center (EOC) and set up portable latrines as needed.

Before the Start of the School Day

If the loss of power is before the start of school hours, the Superintendent will make the decision to close schools before 5:30 am and send a communication through Parent Square. The principal can also send a message via the message system to the school community (parents and staff) in English and Spanish. The SRCS District Office may also choose to send a message to the school community if multiple sites will be closed due to the loss or failure of utilities.

School closure and event cancellation is ultimately a school district-by school decision based on local conditions.

Motor Vehicle Crash

A motor vehicle crash may result in a fuel or chemical spill on school property. If the crash results in a utility interruption, refer to the section on Utility Failure.

PRINCIPAL/DESIGNEE ACTIONS:

Notify the police and fire department (CALL 911).
Determine immediate response procedures, which may include EVACUATION or OFF-SITE EVACUATION which may include the use of buses or alternate transportation.
Arrange for first aid treatment and removal of injured occupants from the building.
Secure area to prevent unauthorized access until the public safety officials (police, sheriff, fire department) arrive.
Ensure that students and staff remain at a safe distance from the crash.
Account for all building occupants and determine the extent of injuries.
Notify the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director.
The decision to relocate students will be made by Law Enforcement/Principal/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director.
Follow the Student Request and Release Procedures if school dismissal is warranted by the Office of the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director.
The principal advises parents of the removal of students to an alternate location.
Students released to parents from alternate/safe location.

STAFF ACTIONS:

Notify Principal
Move students away from the immediate vicinity of the crash.
EVACUATE student to the evacuation assembly/safe area away from the crash. Take the class list and red emergency backpack.
Check the school site to assure that all student have evacuated.
Take attendance at the evacuation assembly area
Report missing students (pink form) to the principal/designee and emergency response personnel.
Maintain control of the students a safe distance from the crash site.
Care for the injured, if any.
Escort students back to the school site when emergency response officials have determined it is safe to return to the building. (All teachers have a RED emergency bag in their classroom that includes an updated annual emergency release information) (teachers update from the Student Information System (SIS) assuring that children are released to parent/guardian approved individuals.)

School closure and event cancellation is ultimately a school district-by school district decision based on local conditions.

Pandemic

For the most current information please use the Santa Rosa City Schools' website under: COVID-19 Information (<https://www.srcschools.org/Page/4485>)

Psychological Trauma

Immediately engage the "Lockdown" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

(e) (1) When a principal or his or her designee verifies through local law enforcement officials that a report has been filed of the occurrence of a violent crime on the school site of an elementary or secondary school at which he or she is the principal, the principal or the principal's designee may send to each pupil's parent or legal guardian and each school employee a written notice of the occurrence and general nature of the crime. If the principal or his or her designee chooses to send the written notice, the Legislature encourages the notice to be sent no later than the end of business on the second regular workday after the verification. If, at the time of verification, local law enforcement officials determine that notification of the violent crime would hinder an ongoing investigation, the notification authorized by this subdivision shall be made within a reasonable period of time, to be determined by the local law enforcement agency and the school district. For purposes of this section, an act that is considered a "violent crime" shall meet the definition of Section 67381 and be an act for which a pupil could or would be expelled pursuant to Section 48915.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall create any liability in a school district or its employees for complying with paragraph (1).

(f) (1) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), a school district or county office of education may, in consultation with law enforcement officials, elect to not have its school site council develop and write those portions of its comprehensive school safety plan that include tactical responses to criminal incidents that may result in death or serious bodily injury at the school site. The portions of a school safety plan that include tactical responses to criminal incidents may be developed by administrators of the school district or county office of education in consultation with law enforcement officials and with a representative of an exclusive bargaining unit of employees of that school district or county office of education, if he or she chooses to participate. The school district or county office of education may elect not to disclose those portions of the comprehensive school safety plan that include tactical responses to criminal incidents.

(2) As used in this article, "tactical responses to criminal incidents" means steps taken to safeguard pupils and staff, to secure the affected school premises, and to apprehend the criminal perpetrator or perpetrators.

(3) Nothing in this subdivision precludes the governing board of a school district or county office of education from conferring in a closed session with law enforcement officials pursuant to Section 54957 of the Government Code to approve a tactical response plan developed in consultation with those officials pursuant to this subdivision. Any vote to approve the tactical response plan shall be announced in open session following the closed session.

(4) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to reduce or eliminate the requirements of Section 32282.

Notwithstanding the process described above, any portion of a comprehensive safety plan that includes tactical responses to criminal incidents that may result in death or serious bodily injury at the school site, including steps to be taken to safeguard students and staff, secure the affected school premises, and apprehend the criminal perpetrator(s), shall be developed by district administrators in accordance with Education Code 32281. In developing such strategies, district administrators shall consult with law enforcement officials and with a representative of an employee bargaining unit, if he/she chooses to participate.

When reviewing the tactical response plan, the Board may meet in closed session to confer with law enforcement officials, provided that any vote to approve the tactical response plan is announced in open session following the closed session. (Education Code 32281)

Note: "Lockdown," like "Drop, Cover, and Hold On" can be initiated by a teacher or employee in response to violent behavior, shots fired, or any other activity that threatens the safety of students and staff. When initiated by a teacher or employee, it is their responsibility to get a message to the school office about the nature of the incident, when it is safe to do so.

Suspected Contamination of Food or Water

This procedure applies if there is evidence of tampering with food packaging, observation of suspicious individuals in the proximity of food or water supplies or suspicion of possible food/water contamination. Indicators of the contamination may include unusual odor, color and/or taste or multiple individuals with unexplained nausea, vomiting or other illness.

PRINCIPAL/DESIGNEE ACTIONS:

CALL 911

Isolate suspected contaminated food/water to prevent consumption. Restrict access to the area.

Maintain a log of affected students and staff and their systems, the food/water suspected to be contaminated, the quantity and character of products consumed and other pertinent information.

Provide a list of potentially affected students and staff to responding authorities.

Provide staff with information on possible poisonous materials in the building.

Notify District Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director of situation and number of students and staff affected.

STAFF ACTIONS:

Notify principal/designee

CALL the POISON CENTER HOTLINE 1-800-222-1222.

Administer first aid as directed by the poison information center.

Seek additional medical attention as needed.

PREVENTATIVE MEASURES:

Keep poisonous materials in a locked and secure location.

Post the Poison Control Center emergency number in the front office, school health room (located in the main office) and on all phones that can call outside.

Post the names of building personnel who have special paramedic, first aid training or other special lifesaving or life-sustaining training.

Tactical Responses to Criminal Incidents

(1) When a principal or his or her designee verifies through local law enforcement officials that a report has been filed of the occurrence of a violent crime on the school site of an elementary or secondary school at which he or she is the principal, the principal or the principal's designee may send to each pupil's parent or legal guardian and each school employee a written notice of the occurrence and general nature of the crime. If the principal or his or her designee chooses to send the written notice, the Legislature encourages the notice to be sent no later than the end of business on the second regular workday after the verification. If, at the time of verification, local law enforcement officials determine that notification of the violent crime would hinder an ongoing investigation, the notification authorized by this subdivision shall be made within a reasonable period of time, to be determined by the local law enforcement agency and the school district. For purposes of this section, an act that is considered a "violent crime" shall meet the definition of Section 67381 and be an act for which a pupil could or would be expelled pursuant to Section 48915.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall create any liability in a school district or its employees for complying with paragraph (1).

(1) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), a school district or county office of education may, in consultation with law enforcement officials, elect to not have its school site council develop and write those portions of its comprehensive school safety plan that include tactical responses to criminal incidents that may result in death or serious bodily injury at the school site. The portions of a school safety plan that include tactical responses to criminal incidents may be developed by administrators of the school district or county office of education in consultation with law enforcement officials and with a representative of an exclusive bargaining unit of employees of that school district or county office of education, if he or she chooses to participate. The school district or county office of education may elect not to disclose those portions of the comprehensive school safety plan that include tactical responses to criminal incidents.

(2) As used in this article, "tactical responses to criminal incidents" means steps taken to safeguard pupils and staff, to secure the affected school premises, and to apprehend the criminal perpetrator or perpetrators.

(3) Nothing in this subdivision precludes the governing board of a school district or county office of education from conferring in a closed session with law enforcement officials pursuant to Section 54957 of the Government Code to approve a tactical response plan developed in consultation with those officials pursuant to this subdivision. Any vote to approve the tactical response plan shall be announced in open session following the closed session.

(4) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to reduce or eliminate the requirements of Section 32282.

Notwithstanding the process described above, any portion of a comprehensive safety plan that includes tactical responses to criminal incidents that may result in death or serious bodily injury at the school site, including steps to be taken to safeguard students and staff, secure the affected school premises, and apprehend the criminal perpetrator(s), shall be developed by district administrators in accordance with Education Code 32281. In developing such strategies, district administrators shall consult with law enforcement officials and with a representative of an employee bargaining unit, if he/she chooses to participate. When reviewing the tactical response plan, the Board may meet in closed session to confer with law enforcement officials, provided that any vote to approve the tactical response plan is announced in open session following the closed session. (Education Code 32281)

- The principal notifies the Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director.
- The decision to evacuate students off-site will be made by the Principal/Designee/Law Enforcement/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director.

Depending on the situation: LOCKDOWN-follow lockdown procedures (see below), RUN-HIDE-FIGHT-follow Active Shooter Procedures (see below), EVACUATE-if told to evacuate campus move to the designated location off-site or evacuation area on-site.

How to respond when Law Enforcement Arrives

- Remain calm and follow instructions
- Remove any items in your hands (i.e., cell phones, bags, jackets)
- Raise hands and spread fingers
- Keep hands visible at all times
- Avoid quick movements toward officers such as holding on to them for safety
- Avoid pointing, screaming or yelling
- Do not stop to ask officers for help or direction when evacuating

Call 911 and notify the District Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director when it is safe to do so.

Information to provide to Law Enforcement or 911 Operator

- The specific location of the active shooter
- Number of Shooters
- Physical description of shooters
- Number and type of weapons held by shooters
- Number of potential victims at the location

Lockdown Procedure:

- Designate an individual to call 911 and stay on the phone with the operator. Notify District Office at the same time, or as soon as possible.
- Notify staff, students, and visitors of the situation without using code words or euphemisms via:
- An announcement over the PA: "LOCKDOWN-LOCKDOWN!!! Your attention please, initiates lockdown procedures immediately and stand by for further instructions." OR (if no PA system is available or audible in all areas of campus)
- Use pre-determined Bell Code System to alert staff. Be sure all classrooms, libraries, cafeterias, gymnasiums, and all other on-campus programs and offices are also notified.
- Lockdown your office.
- Sit tight! When law enforcement arrives on campus they will give you instructions.

Lockdown Preparations:

- In classrooms and offices:

- Shut and lock doors and all windows, pull draperies or close blinds and blacken any doorway windows. DO NOT open the door for anyone or peek out windows until “All Clear” signal is given
- Move all students and staff out of the line of sight, usually away from the windows and staying low and quiet
- Turn off lights
- Keep calm and quiet
- Take out class roster and take roll. Notify office (as pre-determined via phone, email, text, etc.) of any missing or extra students.
- Post red or green signs, if recommended by district, if it is safe to do so
- Remain in classrooms and offices until the “All Clear” signal is given or you are escorted out by first responders
- In the cafeteria, library or gymnasium:
 - Shut and lock doors and all windows, pull draperies or close blinds and blacken any doorway windows
 - Move all students and staff away from windows and stay low, below the window line
 - Turn off lights
 - Keep calm and quiet
 - Take out class roster and take roll. Notify office (via phone, email, text, etc.) of any missing or extra students.
 - Post red or green signs, if recommended by district, if it is safe to do so
 - Remain in place until the “All Clear” signal is given or you are escorted out by first responders
- Outdoors, passing periods, before and after school, and at lunch:
 - Immediately move inside the nearest building
 - Follow procedures above
 - Remain in place until the “All Clear” signal is given or you are escorted out by first responders

Additional Lockdown Procedures:

- Short term lockdown (less than 8 hours)- open emergency supply box/kit if needed
- Long term lockdown (more than 8 hours)- open emergency supply box/kit and set-up latrine system
- After “All Clear “ signal is given:
 - Activate Parent Alert System (phone tree, if one is in place or other method)
 - Retake roll to determine if any students remain unaccounted
 - Initiate Crisis Intervention Team for grief support and trauma recovery if necessary

Note: “Lockdown,” like “Drop, Cover, and Hold On” can be initiated by a teacher or employee in response to violent behavior, shots fired, or any other activity that threatens the safety of students and staff. When initiated by a teacher or employee, it is their responsibility to get a message to the school office about the nature of the incident, when it is safe to do so.

How to assist those with disabilities during a lockdown:

Visually impaired

- Announce the type of emergency
- Offer your arm for guidance if they need to be moved to safety

Hearing impaired

- Turn lights on/off to gain persons attention
- Indicate directions with gestures or write a note with directions

Individuals with crutches, canes or walkers

- Assist to safety, if necessary

Individuals in wheelchairs

- If necessary, move wheelchair to appropriate place

Run-Hide-Fight/Active Shooter Procedures:

Inside:

RUN...

Know where the threat is and run away from it

Know your escape routes

Leave your belongings behind

Take your cell phone

Keep hands visible for responding Law Enforcement

HIDE...

Call 911 for assistance if possible

Lock and barricade door(s)

Cover windows, close blinds, and curtains

Tell students to be quiet and silence cell phones

Stay low to the ground and hide away from windows

Spread out (if possible)

Be prepared to FIGHT

Call 911 and notify the District Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Coordinator when it is safe to do so.

Information to provide to Law Enforcement or 911 Operator

The specific location of the active shooter

Number of Shooters

Physical description of shooters

Number and type of weapons held by shooters

Number of potential victims at the location

FIGHT...

As a last resort and only when your life is in imminent danger

If an intruder comes in the classroom, be prepared to fight

Use a weapon (fire extinguisher, chair, books, etc.)

Use your surroundings to create distractions: yelling, trip hazards, throwing items, turning off lights, putting furniture in front of the door

Outside:

If shots fired - immediately "Drop and cover"

If it is safe, move away from the shooting

How to respond when Law Enforcement Arrives

Remain calm and follow instructions

Remove any items in your hands (i.e., cell phones, bags, jackets)

Raise hands and spread fingers

Keep hands visible at all times

Avoid quick movements toward officers such as holding on to them for safety

Avoid pointing, screaming or yelling

Do not stop to ask officers for help or direction when evacuating

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director and/or Law Enforcement.

The principal advises parents of the release of students to an alternate location when it is safe to do so.

Unlawful Demonstration or Walkout

In California, student protests are protected under the First Amendment and California Education Code, ensuring students' rights to free speech and expression, but these rights are not absolute and can be limited if protests disrupt school operations or incite unlawful acts.

Per EdCode EDC § 48205, a student has the right to engage in a political protest:

(12)(A) For the purpose of a middle school or high school pupil engaging in a civic or political event, as provided in subparagraph (B), provided that the pupil notifies the school ahead of the absence.

(B)(i) A middle school or high school pupil who is absent pursuant to subparagraph (A) is required to be excused for only one schoolday-long absence per school year.

(ii) A middle school or high school pupil who is absent pursuant to subparagraph (A) may be permitted additional excused absences in the discretion of a school administrator, as described in subdivision (c) of Section 48260.

Administration will respond to student protest per Board Policy 5131.4.

Wildland/Urban Interface Fire

Immediately evaluate the situation and potentially engage the “Secure the Campus” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. If needed, engage the “Evacuate” emergency response from the Essential 5. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Wildfires or Wildland/Urban Interface Fires have occurred almost on a yearly basis around Sonoma County and or nearby local counties and schools may have a lot of warning about a wildfire that may affect their location, or they may have very little time to respond. In the response phase, the principal or school district will:

1. Follow the directions of emergency responders and the local public health department. If the entity is not in immediate danger from a wildfire, officials may recommend the campus shelter-in-place or take other actions (e.g., curtail outdoor activities). Schools, however, should be prepared to take other actions, such as evacuation. As always, educational staff members do not have to wait for instructions from local officials to respond—they should do whatever is needed to protect their students, staff members, and faculty.
2. Regularly monitor the following:
 - o The situation via community partners (e.g., local emergency management and public health department). Air quality may be provided on a state or local government’s website or airnow.gov, including its link to current fire conditions. Current fire locations and their perimeters are provided on this U.S. Geological Survey tool. Some areas of the country are also able to sign up for air quality alerts.
 - o The health of students, staff members, and faculty, especially those who have respiratory problems. Consider using portable air cleaners in designated rooms. Air quality will probably be better in rooms that have fewer doors and windows.
3. Implement ICS, if necessary.
4. Provide Psychological First Aid (PFA). PFA is an early, brief, and focused intervention that can help reduce the social and emotional distress of children and adults after traumatic events. More information on Psychological First Aid for Schools (PFA-S), which is an evidence-informed intervention specifically designed to assist students, staff, and families, can be found in a REMS TA Center Web page Psychological First Aid for Schools (PFA-S), Helpful Hints publication Psychological First Aid (PFA) for Students and Teachers: Listen, Protect, Connect—Model & Teach, and Webinar Implementing Psychological First Aid (PFA) in School and Postsecondary Settings.
5. Plan for managing donations and volunteers. If the school or IHE is directly affected by a wildfire, and especially if the incident garners a lot of media attention, the entity will need to manage volunteers who want to help the school/IHE and/or provide donations. Systems and processes should be identified and created before an incident. More information is provided in this REMS TA Center Webinar and fact sheet.
6. Keep families informed about the situation (including resources and psychological support available to them) and campus openings, closings, and delayed opening times.

It is important for the district to constantly monitor the status of these fires as well as the air quality. Students should remain indoors away from the smoke and ash debris.

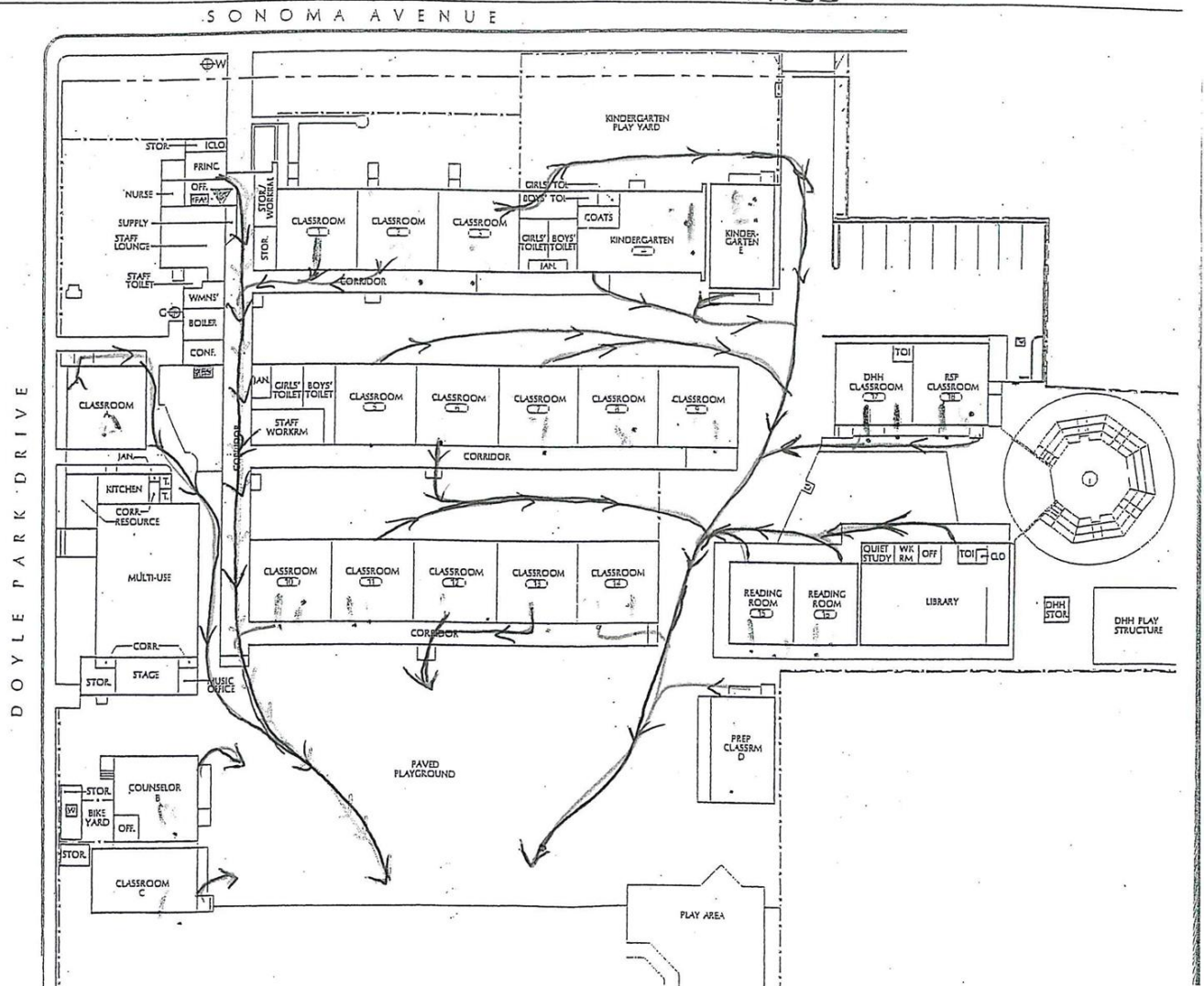
Air Quality

1. The Air Quality Index located on the SRCS District website will be used to determine if activities should be moved indoors.
2. The principal will communicate to staff and students via the PA System when activities will remain indoors.
3. The principal will communicate to parents that students are safe and due to the air quality activities will resume and remain indoors.
4. The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director and/or Law Enforcement.

Emergency Evacuation Map

Emergency Evacuation Map.

SRFACS



Quick Reference Guide

EMERGENCY RESPONSE ACTIONS



1. SHELTER IN PLACE

Implement to isolate students and staff from the outdoor environment and provide greater protection from external airborne contaminants or wildlife.

- Close doors & windows
- Monitor communications
- Students/Staff remain in room & continue class as "normal"
- Call office/campus supervisors if assistance is needed
- No Students IN/OUT of class unless essential & safe (*supervision required)
- Shut off air conditioner/heater if warranted



2. DROP, COVER & HOLD ON

Implement during an earthquake or explosion to protect occupants from flying and falling debris.

- Drop to the ground
- Take cover under a sturdy desk or table
- Hold on until shaking stops
- If no cover available, protect your head and neck with your arms
- Stay away from windows and objects that could fall
- Evacuate when safe, if there is damage to the building



3. SECURE THE CAMPUS

Initiate for a potential threat of danger in the surrounding community.

- Lock Doors/Windows/Halls/Gates
- Windows covered at staff discretion
- Remain in classroom and continue class as "normal"
- No students IN/OUT of class unless essential & safe (*supervision required)
- Monitor communications
- Students remain in class until "ALL CLEAR"



4. LOCKDOWN/BARRICADE

Initiate for an immediate threat of danger to occupants of a campus or school building.

- Lock Doors/Windows & Halls/Gates if safe
- Do not open the door for anyone
- Close Blinds/Cover Windows/Lights Off
- Hide & Protect: No people In/Out of Class (not even for the restroom)
- Silence electronics & phones, may text parent/guardian location & status
- Monitor communications
- If immediate threat- Run to safety if able to escape & keep hands visible



5. EVACUATION

Implement when conditions outside the building or off-site are safer than inside or on-site. Requires moving or directing students and staff to move from school buildings to a pre-determined safe location.

- Take account of unique needs of individuals with access and functional needs
- If appropriate, bring your keys, emergency kit, roll sheets, and radio with you when you exit the building
- Follow evacuation route & procedure for safe exit
- Report to pre-assigned gathering location
- Take roll and report missing students, student injury, or surplus students/staff to administrator
- Run, Hide, Fight if necessary

THE ESSENTIAL
FIVE

Emergency Response Actions



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