

Comprehensive School Safety Plan

2026-27 School Year

School: Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts
CDS Code: 49 70912 0113530
District: Santa Rosa City Schools
Address:

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Date of Review:
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Approved by:


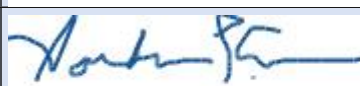
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California Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP) Overview

The California Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP) is a **mandated framework for all K-12 schools in California**. This includes public schools, public charter schools, community schools, and court schools. For school districts with fewer than 2,501 students, a single district-wide safety plan may cover all schools.

Purpose: The CSSP is designed to **identify and address potential risks on campus, prepare for emergencies, and ensure a safe and secure learning environment** for students and staff. It also aims to prevent violence and behaviors that undermine safety and security. Designated stakeholders must annually engage in a systematic planning process to develop strategies and policies for a wide range of incidents, including:

- Emergencies, natural, and other disasters
- Hate crimes and violence
- Cyberbullying, discrimination, and harassment
- Child abuse and neglect
- Discipline, suspension, and expulsion

How to write your School Safety Plan

The CSSP must be **written and developed by the school site council (SSC)** or a designated safety planning committee. This committee typically includes the principal/designee, a teacher, a parent of a child attending the school, and a classified employee. It is also recommended to include students, mental health specialists, nurses, athletic coaches, multilingual community liaisons, food staff, custodians, local businesses, and nonprofits.

Key Elements and Procedures (Required Components): Your CSSP must include, but is not limited to, the following components:

- **Assessment of current school crime status** (reviewing office referrals, attendance, suspension/expulsion data, etc.).
- **Child abuse and neglect reporting procedures**, consistent with California Penal Code. This includes clear identification of child abuse/neglect signs and mandatory reporting obligations for all school/district employees and athletic coaches who have a "reasonable suspicion".
- **Disaster procedures**, routine and emergency plans, and crisis response plans, with adaptations for students with disabilities.
- **Earthquake emergency procedures**, including a school building disaster plan, a "drop" procedure practiced quarterly in elementary schools and semiannually in secondary schools, and protective measures.
- **Fire drills** (monthly for elementary/intermediate, twice yearly for secondary).
- **School building disaster plans** for situations like bomb threats, bioterrorism, intruders, weapons, explosions, gas/fumes, and power failures.
- Procedures allowing public agencies (e.g., American Red Cross) to **use school facilities for mass care and welfare shelters** during an emergency.
- **Suspension/expulsion policies and procedures**. Note that recent legislation (SB 274) prohibits suspensions and expulsions for willful defiance in K-12, with limited exceptions. Alternatives to suspension that focus on addressing root causes and improving behavioral and academic outcomes are encouraged.
- Procedures to **notify teachers of dangerous students**.
- **Discrimination and harassment policy**, including hate crime reporting procedures.
- **Schoolwide dress code**, if it exists, including prohibition of gang-related apparel.
- Procedures for **safe ingress and egress** of pupils, parents/guardians, and employees.
- Maintenance of a **safe and orderly learning environment**.
- **Rules and procedures on school discipline**.
- Procedures for **conducting tactical responses to criminal incidents**, including individuals with guns on school campuses and at school-related functions. Procedures for active shooters or other armed assailants should be based on specific needs and context. High-intensity drills are prohibited.
- Procedures to assess and respond to **dangerous, violent, or unlawful activity**.
- Procedures to respond to incidents involving **sudden cardiac arrest or other life-threatening medical emergencies** (required by July 1, 2025).
- A **protocol for opioid overdose** for grades 7-12.
- An **Instructional Continuity Plan** to provide instruction when in-person instruction is disrupted (required by July 1, 2025).

- Collaboration with **other school site councils or safety planning committees**.
- Annual access to the CDE's **online training resources for bullying and cyberbullying prevention** for certificated staff and all other school site employees who regularly interact with students. The CDE recommends including bullying/cyberbullying prevention policies in the CSSP.

Recommended Components and Best Practices:

- **Staff Training:** Ensure all staff receive proper training on the CSSP.
- **Collaboration with First Responders:** Annually consult with local law enforcement, fire departments, and other first responders when updating the CSSP, and notify them of any changes. Establishing strong connections before an emergency is crucial.
- **Community Input:** Present the safety plan goals at a **public meeting** at the school site to allow for public opinions before adopting the plan.
- **Clear Guidelines & Roles:** Include clear guidelines for roles and responsibilities of mental health professionals, athletic coaches, community intervention professionals, and school resource officers.
- **Age-Appropriate Protocols:** Design lockdown, shelter-in-place, and evacuation procedures, and conduct drills that are age-appropriate for students.
- **Youth Suicide Prevention Policy:** Include this policy in the CSSP.
- **Pandemic and COOP Plans:** Incorporate a Pandemic Influenza Checklist and Resources, a dedicated Pandemic Plan, and a Continuity of Operations Plan (COOP).
- **Plan Protection:** Implement physical security and cybersecurity measures to protect the sensitive information within your safety plan.
- **Diversity and Communication:** Ensure reunification plans are communicated to parents/guardians in languages they understand, and safety materials are available for limited English proficient families.
- **Ongoing Task and Leadership:** Designate a school site safety leader to work with the SSC/safety planning committee.
- **Student Participation:** Encourage active student participation in SSC or School Safety Committee meetings.
- **Crisis Response Box & Emergency Supplies:** Create a centralized crisis response box with critical resources (maps, keys, emergency cards) and an emergency supplies kit.
- **Regular Safety Assessments:** Conduct safety/security site assessments regularly and after critical incidents to identify vulnerabilities.
- **Threat Assessment Team:** Partner with your district to establish or enhance a Threat Assessment Team to identify, assess, and handle threats.
- **Substitute Teacher Awareness:** Ensure substitute teachers and classified staff receive briefings and materials on school safety procedures.
- **Safety Tools:** Consider using access control systems, security cameras, burglar and fire alarms, and effective communication systems.

Safety Plan Completion Timeline

Effective school safety planning is an **ongoing process**, requiring regular review and evaluation, especially after critical incidents.

1. **Annual Update and Adoption:** Each school is required by law to **update and adopt its CSSP by March 1 every year**.
2. **District/COE Approval:** The adopted plan must then be forwarded to the school district or County Office of Education (COE) for approval. While there's no specific deadline for approval, the CDE recommends approval within a month of school adoption or as soon as practical before October 15.
3. **Notification to CDE:** Each school district or COE must annually notify the California Department of Education (CDE) **by October 15** of any schools that have not complied with the requirements. Failure to make this required report can result in an assessment of up to \$2,000 against the district or COE.
4. **Public Inspection:** An updated file of all non-sensitive safety-related plans and materials must be **readily available for inspection by the public** if requested.

A copy of the Comprehensive School Safety Plan is available for review at the front office and the public board agenda..

Safety Plan Vision

Santa Rosa City Schools envisions schools that are orderly and purposeful places where students and staff are free to learn and teach without the threat of physical and psychological harm. They are characterized by sensitivity and respect for all individuals regardless of cultural and ethnic background, an environment of nonviolence, clear behavioral expectations, disciplinary policies that are

consistently and fairly administered, students' affiliation and bonding to the school, support and recognition for positive behavior, and a sense of community on the school campus. Safe schools are also characterized by proactive security procedures, established emergency response plans, timely maintenance, cleanliness, and clean campus and classroom appearance. Additionally, the California Constitution, Article I, Section 28(c): Right to Safe Schools, states that "All students and staff of primary, elementary, junior high, and high schools have the inalienable right to attend campuses which are safe, secure, and peaceful."

Components of the Comprehensive School Safety Plan (EC 32281)

Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts Safety Committee

At Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts, the Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP) is developed and overseen by our Parent Advisory Board/School Site Council (PAB/SSC), which represents a broad cross-section of our school community. The committee includes the principal, certificated teacher representatives who participate through adjunct duty assignments, classified staff, parents, middle school students and is further strengthened by input from additional stakeholders as appropriate; this team collaborates annually with local law enforcement, fire, and emergency response agencies to ensure the CSSP remains current, comprehensive, and responsive to the needs of our campus. Under California Education Code (EC) 32281, a comprehensive school safety plan (CSSP) must be developed and maintained by each school. The plan should address safety concerns for students and staff and include the following key components:

Assessment of School Safety

- (A) Child Abuse Reporting Procedures (EC 35294.2 [a] [2]; PC 11166)
- (B) Disaster Procedures (EC 35295-35297; GC 8607 and 3100)
- (C) School Suspension, Expulsion and Mandatory Expulsion Guidelines
- (D) Procedures to Notify Teachers of Dangerous Pupils (EC 49079)
- (E) Discrimination and Harassment Policies (EC 212.6 [b])
- (F) School-wide Dress Code Including Gang-Related Apparel (EC 35183)
- (G) Procedure for Safe Ingress and Egress of Pupils, Parents, and Staff to and from School (EC 35294.2)
- (H) A Safe and Orderly School Environment Conducive to Learning (EC 35294.2)
- (I) School Discipline Rules and Procedures (EC 35291 and EC 35291.5)
- (J) Tactical Responses to Criminal Incidents (See EOP, ANNEX B) (EC 32282(a)[2](J))

Assessment of School Safety

Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts approaches school safety through a collaborative, data-informed lens that reflects our commitment to student well-being and community care. As part of our Comprehensive School Safety Plan, a representative team reviews multiple sources of data that includes discipline trends, attendance and climate surveys, and safety inspections to conduct a thorough risk assessment that examines threats, vulnerabilities, and potential impacts, ensuring that our safety goals and action steps are thoughtful, preventative, and responsive to identified areas for growth.

Strategies and Programs to Provide and Maintain a High Level of Safety (EC 32281(a)1, items A-J)

Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts implements a comprehensive, preventative approach to school safety that prioritizes student well-being, positive school climate, and preparedness. Through clearly defined roles for mental health professionals, counselors, administrators, and community partners, the school emphasizes early intervention, restorative practices, and Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports (PBIS), while also maintaining clear procedures for supervision, visitor management, emergency drills, and collaboration with first responders. Together, these programs and strategies work cohesively to create a safe, supportive learning environment where students feel connected, cared for, and empowered to seek help when concerns arise. Safe Firearm Storage Annual Notification

Parents and legal guardians in the Santa Rosa City School District are responsible for keeping firearms out of children's hands as required by California law. There have been many news reports of children bringing firearms to school. In many instances, the child obtained the firearm(s) from his or her home. These incidents can be easily prevented by storing firearms in a safe and secure manner, including keeping them locked up when not in use and storing them separately from ammunition.

To help everyone understand their legal responsibilities, this memorandum spells out California law regarding the storage of firearms. Please take some time to review this memorandum and evaluate your own personal practices to assure that you and your family are in compliance with California law.

With very limited exceptions, California makes a person criminally liable for keeping any firearm, loaded or unloaded, within any premises that are under their custody and control where that person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to the firearm without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian, and the child obtains access to the firearm and thereby (1) causes death or injury to the child or any other person; (2) carries the firearm off the premises or to a public place, including to any preschool or school grades transition kindergarten through twelfth grade, or to any school-sponsored event, activity, or performance; or (3) unlawfully brandishes the firearm to others.¹

Note: The criminal penalty may be significantly greater if someone dies or suffers great bodily injury as a result of the child gaining access to the firearm.

With very limited exceptions, California also makes it a crime for a person to negligently store or leave any firearm, loaded or unloaded, on their premises in a location where the person knows or reasonably should know that a child is likely to gain access to it without the permission of the child's parent or legal guardian unless reasonable action is taken to secure the firearm against access by the child, even where a minor never actually accesses the firearm.²

In addition to potential fines and terms of imprisonment, as of January 1, 2020, a gun owner found criminally liable under these California laws faces prohibitions from possessing, controlling, owning, receiving, or purchasing a firearm for 10 years.³

Finally, a parent or guardian may also be civilly liable for damages resulting from the discharge of a firearm by that person's child or ward.⁴

Thank you for helping to keep our children and schools safe. Remember that the easiest and safest way to comply with the law is to keep firearms in a locked container or secured with a locking device that renders the firearm inoperable.

¹ See California Penal Code sections 25100 through 25125 and 25200 through 25220.2

² See California Penal Code section 25100(c).3

³ See California Civil Code Section 29805.

⁴ See California Civil Code Section 1714.3.

(A) Child Abuse Reporting Procedures (EC 35294.2 [a] [2]; PC 11166)

The district's instructional program shall include age appropriate and culturally sensitive child abuse prevention curriculum. This curriculum shall explain students' right to live free of abuse, include instruction in the skills and techniques needed to identify unsafe situations and react appropriately and promptly, inform students of available support resources, and teach students how to obtain help and disclose incidents of abuse.

The district's program also may include age-appropriate curriculum in sexual abuse and sexual assault awareness and prevention. Upon written request of a student's parent/guardian, the student shall be excused from taking such instruction. (Education Code 51900.6)

The Superintendent or designee shall, to the extent feasible, seek to incorporate community resources into the district's child abuse prevention programs and may use these resources to provide parents/guardians with instruction in parenting skills and child abuse prevention.

Child Abuse Reporting:

The Superintendent or designee shall establish procedures for the identification and reporting of known and suspected child abuse and neglect in accordance with law.

District employees who are mandated reporters, as defined by law and administrative regulation, are obligated to report all known or suspected incidents of child abuse and neglect.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide training regarding the duties of mandated reporters. This training shall include:

Legal definitions of child abuse and neglected children

Mandated reporter requirements and procedures

Liability protections for good faith reports

Confidentiality requirements

Training requirements for mandated reporters

Criminal penalties for failure to report

Key sections cover who must report (11165.7), what must be reported (11165.1-11165.6), reporting procedures (11166), and penalties (11166.01).

(B) Disaster Procedures (EC 35295-35297; GC 8607 and 3100)

Disaster Plan

Santa Rosa City Schools has adopted the Essential 5 Emergency Response System.

OBJECTIVES

This plan has the following objectives in an emergency:

1. To provide for effective action to minimize injuries and the loss of life among students and school personnel in case of an emergency during school hours.
2. To provide for the maximum utilization of school personnel and facilities to care for victims in an emergency.
3. To provide for the safety and well being of students and staff remaining at the school site following an emergency until released.
4. To provide for the safe and orderly release of students and staff as conditions permit.

PUPIL PROTECTION POLICY

The policy of the Board of Education for pupil protection is as follows:

1. The safety and security of students and school staff are of paramount importance. All actions taken shall bear in mind the safety and well being of both students and district employees.
2. Under no circumstances shall any child be released from the custody of school personnel unless and until such can be done with safety.
3. Any adult calling for a pupil at a school site will be required to identify himself/herself to an assigned staff member, be identified on the student's emergency card as an adult approved by the parent/guardian before being permitted to take a pupil from the school premises.
4. All visitors to the campus, including regular volunteers, must check into the office, and wear a visitor or volunteer badge. All volunteers must also sign-in on our volunteer log. Visitors from SCOE and related agencies must sign in and they also wear SCOE or other agency badges.
5. Student discipline and a positive school climate are important contributors to a safe and secure environment. All students are held accountable for their behavior and are aware of safety and security procedures (please see student discipline). All staff upholds the student discipline policy.
6. AB 2855 states "Each teacher will ascertain which students have disabilities which could cause these students to experience difficulties complying with emergency procedures. A plan for each student will be developed to ensure their safety.

Adaptations for Students with Disabilities

Per Senate Bill 323, Students with Disabilities should have adaptations to the safety plan to meet their needs.

Emergency Evacuation Procedures

Schools must outline how students with mobility impairments, sensory disabilities, or cognitive challenges will safely evacuate.

Assign staff responsibilities for assisting students with disabilities.

Ensure that accessible evacuation routes are clearly identified.

Individualized Emergency Plans

Schools should integrate emergency plans into students' Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) or Section 504 Plans.

These plans should address communication needs, medical needs, and behavioral supports during an emergency.

Training for Staff and First Responders

Staff must be trained on how to assist students with disabilities during drills and emergencies.

Schools should coordinate with local emergency responders to ensure they understand students' unique needs.

Behavioral and Sensory Considerations

Plans must account for students with autism or sensory processing disorders, who may respond differently to alarms or emergency instructions.

Quiet areas or alternative evacuation procedures should be included when needed.

Shelter-in-Place & Lockdown Plans

Schools must ensure that safe areas are accessible for students with disabilities.

Plans should address how to communicate with non-verbal students during a lockdown.

Compliance with Federal & State Laws

Must align with ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act.

Schools should collaborate with families to ensure individualized safety needs are met.

Public Agency Use of School Buildings for Emergency Shelters

In accordance with California Education Code Section 32282(a)(2)(B), our facilities shall be made available for mass care and welfare shelters during disasters or other emergencies affecting the public health and welfare. We coordinate with public agencies, including the American Red Cross, to establish memoranda of understanding for shelter operations that maintain both community safety and protection of school property.

(C) School Suspension, Expulsion and Mandatory Expulsion Guidelines

The Governing Board is committed to providing a safe, supportive, and positive school environment that is conducive to student learning and to preparing students for responsible citizenship by fostering self-discipline and personal responsibility. The Board believes that high expectations for student behavior, use of effective school and classroom management strategies, restorative practices, provision of appropriate intervention and support, and parent involvement can minimize the need for disciplinary measures that exclude students from instruction as a means for correcting student misbehavior. The Superintendent or designee shall develop effective, age-appropriate strategies for maintaining a positive school climate and correcting student misbehavior at district schools. The strategies shall focus on providing students with needed support; communicating clear, appropriate, and consistent expectations and consequences for student conduct; and ensuring equity and continuous improvement in the implementation of district discipline policies and practices. Disciplinary measures that may result in loss of instructional time or cause students to be disengaged from school, such as detention, suspension, and expulsion, shall be imposed only when required or permitted by law or when other means of correction have been documented to have failed. At all times, the safety of students and staff and the maintenance of an orderly school environment shall be priorities in determining appropriate discipline. When misconduct occurs, staff shall attempt to identify the causes of the student's behavior and implement appropriate discipline. When choosing between different disciplinary strategies, staff shall consider the effect of each option on the student's health, well-being, and opportunity to learn. Staff shall enforce disciplinary rules in accordance with the district's nondiscrimination policies. At the beginning of each school year, the principal of each school shall ensure that all students and parents/guardians are notified in writing of all school rules related to discipline, including suspension, expulsion, and mandatory expulsion guidelines.

In alignment with California Education Code Sections 48900-48927, and board policy and administrative regulations 5144.1 and administrative regulation 5144.2, our discipline policies establish clear guidelines for suspension and expulsion, including:

Grounds for suspension/expulsion based on specific violations

Mandatory expulsion for firearms, brandishing knives, selling controlled substances, sexual assault, and possession of explosives

Due process rights for students

Alternative means of correction before suspension when appropriate

Special procedures for students with disabilities

Timeline requirements for hearings and appeals

Requirements for educational placements during the expulsion period
Rehabilitation plans and readmission criteria
All disciplinary actions follow state-mandated procedures while ensuring student rights, due process, and educational access.

(D) Procedures to Notify Teachers of Dangerous Pupils (EC 49079)

Per California Education Code 49079, A school district shall inform the teacher of each pupil who has engaged in, or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in, any of the acts described in any of the subdivisions, except subdivision (h), of Section 48900 or in Section 48900.2, 48900.3, 48900.4, or 48900.7 that the pupil engaged in, or is reasonably suspected to have engaged in, those acts. The district shall provide the information to the teacher based upon any records that the district maintains in its ordinary course of business or receives from a law enforcement agency, regarding a pupil described in this section.

To maintain confidentiality when providing information about student school related offenses to counselors and teachers of classes/programs to which a student is assigned, the principal or designee shall send the staff member a written or emailed notification that one of his/her students has committed an offense that requires his/her review of a student's records in the student information system.

(E) Sexual Harassment Policies (EC 212.6 [b])

SEXUAL HARASSMENT POLICY (EC §231.5; 5 CCR §4917) Each district is required to have adopted a written policy on sexual harassment and shall provide a copy of such policy, as it pertains to students, with the annual notification. Districts are also required to display such policies in a prominent location and include it in orientation for employees and students, and provide a copy of such policies to new and continuing students. For information on Santa Rosa City Schools Sexual Harassment Policy and Nondiscrimination/Harassment Policy please see Your Rights page on the SRCS website. Also, please refer to Board Policy 5145.7 Sexual Harassment (students) and Board Policy 5145.3 Nondiscrimination/Harassment.

The Title IX coordinator/compliance officer(s) may be contacted at:

Title IX / Gender Equity / Sexual Harassment / Discrimination (All Students):

Stacy Desideri
110 Stony Point ste. 105
Santa Rosa, CA 95401
(707) 890-3800 x 80413
sdesideri@srcs.k12.ca.us

Title IX / Sexual Harassment / Discrimination (All Employees):

Vicki Zands, Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources
110 Stony Point ste. 150
Santa Rosa, CA 95401
(707) 890-3800 ext. 80605
vzands@srcs.k12.ca.us

Complaints should be filed as soon as reasonably possible after the conduct in question has arisen. All complaints shall be promptly and thoroughly investigated.

Santa Rosa City Schools Sexual Harassment policy is intended to supplement, and not replace, any applicable state and federal laws and regulations. Formal complaints under those laws and regulations shall be processed through the procedures established by applicable state and federal agencies. If questions arise concerning Santa Rosa City Schools' prohibition of sexual harassment, or any

other form of unlawful discrimination, or the methods and procedures to be followed in the investigation of complaints, please contact the above referenced compliance officer(s)/Title IX coordinator(s).

(F) School-wide Dress Code Relating to Gang-Related Apparel (EC 35183)

Gender Neutral Dress Code Policy

-Shoes must be affixed/fastened to the feet with a back. No wheels in "heeley" shoes.

-Shoes must be appropriate for PE and play.

-Undergarments/underwear must be covered.

-Clothing must cover chest, torso and undergarments.

-Articles of clothing which display profanity, hate speech, pornography, images or language that creates a hostile or intimidating environment are not permitted.

-Articles of clothing with images or language depicting: drugs, tobacco, or alcohol (or any illegal item or activity, including gang affiliation) are not permitted.

(G) Procedure for Safe Ingress and Egress of Pupils, Parents, and Staff to and from School (EC 35294.2)

Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts is located on Humboldt Street which is very congested at the beginning and end of the school day. Other streets surrounding the school are also busy at these times and pedestrians and bicyclists must take the utmost caution at each intersection. Students and parents need to be extremely careful dropping off and picking up their children on Humboldt and Orchard Streets. Children should cross the street at crosswalks only and should not run when exiting vehicles. Students should only be dropped off on the school side of the street. Students should not be dropped off across the street- requiring them to cross the street where there is no crosswalk on Orchard Street.

A crossing guard is assigned to the corner of Humboldt at College Ave. to assist pedestrians crossing College Ave. and Humboldt. When the crossing guard(s) are on duty the student must wait to cross the street with the crossing guard. Otherwise, pedestrians should push the WALK button (if available) and wait for the signal to flash. Do not assume it is safe when the signal flashes and always look both ways before crossing.

All campus visitors, including parents, are to report to the office, sign in and wear a visitor's badge. When leaving campus before the school day is over, students must be signed out from the binder in the Main Office.

Signs are posted at all entrances indicating that all visitors must report to the office. Former student visitors MUST be under staff supervision at all times and get written permission two weeks before visiting from the staff and parent/guardian and can only visit when their school is NOT in session.

Releasing Children from School

A student may not be released to anyone other than a parent, guardian or person listed on the child's emergency card. A child may go home with someone other than those listed on the card if the parent calls the school and talks to the school office staff, sends an email or provides a signed and dated note to office staff. If someone other than those listed on the card arrives at the school to pick up a child, the child will not be released to that person unless the parent or guardian can be located to approve such release.

Adults picking up their children early must report to the office and not the classroom. Children will be picked up from the office.

Adults picking up students early from school will remain in the main office until their student has arrived in the Main office for pick up.

Morning supervision does not begin until 7:50 am. Students who arrive at campus prior to 7:50 am must be directly supervised by their parent or guardian. Students are to be picked up from school at dismissal time. Students are not to remain on campus following dismissal unless they are scheduled to be in after school programs, such as an enrichment class, childcare or homework club.

Volunteer Screening

All volunteers must go through the district screening protocols via the website: beamentor.org

(H) A Safe and Orderly School Environment Conducive to Learning (EC 35294.2)

Goal

Ensure that all students are supported by staff to be safe, responsible, respectful and kind.

Component:

Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts provides an orderly, purposeful atmosphere that is free from the threat of physical harm. The school climate is conducive to teaching and learning. Students are taught the necessary behaviors to make the school “safe and orderly.” Desirable behaviors taught include being safe, respectful and responsible.

Element:

A comprehensive school improvement plan is monitored and updated as appropriate by our Parent Advisory Board/School Site Counsel which includes representatives from certificated staff and parents.

Opportunity for Improvement:

Fencing is a major concern for safety that has been raised by stakeholders. Security would be significantly improved with fencing and gates at the front of the campus limiting entrance to the campus to the front of the school. With additional fencing, access to the campus would be severely curtailed and easier to monitor by office staff, as all visitors would need to enter the campus through the main office to sign in and wear a visitors badge. Quick release gates at the rear of the school would enable the gates to be locked from outside access while still allowing staff and students on campus to quickly exit if needed.

| Objectives | Action Steps | Resources | Lead Person | Evaluation |
|------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
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| Objectives | Action Steps | Resources | Lead Person | Evaluation |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| <p>Safe School Ambassadors Program Empower selected upper-grade (5th-8th grade) students to serve as peer leaders who promote kindness, inclusion, and conflict prevention across campus.</p> <p>Reduce incidents of bullying, harassment, and social exclusion through proactive peer intervention and positive modeling.</p> <p>Strengthen school climate by fostering student voice, responsibility, and empathy aligned with restorative and SEL practices.</p> <p>Support younger students by providing visible, trained peer role models during recess, lunch, and unstructured times.</p> | <p>Identify and select student ambassadors through staff recommendations, emphasizing leadership potential, empathy, and inclusivity.</p> <p>Provide initial and ongoing training in conflict resolution, active listening, bystander intervention, and restorative communication strategies.</p> <p>Schedule regular ambassador check-ins and reflection meetings facilitated by school staff.</p> <p>Assign ambassadors to support recess and lunch periods, school events, and transitions where peer support is most impactful.</p> <p>Integrate ambassador work with existing SEL, restorative practices, and school-wide character education initiatives.</p> <p>Celebrate and acknowledge ambassadors publicly to reinforce positive leadership and service.</p> | <p>Safe School Ambassadors curriculum and training materials.</p> <p>Dedicated staff time for training, facilitation, and supervision.</p> <p>Collaboration with school counselor, restorative specialist, and administrative team.</p> <p>Designated meeting space for trainings and reflection sessions.</p> <p>Materials for student recognition (certificates, assemblies, announcements).</p> <p>Data from behavior referrals, incident reports, and school climate surveys.</p> | <p>Primary Lead: Art Coordinator to initially get the program off the ground and then shifting the lead to our School Counselor and/or Restorative Practices Coordinator.</p> | <p>Monitor trends in playground and campus behavior referrals and incident reports.</p> <p>Gather student, staff, and ambassador feedback through reflections and surveys.</p> <p>Observe ambassador effectiveness during unstructured times (recess, lunch, transitions).</p> <p>Review school climate data to assess changes in student sense of safety and belonging.</p> <p>Use findings to refine training, expand the program, and align goals with the SPSA and LCAP.</p> |

Goal

Component:

Element:

Opportunity for Improvement:

| Objectives | Action Steps | Resources | Lead Person | Evaluation |
|------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
|------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|------------|

Goal

Component:

Element:

Opportunity for Improvement:

| Objectives | Action Steps | Resources | Lead Person | Evaluation |
|------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|------------|
|------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|------------|

(I) School Discipline Rules and Consequences (EC 35291 and EC 35291.5)

Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts Student Conduct Code

The following guidelines/rules are meant to ensure a safe learning environment for everyone at school:

- Respect other people’s property, bodies, and feelings.
- Follow directions and cooperate with others.
- Use language that is respectful and courteous.
- Play safely and only in areas with adult supervision.
- Honestly accept responsibility for one’s actions.

The following are NOT allowed:

- Unnecessary noise, talking, or physical contact that is disruptive.
- Refusing to follow the directions of any school staff members.
- Unsafe play and play in an unsupervised area.
- Littering and not picking up after oneself.
- Foul language that offends or hurts others.
- Threats or harassment.
- Hateful or violent behavior.
- Stealing or damaging school or personal property.
- Fighting or other unsafe and inappropriate physical contact.
- Tobacco, vaping, alcohol or illegal drugs.
- Knives, firearms

Possible interventions and consequences for not following the rules:

Each teacher has classroom consequences for misconduct which may include ignoring minor misbehavior; non-verbal warnings and cues; warn student privately; conference with the teacher later; time-out; time-out to another classroom; parent contact/conference; or refer to principal “Verbal warning”, suspension or expulsion

Conduct Code Procedures

Santa Rosa City Schools refers to the Student Behavior and Discipline Matrix 2025 for a calibrated and system-wide restorative approach to discipline.

(K) Hate Crime Reporting Procedures and Policies

Non-Discrimination Statement

The Santa Rosa City Schools District prohibits, at any district school or school activity, discrimination, intimidation, harassment (including sexual harassment) or bullying based on a person's actual or perceived ancestry, color, disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, immigration status, nationality, national origin, race or ethnicity, ethnic group identification, age, religion, marital status, pregnancy, parental status, physical or mental disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or genetic information, medical information or association with a person or a group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics. This shall apply to interns, volunteers, and job applicants when applicable.

The District Equity Compliance Officer(s) may be contacted at: the District Equity/Discrimination officer(s) may be contacted at:

District Equity/Discrimination (All Students):

Stacy Desideri
110 Stony Point ste. 105
Santa Rosa, CA 95401
(707) 890-3800 x 80413
sdesideri@srcs.k12.ca.us

District Equity/Discrimination (All Employees):

Vicki Zands, Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources
110 Stony Point ste. 150
Santa Rosa, CA 95401
(707) 890-3800 ext. 80605
vzands@srcs.k12.ca.us

Complaints should be filed as soon as reasonably possible after the conduct in question has arisen. All complaints shall be promptly and thoroughly investigated.

Santa Rosa City Schools' Sexual Harassment policy is intended to supplement, and not replace, any applicable state and federal laws and regulations. Formal complaints under those laws and regulations shall be processed through the procedures established by applicable state and federal agencies. If questions arise concerning Santa Rosa City Schools' prohibition of sexual harassment, or any other form of unlawful discrimination, or the methods and procedures to be followed in the investigation of complaints, please contact the above-referenced District Equity/Discrimination coordinator(s).

(J) Procedures to Prepare for Active Shooters

Profile of an Active Shooter

An active shooter is an individual actively engaged in killing or attempting to kill people in a confined and populated area, typically through the use of firearms.

Characteristics of an Active Shooter situation

Victims are predominantly selected at random
The event is unpredictable and evolves quickly
Unless confronted, law enforcement is required to resolve the violent situation

Coping with an Active Shooter situation

Be aware of your environment and any possible dangers
Take notes of the two nearest exits in any facility/location you enter
If you are in an office and can't escape, stay there and secure/barricade the door
Attempt to take the Active Shooter down as a last resort

Active Shooter Procedures

Inside:

RUN...

Know where the threat is and run away from it
Know your escape routes
Leave your belongings behind
Take your cell phone
Keep hands visible for responding Law Enforcement

HIDE...

Call 911 for assistance if possible
Lock and barricade door(s)
Cover windows, close blinds, and curtains
Tell students to be quiet and silence cell phones
Stay low to the ground and hide away from windows
Spread out (if possible)
Be prepared to FIGHT

Call 911 and notify the District Superintendent/District Incident Command when it is safe to do so.

Information to provide to Law Enforcement or 911 Operator

The specific location of the active shooter
Number of Shooters
Physical description of shooters
Number and type of weapons held by shooters
Number of potential victims at the location

FIGHT...

As a last resort, and only when your life is in imminent danger
If an intruder comes into the classroom, be prepared to fight
Use a weapon (fire extinguisher, chair, books, etc.)
Use your surroundings to create distractions: yelling, trip hazards, throwing items, turning off lights, putting furniture in front of the door

Outside:

If shots are fired - immediately "Drop and cover."
If it is safe, move away from the shooting

How to respond when Law Enforcement Arrives

Remain calm and follow instructions
Remove any items in your hands (i.e., cell phones, bags, jackets)
Raise hands and spread fingers
Keep hands visible at all times
Avoid quick movements toward officers, such as holding on to them for safety
Avoid pointing, screaming, or yelling

Do not stop to ask officers for help or direction when evacuating

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Incident Command and/or Law Enforcement.

The principal advises parents of the release of students to an alternate location when it is safe to do so.

Procedures for Preventing Acts of Bullying and Cyber-bullying

The Board of Education recognizes the harmful effects of bullying on student learning and school attendance and desires to provide a safe school environment that protects students from physical and emotional harm. District employees shall establish student safety as a high priority and shall not tolerate bullying of any student. No individual or group shall, through physical, written, verbal, or other means, harass, sexually harass, threaten, intimidate, retaliate, cyberbully, cause bodily injury to, or commit hate violence against any student or school personnel. Students may submit a verbal or written complaint of conduct they consider to be bullying to a teacher or administrator and may also request that their name be kept in confidence. The Superintendent or designee may establish other processes for students to submit anonymous reports of bullying, including the use of the StopIT app. Complaints of bullying or harassment shall be investigated and resolved in accordance with site level grievance procedures specified in law and practice. When a student is suspected of or is reported to be using electronic or digital communications to engage in cyberbullying against other students or staff or to threaten district property, the investigation shall include documentation of the activity, identification of the source, and a determination of its impact.

Students are encouraged to save and print any messages sent to them that they feel constitute cyberbullying and to notify a teacher, the principal, or other employee so that the matter may be investigated. Any student who engages in cyberbullying using district-owned equipment, on school premises, or off-campus in a manner that impacts a school activity or school attendance will be subject to discipline in accordance with district policies and regulations. If the student is using a social-networking site or service that has terms of use that prohibit posting of harmful material, the Superintendent or designee may file a complaint with the Internet site or service to have the material removed. For a copy of the district's anti-discrimination, anti-harassment, anti-intimidation, and anti-bullying policies or to report incidences of bullying please contact the district office. These policies shall be posted in schools and offices.

Opioid Prevention and Life-Saving Response Procedures

Purpose & Scope

This plan provides a structured approach for opioid prevention, response, and intervention in accordance with California Education Code § 49414.3 and § 49423.1, California Department of Education recommendations, and Board Policy 5141.21 and Administrative Regulation 5141.21, this plan is designed to protect students, staff, and visitors by addressing opioid-related risks and ensuring prompt life-saving responses in school environments and includes:

Prevention Strategies

Education & Awareness

- Implement evidence-based opioid prevention curricula in health education classes.
- Conduct annual training for students, staff, and parents on opioid risks, including fentanyl dangers.
- Display information and resources about opioid dangers and available support services.

Partnerships & Community Engagement

- Collaborate with local health departments, law enforcement, and community organizations to enhance prevention efforts.
- Provide parent workshops on substance abuse prevention and intervention strategies.
- Engage peer support groups for at-risk students.

Life-Saving Response Procedures

Emergency Protocols for Suspected Overdose

Recognize Symptoms – Signs of opioid overdose include slow or no breathing, blue lips/nails, unresponsiveness, and pinpoint pupils.

Call 9-1-1 Immediately – Report a suspected overdose and follow dispatcher instructions.

Administer Naloxone (Narcan) – If available, trained staff should administer intranasal naloxone following CDE guidelines.

Perform Rescue Breathing/CPR – If the individual is not breathing, initiate rescue breathing or CPR as needed.

Monitor & Support – Stay with the individual, monitoring for responsiveness and signs of improvement.

Inform Parents/Guardians – Contact the student's emergency contacts as per school policy.

Incident Reporting – Document the response in accordance with district and CDE policies.

Naloxone (Narcan) Availability & Training

Schools will stock naloxone kits in designated areas (e.g., nurse's office, front office, security stations).

Staff training (including school nurses, administrators, and volunteers) on naloxone administration will be conducted annually.

Good Samaritan protections apply to staff administering naloxone in good faith.

Post-Incident Follow-Up & Student Support

Provide counseling and substance use intervention for affected students.

Refer students to community treatment programs as needed.

Conduct a debriefing with staff and responders to assess response effectiveness and identify areas for improvement.

Offer re-entry planning and support for students returning to school after substance use treatment.

Staff Roles & Responsibilities

School Nurses & Health Personnel: Primary responders, oversee naloxone administration and training.

Administrators: Ensure compliance with state laws and facilitate staff training.

Teachers & Staff: Recognize signs of opioid use/overdose and follow emergency protocols.

Communication & Reporting

Maintain confidentiality while ensuring appropriate notifications.

Submit incident reports per school district and state requirements.

Notify local health agencies for additional support and monitoring trends in opioid use.

Review & Continuous Improvement

Conduct annual policy reviews to ensure alignment with updated laws and best practices.

Perform annual training for opioid overdose response.

Gather feedback from staff, students, and community partners to refine strategies.

Response Procedures for Dangerous, Violent, or Unlawful Activities

SB 906 (California Senate Bill 906, 2022) requires school officials to immediately report any homicidal threats or perceived credible threats of mass violence on school grounds to law enforcement.

Key Obligations for School Sites:

Mandatory Reporting – School staff must report threats of mass violence (such as shootings or attacks) to law enforcement or school safety teams.

Threat Assessment Protocols – Schools must conduct assessments to evaluate the credibility and severity of threats.

Parental Notification – If a student is involved, parents or guardians must be notified as appropriate, following school and legal guidelines.

Coordination with Law Enforcement – Schools must collaborate with law enforcement agencies to determine appropriate safety measures and responses.

Firearm Access Review – If a credible threat is identified, law enforcement may investigate whether the individual has access to firearms.

The law aims to enhance early intervention and prevention of school violence while ensuring that threats are handled responsibly to protect students and staff.

Instructional Continuity Plan

Santa Rosa City Schools

Introduction and Purpose of the Instructional Continuity Plan (ICP)

Information about the Instructional Continuity Plan (ICP) requirements, revision and adoption dates.

This Instructional Continuity Plan (ICP) was last revised on December 22, 2025 and adopted by Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts on February 25, 2026 to ensure all students have access to instruction during a natural disaster or emergency, as mandated by Senate Bill 153, Chapter 38, Statutes of 2024 (SB 153), which adds a provision to California Education Code (EC) Section 32282.

This ICP will be included in the LEA's Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP) by July 1, 2025. Inclusion of this ICP in the CSSP will be required to obtain approval of a Form J-13A waiver request beginning in fiscal year 2026-27. This plan is intended to minimize disruptions to instruction and provide support for pupils' social-emotional, mental health, and academic needs.

Purpose & Scope

This plan establishes procedures to ensure the continuity of instruction, student support services, and essential school operations in the event of an emergency, natural disaster, public health crisis, or other significant disruptions. It is developed in accordance with California Education Code (CEC) §§ 32280-32289, which mandate school safety and crisis response planning, and CDE emergency preparedness guidelines.

Emergency Operations & Decision-Making

a. Incident Command Structure (ICS)

The school shall implement the Incident Command for coordinated emergency response. Roles include:

Incident Commander – Principal or designated administrator.

Operations Chief – Oversees immediate response actions.

Logistics Chief – Manages supplies, facilities, and technology.

Planning Chief – Evaluates response effectiveness and continuity strategies.

Finance/Admin Chief – Tracks costs, payroll, and emergency funding.

b. Decision-Making Authority

The Superintendent or designee has final authority on school closures and emergency declarations.

Decisions align with CDE, local health departments, and emergency management agencies.

Instructional Continuity

a. Short-Term Disruptions (1-5 Days)

Teachers will use asynchronous learning via district-approved learning management systems (e.g., Google Classroom, Canvas).

Assignments will be provided through take-home packets if technology access is limited.

b. Long-Term Disruptions (More than 5 Days)

Schools will transition to distance learning per CEC § 43500-43511 (Independent Study regulations).

Special education services will be provided per Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) via telehealth or alternative methods.

The district will ensure equitable technology access, including device distribution and internet access support.

Student & Staff Support Services

Mental Health & Counseling: Schools will maintain access to mental health services through counselors, social workers, and telehealth services.

Food & Nutrition Services: Meal distribution plans will align with CEC § 49550, ensuring students receive meals during closures.

Childcare & Supervision: Schools will coordinate with local agencies to provide emergency childcare for essential workers.

Communication Plan

Schools will maintain multiple communication channels (phone, email, website, SMS alerts, social media).

Emergency notifications will comply with CEC § 32282, ensuring timely parent and community updates.

Language access will be provided in accordance with CEC § 48985, ensuring communication in families' primary languages.

Recovery & Reopening

Schools will assess facility safety, staff readiness, and student needs before reopening.

A phased return plan will be implemented in coordination with public health and emergency management officials.

The district will apply for emergency funding assistance (FEMA, CDE grants) as needed.

Plan Review & Training

The Continuity Plan will be reviewed annually in compliance with CEC § 32286.

Staff will receive annual training on emergency roles, distance learning, and student support procedures.

Schools will conduct emergency drills per CEC § 35297 for preparedness.

Engagement with Pupils and Families

Protocol for Engagement

Protocol for engagement with pupils and their families.

As required, Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts will engage with pupils and their families as soon as practicable, but **no later than five calendar days** following an emergency.

Methods of Two-Way Communication

Methods for two-way engagement.

The protocol for engagement with pupils and their families is designed to establish two-way communication. Current existing methods include:

- › Short messaging service (SMS)
- › Phone Calls
- › Email
- › School Portal
- Social Media
- Flyers

Plans for Unforeseen Events

Plans to address unforeseen events such as power outages and damage to infrastructure and how they may impact methods for two-way communication.

The district will establish two-way communication with all pupils and families via ParentSquare, SMS, Email. SRCS will also partner with KBBF Radio and the Press Democrat as needed for communication.

Support for Unique Needs

Plans designed to identify and provide support for pupils’ social-emotional, mental health, and academic needs.

Access to Instruction

Timeline for Access to Instruction

Timeline for access to instruction no more than 10 instructional days following the emergency.

As required, Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts will provide access to in-person or remote instruction as soon as practicable, but **no more than 10 instructional days** following the emergency.

Conditions for Resuming Access to In-Person Instruction

Conditions under which in-person instruction will resume and any alternative sites or arrangements considering various aspects of recovery.

Outlined below are conditions under which in-person instruction will resume and any alternative sites or arrangements considering various aspects of recovery, including:

- Evacuation orders lifted
- Power and utilities functioning
- Healthy air quality
- Access to safe and clean water
- Campus free from debris and hazards
- Internet fiber lines connected and functioning
- Sufficient staff available
- Kitchens operational for meals

Remote Instruction

Plans for remote instruction.

As required, Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts remote instruction will align with EC sections 51747 and 51749.5, governing Independent Study instruction modalities. Remote instruction will be designed to meet instructional standards that are, at minimum, equivalent to those applicable in independent study programs.

Access to Instructional Materials

Methods for distributing digital and non-digital materials.

As required, remote instruction offered will align with expectations of access and equity.

Access to Schoolwork

Platforms and processes for accessing and submitting schoolwork.

As required, remote instruction offered will align with expectations of access and equity.

Temporary Reassignment

Procedures and agreements for temporary reassignment with neighboring LEAs.

Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts provides support to pupils and families to enroll in or be temporarily reassigned to another site, school district, county office of education, or charter school if an emergency or natural disaster disrupts in-person learning:

Instructional Continuity

Communication Protocols

Communication protocols for families, students, staff and faculty, including how information will be made available and with what frequency including methods and timelines.

Within five (5) calendar days of a disruption, the site will establish two-way communication with all pupils and families via [Insert platforms: e.g., ParentSquare, SMS, Email]. This outreach will include a wellness check to identify social-emotional, mental health, and academic support needs.

Technological Readiness

Technology readiness for educators and students to support a pivot from in-person to remote learning through independent study including early access to independent study program written agreements, online access to assignments and academic resources, assignment of devices, online instructional platform and access to internet and devices.

Remote instruction will be delivered primarily through an Independent Study model.

Instruction and Assessment

Prioritization of essential learning, making standards-aligned learning objectives, methods for monitoring progress and additional support whenever possible, including tutoring, check-ins, virtual office hours or other methods.

Digital Access: Use of a Learning Management System (e.g., Canvas, Google Classroom) and a plan for distributing devices/hotspots.

Asynchronous Tracking: Procedures for documenting student participation via computer-based instructional platforms, as SB 153 now allows "time value" to be counted for ADA based on asynchronous engagement.

Tiered Re-engagement: A protocol for reaching out to students who do not engage within the first 2-3 days of the remote shift.

Access (Equity, Accessibility, and Inclusion)

Equity, Accessibility, and Inclusion

How all students, including those with disabilities, those experiencing homelessness, foster youth, or English learner (EL) students will continue to have equal access to instructional resources.

All remote learning will meet the instructional standards equivalent to those applicable in the District's independent study program, including the provision of digital or non-digital materials, specialized support for students with IEPs/504s, and designated ELD support for Multilingual Learners. Additional support will consider the needs of students in foster care or those experiencing homelessness.

Individualized Education Plans (IEP)

How will IEPs continue to be provided and maintained.

Instructional continuity for students with exceptional needs will be provided as outlined in the emergency conditions section of each student's Individualized Education Program (IEP), ensuring that specialized academic instruction and related services are maintained to the greatest extent possible during the disruption.

English Learners (EL)

How will EL students continue to be supported in alignment with the California English Learner Roadmap Policy.

Professional Learning

Professional learning opportunities and resources utilized to if the need to pivot to remote instruction and assessment arises.

Well-Being and Support Services

How the LEA will provide access to physical and mental health professionals, including those who speak languages other than English.

The school shall provide continuous access to mental health supports and physical wellness resources during an emergency disruption, including virtual counseling sessions and social-emotional check-ins.

Plans to provide access back-up, water and medicines in the event of an emergency.

The LEA will coordinate with community partners and services to support access to water and medicines in the event of an emergency.

Plans to ensure continuity of other support services, including special education, counseling, after-school programs, and access to kitchens and food services, adapting these services to the online or hybrid environment when necessary.

To ensure equitable access, all health-related communications, psychological first aid, and instructional recovery materials will be provided in the student's primary language, utilizing bilingual staff or telephonic interpretation services to support families with limited English proficiency.

Site-Based Collaboration

How administrators, faculty, information technology staff, students, and parents will collaborate in the development and implementation of this ICP.

This Instructional Continuity Plan will be reviewed and updated in collaboration with the School Site Council, Safety Committee and ELAC, gathering community feedback and lessons learned.

Return to Site-Based Learning

Conditions that must be met prior to returning from disruption including reopening sites.

Per EC 46393 and SB 114, a school is required to reopen for in-person instruction as soon as possible unless specifically prohibited by:

Official Direction: An order from a local or state health officer (in the case of public health emergencies).

Safety Certification: For natural disasters (fire, flood, earthquake), the site must be cleared by relevant authorities (Fire Marshal, structural engineers, or Public Works) to ensure the physical environment is safe for occupancy.

Integration with Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP)

Integration of this Instructional Continuity Plan (ICP) into Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts's Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP).

This Instructional Continuity Plan (ICP) will be included as an integral component of Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts's Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP) by July 1, 2025, as required by SB 153. The information in this ICP will be considered in relation to other aspects of the existing safety plan. A locally-adopted CSSP must include this ICP to obtain approval of a Form J-13A waiver request beginning in fiscal year 2026-27.

Review and Updates of this Instructional Continuity Plan (ICP)

Frequency of review and update of this ICP.

This Instructional Continuity Plan will be reviewed and updated in collaboration with Educational Partners, considering feedback and lessons learned on the following basis:

The Instructional Continuity Plan will be reviewed and updated annually as a part of the adoption of the Comprehensive School Safety Plan.

Procedures for Immigration Enforcement Notification

Confirmation Protocol

Detail the specific process and designated staff member (e.g., principal, superintendent) responsible for confirming the presence of immigration enforcement on the schoolsite, which triggers the notification requirement.

Santa Rosa City Schools complies with California Education Code §234.7, as amended by the Safe Haven Schools Act (AB 49, 2025). We uphold every student's right to a free public education regardless of immigration status and establishes procedures to:

- Protect the privacy and confidentiality of students and families.
- Regulate access to school sites by immigration enforcement authorities.
- Safeguard educational records in accordance with FERPA (34 C.F.R. §99.31(a)(9)(ii)).

In addition, we will implement clear communication protocols, provide staff training, and conduct annual reviews to maintain compliance with state law and the Attorney General's model policies. We will incorporate this board policy and its accompanying administrative regulation 5145.13 into all Comprehensive School Safety Plans (CSSPs) by March 26, 2026, and maintain it in effect until January 1, 2031.

Required Notification Recipients

The procedures must ensure notification is issued to the following groups:

- Parents and guardians of pupils
- Teachers
- Administrators
- School personnel

The Superintendent or designee shall notify parents/guardians regarding their children's right to a free public education regardless of immigration status or religious beliefs and their rights related to immigration enforcement. (Education Code 234.7)

Notification Timing

Specify the timeline for issuing notification following confirmation, ensuring it aligns with safety goals and minimizes panic.

Upon confirming the presence of federal immigration enforcement on or near the school site, the Principal or designee shall:

Notification: Within 60-90 minutes, notify all teachers, staff, parents, and guardians via the school's emergency alert system, Parent Square.

The notification will include:

The date and time the enforcement was confirmed.

The specific location of the enforcement activity.

Safety and Well-being Standard

The content and timing of the notification shall consider the safety and well-being of the pupils, employees, and community members of the schoolsite.

To ensure that families have access to the support and resources they need, the SRCS Safe Haven manual includes not only the full resolution to support families, but it also outlines how we will address concerns as well as essential resources for parents. Our goal is to empower families with knowledge and tools, reinforcing that they are not alone and that we stand beside them every step of the way. We firmly believe that every student and family deserves to learn, grow, and thrive without fear.

Privacy Constraint

The notification shall not include any personally identifiable information.

Privacy Protections: The notification shall not include personally identifiable information of any student or staff member.

Notification Methods

Specify the secure methods used for two-way communication to reach the required recipients, such as mass communication systems, email, or school portals, and detail how these methods are maintained.

All teachers, staff, parents, and guardians will be notified via the school's emergency alert system, Parent Square.

Resource Provision (Optional but Encouraged)

The notification may include a hyperlink to additional resources for families regarding:

- Educational rights
- State laws that protect parents' and students' privacy and confidentiality
- Counseling or support services (including services that support families impacted by immigration enforcement and model policies adopted by the LEA).

A hyperlink to the district's "Safe Haven" policy and resources will be shared with SRCS community and families.

Annual Evaluation

This plan will be evaluated and amended, as needed, by the school safety planning committee, but shall be evaluated at least once a year.

This plan will be evaluated and amended, as needed, by the school safety planning committee, but shall be evaluated at least once a year.

Public Availability

An updated file of all safety-related plans and materials shall be readily available for inspection by the public.

An updated file of all safety-related plans and materials shall be readily available for inspection by the public.

State Guidance

Compliance with this plan should align with the checklist for developing a comprehensive school safety plan, which the Department of Education is required to maintain and conspicuously post on its internet website

Compliance with this plan aligns with the checklist for developing a comprehensive school safety plan, which the Department of Education is required to maintain and conspicuously post on its internet website.

Procedures Regarding Pupil Smartphone Use During Emergencies

During the 25-26 school year, the board implemented a revised BP 5131.8 addressing student cell phone use while at school per AB 962.

Mandatory Policy Adoption and Review Requirements

The date the policy was adopted/last updated, a summary of the policy's goal, and documentation of stakeholder involvement.

Between January 2025 and January 2026, 2 student surveys have invited student input on the impact of cell phones in school and policy development. An equivalent survey has been shared with staff, to invite their engagement as well. Two high schools implemented a pilot program, and the outcome of their pilots helped inform the board on their development of new board policy.

Non-Prohibitable Circumstances for Pupil Smartphone Use

Confirm procedures for recognizing and respecting these exceptions:

1. When a teacher or administrator grants permission, subject to any reasonable limitation imposed by that teacher or administrator.
2. When a licensed physician and surgeon determines that the possession or use of a smartphone is necessary for the health or well-being of the pupil.
3. When the possession or use of a smartphone is required in a pupil's individualized education program (IEP).

With the new board policy, a student shall not be prohibited from possessing or using a mobile communication device under any of the following circumstances: (Education Code 48901.5, 48901.7)

In the case of an emergency, or in response to a perceived threat of danger

When a teacher or administrator grants permission to the student to possess or use a mobile communication device, subject to any reasonable limitation imposed by that teacher or administrator

When a licensed physician or surgeon determines that the possession or use is necessary for the student's health and well-being

When the possession or use is required by the student's individualized education program

Safety Plan Review, Evaluation and Amendment Procedures

Review and Evaluation:

- The CSSP must be evaluated and amended as needed and at least once each year, to ensure the plan is properly implemented.
- The School Site Council (SSC) or safety planning committee is responsible for regularly reviewing the plan. This process should include conducting regular safety/security site assessments.
- The SSC/Planning Committee must annually consult with a representative from a law enforcement agency, a fire department, and other first responders when updating the CSSP.

Amendment, Adoption, and Approval Timeline:

- Each school must review, update, and adopt its CSSP by March 1 every year.
- Before adopting the plan, the SSC/Planning Committee must present the school safety plan at a public meeting at the school site that allows for public opinions. The community should be notified of this public meeting through various modalities (email, blogs, marquee, etc.).
- Once adopted, the plan must be submitted to the school district or County Office of Education (COE) for approval.
- The CSSP, and any updates made to the plan during the year, must be shared with the law enforcement agency, the fire department, and other first responder entities.
- Each school district or COE must annually notify the CDE by October 15 of any schools that have not complied with the requirements.

Emergency Contact Numbers

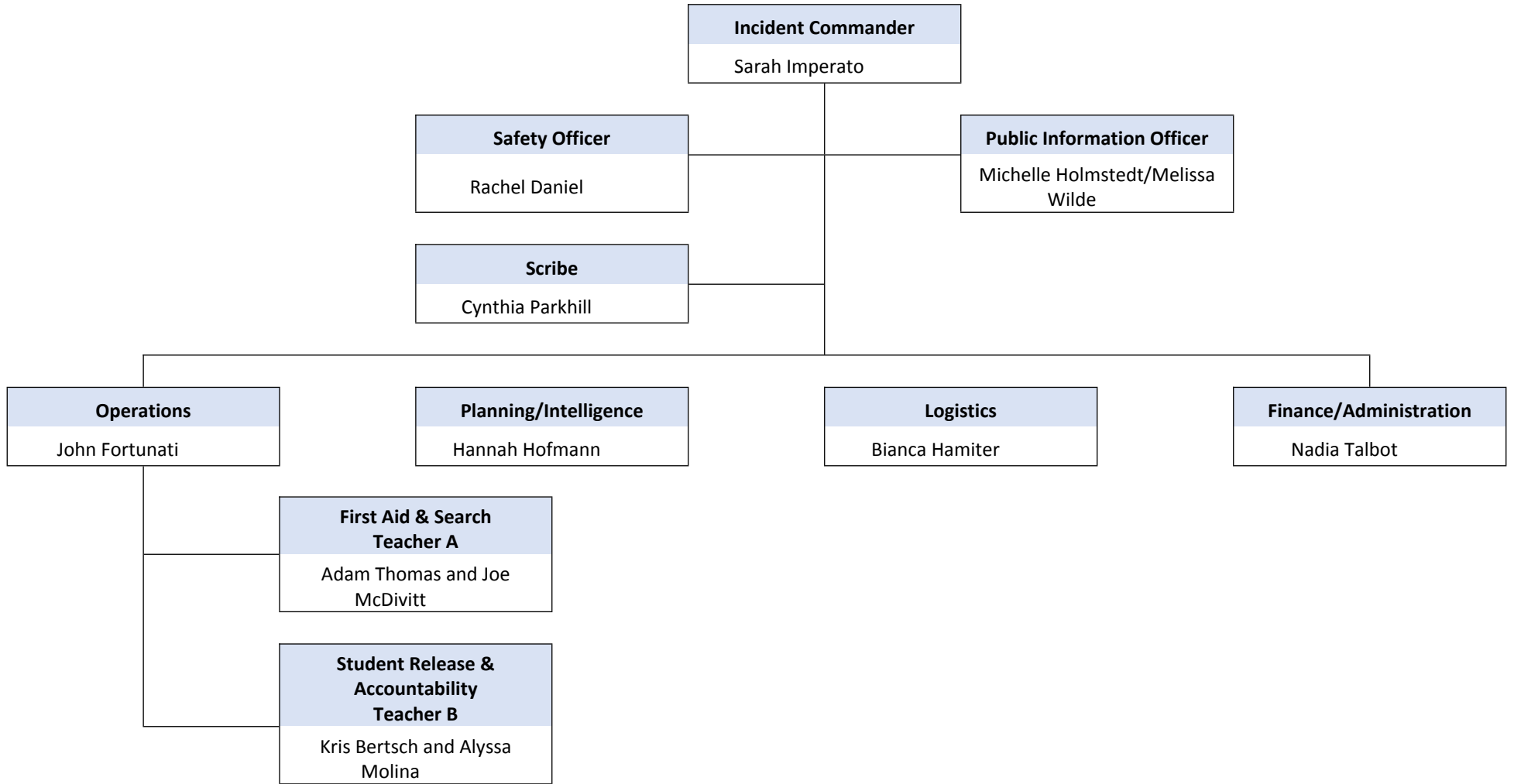
Utilities, Responders and Communication Resources

| Type | Vendor | Number | Comments |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Emergency Services | Fire and EMS Dispatch | 911 or 707-568-5933 | Emergency Redcom Dispatch |
| Law Enforcement/Fire/Paramedic | SR Fire Department | 911 or 707-543-3500 | Fire |
| Law Enforcement/Fire/Paramedic | SR Police Department | 911 or 707-543-3600 | Emergency |
| Law Enforcement/Fire/Paramedic | SR Police Non-Emergency Dispatch | 707-528-5222 | Non Emergency |
| School District | Office of the Superintendent | 707-890-3800 x 80105 | Lisa August, Interim |
| School District | SRCS Communications Public Information Officer | 707-890-3800 x 80305 | Patrick Gannon |
| Public Utilities | PG&E | 1-800-743-5002 | Electrical, Gas, Outages |
| Public Utilities | SR Utilities Dept. (Water | 707-543-4200 | Water |
| Other | Animal Control (Sonoma County) | 707-565-7100 | Animal Control |

Safety Plan Review, Evaluation and Amendment Procedures

| Activity Description (i.e. review steps, meetings conducted, approvals, etc) | Date and Time | Attached Document (description and location) |
|---|----------------------|--|
| Present Comprehensive School Safety Plan to the School Site Council and gather input. | | Signature required on Cover Page of CSSP |
| Present Comprehensive School Safety Plan to the School Site Council and gather input. | | Signature required on Cover Page of CSSP |
| Present Comprehensive School Safety Plan to the School Safety Committee and gather input. | | Signature required on Cover Page of CSSP |
| Train school staff on components and implementation of the CSSP annually | | |

Santa Rosa Charter School for the Arts Incident Command System



Incident Command Team Responsibilities

Standardized Emergency Response Management System Overview

The California Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS) is designed to centralize and coordinate emergency response through the use of standardized terminology and processes. This greatly facilitates the flow of information and resources among the agencies participating in response to an emergency. SEMS consists of five functions:

Our Comprehensive Site Safety Plans are written in the format of the Incident Command System. We must operationalize ICS with any person being able to do any job at any time. The Santa Rosa City Schools ICS is available within our "Safety--Comprehensive Framework" on the shared drive.

Management

During an emergency, the Incident Commander directs response actions from a designated Command Post. To effectively do this, the Incident Commander must constantly assess the situation, and develop and implement appropriate strategies. The Incident Commander must be familiar with the available resources, accurately document all response actions, and effectively communicate response strategies to others participating in the response. This function is typically filled by the school principal. The principal is assisted in carrying out this function by a Public Information & Liaison Officer and Safety Officer.

Planning & Intelligence

Planning and Intelligence involves the use of various methods to efficiently gather information, weigh and document the information for significance, and actively assess the status of the emergency. This understanding and knowledge about the situation at hand is vital to the effective management of a response. These activities are performed by a single person who reports directly to the Incident Commander.

Operations

All response actions are implemented under by Operations. This includes staff performing first aid, crisis intervention, search and rescue, site security, damage assessment, evacuations, and the release of students.

Logistics

Logistics supports the response by coordinating personnel; assembling and deploying volunteers; providing supplies, equipment, and services; and facilitating communications among emergency responders.

Finance & Administration

Finance & Administration involves the purchasing of all necessary materials, tracking financial records, timekeeping for emergency responders, and recovering school records following an emergency. These activities are performed by a single person who reports directly to the Incident Commander.

Emergency Response Guidelines

Step One: Identify the Type of Emergency

Refer to the Essential 5 Emergency Response Guidelines

Step Two: Identify the Level of Emergency

Initiate the Incident Command System relevant to the Emergency Response

Step Three: Determine the Immediate Response Action

Engage the Incident Command team appropriate to the situation

Step Four: Communicate the Appropriate Response Action

Communicate the Appropriate Response Action

Types of Emergencies & Specific Procedures

Aircraft Crash

Immediately engage the “Shelter in Place” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

1. If aircraft crashes on or near school buildings, or if an explosion erupts inside the school, teachers give the DUCK, COVER, AND HOLD command to protect children against blast and falling objects.
2. Teachers take immediate action to remove children from assembly areas and follow the evacuation procedures.
3. Staff performs necessary rescue measures to help injured or trapped students.
4. Call police and fire departments.
5. The principal ensures that students and staff are kept at a safe distance from aircraft in danger of possible explosion.
6. Do not enter any building or classroom, until authorized by the Principal, or designee and the fire department.
7. The principal advises parents of the release of students to an alternate location.

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command.

Animal Disturbance

Evaluate and consider engaging the “Shelter in Place” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Animal/Animal Disturbance

The first consideration is the safety of the pupils and personnel.

1. Isolate the pupils from the animal.
 - If an animal is outside, keep pupils inside.
 - If an animal is inside; keep pupils outside or in some other sheltered area.
 - Call the office to report.

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command.

Armed Assault on Campus

Immediately engage the “Lockdown” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Profile of an Active Shooter

An active shooter is an individual actively engaged in killing or attempting to kill people in a confined and populated area, typically through the use of firearms.

Characteristics of an Active Shooter situation

Victims are predominantly selected at random

The event is unpredictable and evolves quickly

Unless confronted, law enforcement is required to resolve the violent situation

Coping with an Active Shooter situation

Be aware of your environment and any possible dangers

Take notes of the two nearest exits in any facility/location you enter

If you are in an office and can't escape, stay there and secure/barricade the door

Attempt to take the Active Shooter down as a last resort

Active Shooter Procedures

Inside:

RUN...

- Know where the threat is and run away from it
- Know your escape routes
- Leave your belongings behind
- Take your cell phone
- Keep hands visible for responding Law Enforcement

HIDE...

- Call 911 for assistance if possible
- Lock and barricade door(s)
- Cover windows, close blinds, and curtains
- Tell students to be quiet and silence cell phones
- Stay low to the ground and hide away from windows
- Spread out (if possible)
- Be prepared to FIGHT

Call 911 and notify the District Superintendent/District Incident Command when it is safe to do so.

Information to provide to Law Enforcement or 911 Operator

- The specific location of the active shooter
- Number of Shooters
- Physical description of shooters
- Number and type of weapons held by shooters
- Number of potential victims at the location

FIGHT...

- As a last resort, and only when your life is in imminent danger
- If an intruder comes into the classroom, be prepared to fight
- Use a weapon (fire extinguisher, chair, books, etc.)
- Use your surroundings to create distractions: yelling, trip hazards, throwing items, turning off lights, putting furniture in front of the door

Outside:

- If shots are fired - immediately "Drop and cover."
- If it is safe, move away from the shooting

How to respond when Law Enforcement Arrives

- Remain calm and follow instructions
- Remove any items in your hands (i.e., cell phones, bags, jackets)
- Raise hands and spread fingers
- Keep hands visible at all times
- Avoid quick movements toward officers, such as holding on to them for safety
- Avoid pointing, screaming, or yelling
- Do not stop to ask officers for help or direction when evacuating

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Incident Command and/or Law Enforcement.

The principal advises parents of the release of students to an alternate location when it is safe to do so.

Biological or Chemical Release

Immediately engage the "Shelter in Place" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Biological or Chemical Release

1. Stay indoors, do not attempt to evacuate the building until instructed to evacuate.
2. Shut all doors and windows, and use duct tape (from Red Emergency bags) to seal off all seams on the doors and windows.
3. The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Incident Command and/or Law Enforcement.
4. The principal arranges for the evacuation of students and staff to a safe location if warranted.
5. The principal advises parents of the removal of students to an alternate location.
6. Students released to parents from alternate/safe locations.
7. All teachers have a RED emergency bag in their classroom that includes an updated annual emergency release and reunification information (teachers update from the Student Information System (SIS) assuring that children are released to parent/guardian approved individuals.)

Bomb Threat/ Threat Of violence

Immediately engage the "Secure the Campus" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Bomb Threat

If a threat by telephone comes directly to a school

1. The person receiving a call should attempt to keep the caller on the telephone as long as possible and alert someone else by a prearranged signal so they can get on an extension and notify the telephone company to trace the call.
* Dial "911" -- tell operator, 'This is (name of the caller) from [School Name] School. We are receiving a bomb threat on another line. The number of that line is (). Please trace the call.'
* Give any additional information needed by the operator. This must be done quickly. (The call cannot be traced once the caller has hung up.)
2. The principal/designee notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Incident Command and/or Law Enforcement.
3. Try to determine if the caller is a student or an adult. If it is a student, it may be easier to discover identity.
4. The principal shall determine whether to evacuate the building(s) threatened.
* Upon a decision to evacuate (principal and law enforcement), if one specific building has been threatened, it should be evacuated along with adjoining buildings and a search should be instituted by office staff.
* Avoid the use of the general alarm, if possible.
* Use the personal notification by designated persons or the PA system to evacuate the threatened rooms.
* If it is necessary to evacuate the entire school, use the fire alarm.
5. Students and staff will return to the buildings only when they have been cleared by Law Enforcement and the Principal or designee has authorized the reoccupation and return to classrooms upon hearing the ALL CLEAR through the PA system.
 1. The principal may also decide to call the fire department or police, if, in his/her opinion is warranted.
 2. The principal notifies parents of the situation.
 3. If students have been removed to an alternate/safe location for pick up.
 4. Resume school after the building(s) have been inspected and determined safe by proper authorities.
 5. Do not publicize the threat any more than necessary.
*A written threat should be turned over to the police department.
**Individual receiving the call should complete the Bomb Threat Report

Unsafe School Conditions

* If [School Name] School becomes unsafe, move students to a closest suitable alternate shelter.

Location: [list alternative location]

Bus Disaster

Immediately engage the appropriate emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

BUS DRIVERS/SCHOOL STAFF

Supervise the care of children if an emergency occurs while children are on the bus.

Issue DUCK, COVER AND HOLD command if an earthquake or surprise attack occurs while children are on a bus.

Transfer students to new locations, when directed by the principal.

The principal notifies parents.

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command.

Cardiac Arrest

In accordance with Education Code 32282 and AB 2887, [School Name] maintains procedures to respond to incidents involving an individual experiencing sudden cardiac arrest or a similar life-threatening medical emergency. These procedures integrate evidence-based core elements, including CPR training and AED placement, following nationally recognized emergency cardiac care guidelines.

Recognition: Recognize signs of SCA: unresponsive, not breathing normally (or gasping/gurgling), or seizure-like activity.

Activation: Immediately call 9-1-1. Provide the school address, specific room/location, and the patient's condition.

CPR: Begin immediate "Hands-Only" CPR (pushing hard and fast in the center of the chest) until the AED or EMS arrives.

Defibrillation: Retrieve the nearest AED. If the person is unresponsive and not breathing, turn on the AED and follow the voice prompts immediately.

Transition: Designate a staff member to meet EMS at the school entrance and lead them to the victim's location.

Training: The principal shall notify all staff annually of the location of all AED units on campus. AEDs are located at: [Insert specific locations, e.g., Front Office, Gym, Athletic Field]. AED training will also be given annually to staff.

Maintenance: AEDs shall be inspected at least every 90 days and after each use to ensure operability. A log of these inspections will be maintained by the school health technician and school nurse.

Athletics: The school shall collect and retain a signed "SCA Information and Acknowledgment Form" from every student-athlete and parent annually before participation. Coaches will be complete an SCA prevention training course every two years, including a return-to-play procedure.

Disorderly Conduct

Immediately engage the "Secure the Campus" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

A civil disturbance is an unauthorized assemblage on the school grounds with the potential to disrupt school activities; cause injury

to staff and students; and/or damage property.

Precautionary measures must be taken to keep school personnel and students from undue exposure to danger. Efforts should be made to remain calm, to avoid provoking aggression, and to keep students in their classrooms.

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Incident Command and/or Law Enforcement.

Inside School

STAFF ACTIONS:

Report disruptive circumstances to principal/site administrator.

Avoid arguing with the participant(s).

Have all students and staff leave the immediate area of disturbance.

Lock doors. Account for all students and remain in the classroom unless instructed otherwise by the principal or Law Enforcement.

Stay away from windows and exterior doors.

PRINCIPAL/DESIGNEE ACTIONS:

If the students are engaging in civil disobedience, keep the students confined to one room in the school building.

Set up a communication exchange with the students, staff, and principal. Try to restore order.

If unable to calm students and violent or uncontrolled behavior is probable, notify police of the situation and request assistance.

Send home with students for their parents/guardians a brief written description of the emergency, how it was handled, and, if appropriate, what steps are being taken in its aftermath.

Outside of School

PRINCIPAL/DESIGNEE ACTIONS:

Call 911.

Move any students who are outside the school building inside. If unable to do so, have students lie down and cover their heads.

Once students are in the school building, lock and secure all exterior doors, including restrooms. Have custodians remove trash containers and other burnable items from public access.

Cancel all outside activities.

Maintain an accurate record of events, conversations, and actions.

Assign staff members to assist as necessary.

STAFF ACTIONS:

Close and lock classroom doors. Close all curtains and blinds. Keep students away from windows and take precautions to protect them from flying glass in the event windows are broken.

Instruct students to DUCK, COVER AND HOLD, lie on the floor, and keep students calm.

Care for the injured, if any.

Remain with students within locked classrooms until ALL CLEAR is announced over the PA system, regardless of bells and the school schedule.

Earthquake

Immediately engage the "Drop, Cover and Hold On" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Before (Mitigation & Training)

Hazard Mitigation: The Superintendent or designee shall identify and minimize potential hazards, such as securing heavy furniture, removing heavy objects from high shelves, and ensuring all gas and utility shut-offs are clearly marked and staff are trained in their use.

Training Program: All certificated and classified staff shall receive annual training on the Earthquake Emergency Procedure System.

Drill Frequency: Drop procedures shall be practiced at least once per quarter in elementary schools and once per semester in secondary schools.

During (Immediate Action - Great ShakeOut)

When the ground begins to shake, or the "Great ShakeOut" signal is given, staff and students shall:

DROP: Get down on hands and knees to avoid being knocked down.

COVER: Take cover under a sturdy desk or table. If no table is nearby, move to an interior wall and away from windows or hanging objects.

HOLD ON: Hold onto the leg of the table or desk until the shaking stops. If it moves, move with it.

SILENCE: Students shall remain silent and await instructions from the teacher or administrator.

After (Evacuation & Assessment)

Wait: Do not evacuate until the shaking has completely stopped.

Assess: Teachers will perform a quick visual check for injuries and immediate hazards (e.g., gas smells, fires) before moving.

Evacuate: Using designated routes (considering students with disabilities), classes will move to their evacuation zone if safe.

Accountability: Teachers must carry their "Go Bag" and class roster. Once at the evacuation zone, they will report the status of all students to the Incident Commander using established communication protocols (e.g., Red/Green status cards).

3. Board Policy & Mass Care (BP 3516)

The school site shall grant the use of school buildings, grounds, and equipment to public agencies, including the American Red Cross, for mass care and welfare shelters during disasters or other emergencies affecting the public health and welfare.

Explosion or Risk Of Explosion

Immediately engage the "Drop, Cover and Hold On" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Explosion/Threat of Explosion

1. Personally execute Action DUCK, COVER AND HOLD upon the first indication of the explosion.
2. If the explosion occurred within the school buildings, immediately upon passage of the blast wave, initiate Action EVACUATION.

Threat of Explosion

1. Initiate Action EVACUATION.

Responsibility of Principal, Lead Teacher, or School Office Manager

Unsafe School Conditions

* If [name] School becomes unsafe, move students to the closest suitable alternate shelter.

Location: [Insert Location]

The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command.

The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Incident Command and/or Law Enforcement.

Fire in Surrounding Area

Immediately evaluate the situation and potentially engage the "Secure the Campus" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. If needed, engage the "Evacuate" emergency response from the Essential 5. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Each classroom and facility on the campus has a functioning fire extinguisher and a manual pull switch to activate the fire alarm. In addition, evacuation routes are posted by the exits in each classroom. For the protection of all occupants on campus in case of a fire, the following evacuation procedures have been established should there be a need to EVACUATE off-site.

1. The set alarm is distinctive and recognizable as a signal to evacuate. The evacuation alarm signal is continuous. The PA system can also be used to EVACUATE. EVACUATION - xx909 - signal is audible and consists of a pre-tone, voice message ENG/SPN (EVACUATE), post-tone sequence repeated 2 times, scrolling text until stopped in ENG/SPN (!!! Evacuate !!!), flashing lights go on.
2. Order a verbal evacuation if the fire alarm does not sound.
3. Notify emergency responders, Call 911.
4. Notify the Superintendent/ District Incident Command of the evacuation and location.
5. Stay calm and remain SILENT. If teachers and students are talking, directions and other information cannot be heard.
6. Everyone should clear the building immediately. WALK - Do not run.
7. Teachers will supervise egress from the classrooms into the designated Evacuation Areas according to the Emergency Evacuation Routes marked on the maps posted in every classroom and office. The teacher leaves the classroom last closing doors (not locked) and if safe windows.
8. If heavy smoke is present, crawl or stay near the floor for breathable air.
9. In the case of FIRE ONLY, close the doors upon evacuating.

If there is no need to evacuate the following procedures have been established.

Air Quality

1. Air Quality Index located on the SRCS District website will be used to determine if activities should be moved indoors.
2. The Principal will communicate to staff and students via the PA System when activities will remain indoors.
3. The Principal will communicate to parents that students are safe and due to the air quality activities will resume and remain indoors.
4. The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Incident Command. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Incident Command and/or Law Enforcement.

Fire on School Grounds

Immediately engage the "Evacuate" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Each classroom and facility on the campus has a functioning fire extinguisher and a manual pull switch to activate the fire alarm. In addition, evacuation routes are posted by the exits in each classroom. For the protection of all occupants on campus in case of a fire, the following evacuation procedures have been established should there be a need to EVACUATE off-site.

1. The set alarm is distinctive and recognizable as a signal to evacuate. The evacuation alarm signal is continuous. The PA system can also be used to EVACUATE. EVACUATION - xx909 - signal is audible and consists of a pre-tone, voice message ENG/SPN (EVACUATE), post-tone sequence repeated 2 times, scrolling text until stopped in ENG/SPN (!!! Evacuate !!!), flashing lights go on.
2. Order a verbal evacuation if the fire alarm does not sound.
3. Notify emergency responders, Call 911.
4. Notify the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director of the evacuation and location.
5. Stay calm and remain SILENT. If teachers and students are talking, directions and other information cannot be heard.
6. Everyone should clear the building immediately. WALK - Do not run.
7. Teachers will supervise egress from the classrooms into the designated Evacuation Areas according to the Emergency Evacuation Routes marked on the maps posted in every classroom and office. The teacher leaves the classroom last closing doors (not locked) and if safe windows.

8. If heavy smoke is present, crawl or stay near the floor for breathable air.
9. In the case of FIRE ONLY, close the doors upon evacuating.

If there is no need to evacuate the following procedures have been established.

Air Quality

1. Air Quality Index located on the SRCS District website will be used to determine if activities should be moved indoors.
2. The Principal will communicate to staff and students via the PA System when activities will remain indoors.
3. The Principal will communicate to parents that students are safe and due to the air quality activities will resume and remain indoors.
4. The principal notifies the Superintendent/ District Emergency Preparedness Director. The decision to evacuate students off-site depends on the situation and will be made by the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Emergency Preparedness Director and/or Law Enforcement.

Flooding

Immediately evaluate the situation and potentially engage the “Shelter in Place” emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. If needed, engage the “Evacuate” emergency response from the Essential 5. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

Flooding could threaten the safety of students and staff whenever stormwater or other sources of water threaten to inundate school grounds or buildings. Flooding may occur if a water pipe breaks or prolonged rainfall causes urban streams to rise. Flooding may also occur as a result of damage to water distribution systems such as drains. If weather-related, an alert message will be broadcast over the weather radio station. In the event of a flood, the following guidelines should be followed as much as possible:

Incident Commander

1. Determine if evacuation is required.
2. Notify the Superintendent/ District Incident Command of intent to evacuate, the location of the safe evacuation site, and the route to be taken to that site.
3. The decision to evacuate students off-site will be made by the Principal/Superintendent/and/or District Incident Command.
4. Instruct on the means by which students will be evacuated to a safer location. Other guidelines should be kept in mind if students are going to be transported by buses or cars.
5. Post a notice on the office door stating where the school has relocated and inform the relocation site to the Superintendent/ District Incident Command.
6. Monitor local radio and television stations for flood information.
7. Delegate a search team if students or staff have been determined to be missing.
9. Do not allow staff and students to return to the building until proper authorities have determined that it is safe to do so.

General Staff:

1. If warranted, evacuate students using an evacuation plan.
2. Stay calm and remain SILENT. If teachers and students are talking, directions and other information cannot be heard.
3. Teachers will supervise egress from the classrooms into the designated Evacuation Area according to the established Emergency Evacuation Routes marked on the maps posted in every classroom and office.
4. Teachers will take their roll books to the evacuation site, take roll, and complete an attendance report.
5. Teachers will submit a report and identify any missing student(s), Staff Buddies, or other Staff to the Evacuation Area Lead.
6. If students or staff have been determined to be missing, a search & rescue team will conduct their duties.
7. Follow the Student Request and Release Procedures if school dismissal is warranted by the Superintendent/ District Incident Command.

Students and staff will be notified if and when it is safe to return to the school site and/or building under the direction of emergency responders and in consultation with the Principal/Designee/Superintendent/District Incident Command. Do not return to the school

building until it has been inspected and determined safe by property authorities.

Loss or Failure Of Utilities

Notify the District Superintendent/District Incident Command.

During the School Day

If the loss of power is during school hours students will remain at school until the end of the school day. All after school activities and programs will be canceled.

Assess food preparation facilities

Estimate the number of persons requiring shelter and for what period of time

Assess the adequacy of available water, food, blankets, and other supplies

Control conservation of water

Establish a list of all persons on campus and determine any special needs.

Report additional equipment and supply needs to the District Emergency Operations Center (EOC)

Set up portable latrines as needed

Before the start of the School Day

If the loss of power is before the start of school hours, the Superintendent will make the decision to close schools.

The principal will send a message via the message system to the school community (parents and staff) in English and Spanish.

The SRCS District Office may also choose to send a message to the school community if multiple sites will be closed due to the loss or failure of utilities.

School closure and event cancellation is ultimately a school district-by school district decision based on local conditions.

Motor Vehicle Crash

A motor vehicle crash may result in a fuel or chemical spill on school property. If the crash results in a utility interruption, refer to the section on Utility Failure.

PRINCIPAL/DESIGNEE ACTIONS:

Notify the police and fire department (CALL 911).

Determine immediate response procedures, which may include EVACUATION or OFF-SITE EVACUATION which may include the use of busses or alternate transportation.

Arrange for first aid treatment and removal of injured occupants from the building.

Secure area to prevent unauthorized access until the public safety officials (police, sheriff, fire department) arrive.

Ensure that students and staff remain at a safe distance from the crash.

Account for all building occupants and determine the extent of injuries.

Notify the Superintendent/ District Incident Command.

The decision to relocate students will be made by Law Enforcement/Principal/Superintendent/District Incident Command.

Follow the Student Request and Release Procedures if school dismissal is warranted by the Office of the Superintendent/ District Incident Command.

The principal advises parents of the removal of students to an alternate location.

Students released to parents from alternate/safe location.

STAFF ACTIONS:

Notify Principal

Move students away from the immediate vicinity of the crash.

EVACUATE student to the evacuation assembly/safe area away from the crash. Take the class list and red emergency backpack.

Check the school site to assure that all student have evacuated.

Take attendance at the evacuation assembly area

Report missing students (pink form) to the principal/designee and emergency response personnel.

Maintain control of the students a safe distance from the crash site.

Care for the injured, if any.

Escort students back to the school site when emergency response officials have determined it is safe to return to the building.

(All teachers have a RED emergency bag in their classroom that includes an updated annual emergency release information (teachers update from the Student Information System (SIS) assuring that children are released to parent/guardian approved individuals.)

School closure and event cancellation is ultimately a school district-by school district decision based on local conditions.

Pandemic

The school site will cooperate with the Sonoma County Health Officer to implement measures for the prevention and control of communicable diseases, including but not limited to influenza and pandemic episodes. Measures will include components of:

- * Notification of students, families and the community;
- * Infection control with hygiene, cleaning, disinfection, and ventilation standards;
- * Social Distancing; and
- * Testing/Vaccination requirements if applicable.

Psychological Trauma

When a staff or student experiences Psychological Trauma, certain mental health symptoms may appear. Possible symptoms include the following: hallucinations, extreme paranoia, impaired judgment that may lead to unsafe decision-making and dangerous behavior (to self or others), incoherent or disjointed speech and self-injurious behavior such as: hitting the head, cutting self. Attempts should be made to use de-escalation strategies, calming techniques (e.g., deep breathing), and to implement behavior plans, crisis plans or strategies in IEP, if in place.

PRINCIPAL/DESIGNEE ACTIONS:

Keep the individual under continuous adult supervision.

Keep the individual on campus until the parent/guardian has been notified.

Arrange appropriate support services for the necessary care of the individual.

If the individual actively displays dangerous behavior or there is a reason to believe the student cannot be safely transported, call agencies as appropriate to coordinate emergency mental health services (e.g., mental health facilities, juvenile court, law enforcement).

School progression (psychologist, counselor, social worker, nurse) should recommend the next steps to the principal. The next steps may include:

Provide parents/guardian with the names and phone numbers of mental health resources

Recommend that the parents/guardian make an immediate contract with a therapist.

Request that the parents/guardian to sign release forms to allow two-way communication between the school and the treating agency.

Make a follow-up check with the treating agency, family and student as appropriate, to ensure that appropriate care has been arranged.

Provide follow-up collaborative support for the student and parents (as indicated) within the school.

Develop a safety plan prior to the student's return to school.

Document actions taken on behalf of the student (referrals, phone contacts, follow-up activities, etc.)

STAFF ACTIONS:

Take immediate action to isolate the individual and provide safety to the student body. Do not leave the irrational individual alone.

Notify principal/designee

Notify school nurse, school psychologist, counselor or social worker.

Protect the individual from injury.

Suspected Contamination of Food or Water

This procedure applies if there is evidence of tampering with food packaging, observation of suspicious individuals in the proximity of food or water supplies or suspicion of possible food/water contamination. Indicators of the contamination may include unusual odor, color and/or taste or multiple individuals with unexplained nausea, vomiting or other illness.

PRINCIPAL/DESIGNEE ACTIONS:

CALL 911

Isolate suspected contaminated food/water to prevent consumption. Restrict access to the area.

Maintain a log of affected students and staff and their systems, the food/water suspected to be contaminated, the quantity and character of products consumed and other pertinent information.

Provide a list of potentially affected students and staff to responding authorities.

Provide staff with information on possible poisonous materials in the building.

Notify District Superintendent/District Incident Command of situation and number of students and staff affected.

STAFF ACTIONS:

Notify principal/designee

CALL the POISON CENTER HOTLINE 1-800-222-1222.

Administer first aid as directed by the poison information center.

Seek additional medical attention as needed.

PREVENTATIVE MEASURES:

Keep poisonous materials in a locked and secure location.

Post the Poison Control Center emergency number in the front office, school health room (located in the main office) and on all phones that can call outside.

Post the names of building personnel who have special paramedic, first aid training or other special lifesaving or life-sustaining training.

Tactical Responses to Criminal Incidents

Immediately engage the "Lockdown" emergency response from Essential 5 and initiate the Incident Command System. When safe to do so, initiate the Emergency Communication Tree.

(e) (1) When a principal or his or her designee verifies through local law enforcement officials that a report has been filed of the occurrence of a violent crime on the school site of an elementary or secondary school at which he or she is the principal, the principal or the principal's designee may send to each pupil's parent or legal guardian and each school employee a written notice of the occurrence and general nature of the crime. If the principal or his or her designee chooses to send the written notice, the Legislature encourages the notice to be sent no later than the end of business on the second regular workday after the verification. If, at the time of verification, local law enforcement officials determine that notification of the violent crime would hinder an ongoing investigation, the notification authorized by this subdivision shall be made within a reasonable period of time, to be determined by the local law enforcement agency and the school district. For purposes of this section, an act that is considered a "violent crime" shall meet the definition of Section 67381 and be an act for which a pupil could or would be expelled pursuant to Section 48915.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall create any liability in a school district or its employees for complying with paragraph (1).

(f) (1) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), a school district or county office of education may, in consultation with law enforcement officials, elect to not have its school site council develop and write those portions of its comprehensive school safety plan that include tactical responses to criminal incidents that may result in death or serious bodily injury at the school site. The portions of a

school safety plan that include tactical responses to criminal incidents may be developed by administrators of the school district or county office of education in consultation with law enforcement officials and with a representative of an exclusive bargaining unit of employees of that school district or county office of education, if he or she chooses to participate. The school district or county office of education may elect not to disclose those portions of the comprehensive school safety plan that include tactical responses to criminal incidents.

(2) As used in this article, "tactical responses to criminal incidents" means steps taken to safeguard pupils and staff, to secure the affected school premises, and to apprehend the criminal perpetrator or perpetrators.

(3) Nothing in this subdivision precludes the governing board of a school district or county office of education from conferring in a closed session with law enforcement officials pursuant to Section 54957 of the Government Code to approve a tactical response plan developed in consultation with those officials pursuant to this subdivision. Any vote to approve the tactical response plan shall be announced in open session following the closed session.

(4) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to reduce or eliminate the requirements of Section 32282.

Notwithstanding the process described above, any portion of a comprehensive safety plan that includes tactical responses to criminal incidents that may result in death or serious bodily injury at the school site, including steps to be taken to safeguard students and staff, secure the affected school premises, and apprehend the criminal perpetrator(s), shall be developed by district administrators in accordance with Education Code 32281. In developing such strategies, district administrators shall consult with law enforcement officials and with a representative of an employee bargaining unit, if he/she chooses to participate.

When reviewing the tactical response plan, the Board may meet in closed session to confer with law enforcement officials, provided that any vote to approve the tactical response plan is announced in open session following the closed session. (Education Code 32281)

Note: "Lockdown," like "Drop, Cover, and Hold On" can be initiated by a teacher or employee in response to violent behavior, shots fired, or any other activity that threatens the safety of students and staff. When initiated by a teacher or employee, it is their responsibility to get a message to the school office about the nature of the incident, when it is safe to do so.

Unlawful Demonstration or Walkout

In California, student protests are protected under the First Amendment and California Education Code, ensuring students' rights to free speech and expression, but these rights are not absolute and can be limited if protests disrupt school operations or incite unlawful acts.

Per EdCode EDC § 48205, a student has the right to engage in a political protest:

(12)(A) For the purpose of a middle school or high school pupil engaging in a civic or political event, as provided in subparagraph (B), provided that the pupil notifies the school ahead of the absence.

(B)(i) A middle school or high school pupil who is absent pursuant to subparagraph (A) is required to be excused for only one schoolday-long absence per school year.

(ii) A middle school or high school pupil who is absent pursuant to subparagraph (A) may be permitted additional excused absences in the discretion of a school administrator, as described in subdivision (c) of Section 48260.

Administration will respond to student protest per Board Policy 5131.4.

Emergency Evacuation Map

ON SITE map with reunification local and with arrows showing movement of students

